UNITED STATE DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF RHODE ISLAND

STEPHEN DEL SESTO, AS RECEIVER AND			
ADMINISTRATOR OF THE ST. JOSEPH			
HEALTH SERVICES OF RHODE ISLAND			
RETIREMENT PLAN, ET AL.			
		:	
	Plaintiffs	:	
		:	
	V.	:	C.A. No:1:18-CV-00328-WES-LDA
PROSPECT	CHARTERCARE, LLC, ET AL.	:	
		:	
	Defendants.	:	

PLAINTIFFS' MOTION FOR PRELIMINARY SETTLEMENT APPROVAL, SETTLEMENT CLASS CERTIFICATION, APPOINTMENT OF CLASS COUNSEL, AND A FINDING OF GOOD FAITH SETTLEMENT

Plaintiffs, By their attorneys, Max Wistow, Esq. (#0330) Stephen P. Sheehan, Esq. (#4030) Benjamin Ledsham, Esq. (#7956) Wistow, Sheehan & Loveley, PC 61 Weybosset Street Providence, RI 02903 (401) 831-2700 (401) 272-9752 (fax) <u>mwistow@wistbar.com</u> <u>spsheehan@wistbar.com</u> <u>bledsham@wistbar.com</u>

October 25, 2023

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INTRODUCTION

Plaintiffs Stephen Del Sesto (the "Receiver") (as Receiver and Administrator of the St. Joseph Health Services of Rhode Island Retirement Plan (the "Plan"), and as Liquidating Receiver of St. Joseph Health Services of Rhode Island ("SJHSRI"), Roger Williams Hospital ("RWH"), and CharterCARE Community Board ("CCCB")), and Gail J. Major, Nancy Zompa, Ralph Bryden, Dorothy Willner, Caroll Short, Donna Boutelle, and Eugenia Levesque, individually as named plaintiffs (the "Individual Named Plaintiffs") and on behalf of all class members¹ as defined herein (collectively "Plaintiffs") submit this memorandum in support of their motion for preliminary approval of a class action settlement (the "Proposed Settlement") with Defendants Roman Catholic Bishop of Providence, a corporation sole, Diocesan Administration Corporation, and Diocesan Service Corporation (collectively the "Diocesan Defendants").

In addition to Plaintiffs and the Settling Defendants, the parties to the Proposed Settlement include Stephen F. Del Sesto, Esq. in his capacity as the Permanent Liquidating Receiver ("Liquidating Receiver") of CharterCARE Community Board ("CCCB"), St. Joseph Health Services of Rhode Island ("SJHSRI") and Roger Williams Hospital ("RWH") (SJHSRI and RWH being collectively referred to as the "Heritage Hospitals"), having been so appointed in the Rhode Island Superior Court matter captioned In re: CharterCare CharterCARE Community Board, St. Joseph Health Services of Rhode Island And Roger Williams Hospital (C.A. No. PC-2019-11756) (the "Liquidation Proceedings").

¹ Contingent upon the Court certifying the Settlement Class and appointing them Class Representatives.

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Plaintiffs seek judicial approval both because it is required for settlement of class actions under Rule 23(e) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, and because it is required by the Rhode Island statute specifically addressed to settlements involving the St. Joseph Health Services of Rhode Island Retirement Plan (the "Plan"), R.I. Gen.

Laws § 23-17.14-35 (the "Settlement Statute").

In support of this motion, Plaintiffs herewith file the Declaration of Benjamin

Ledsham dated October 25, 2023 ("Ledsham Dec.") and the exhibits attached thereto,

including the settlement agreement (the "Settlement Agreement").²

Plaintiffs also submit herewith the following affidavits and declaration, which were

initially filed in the Rhode Island Superior Court on September 22, 2023 in connection

with seeking the Rhode Island Superior Court's approval of the Proposed Settlement, as

exhibits to the Receiver's Petition for Settlement Instructions and Approval:

- The Affidavit of the Hon. Frank J. Williams, C.J. (Ret.), concerning the mediation and terms of the Proposed Settlement, and the fees to be awarded to the Receiver's Special Litigation Counsel under the Retainer Agreement approved by the Court;³
- The Affidavit of Arlene Violet, Esq., who represents over 285 Plan participants,⁴ in support of approval of the Proposed Settlement and the requested attorneys' fees of Special Litigation Counsel;⁵
- The Affidavit of Christopher Callaci, Esq., who in his capacity as General Counsel for United Nurses and Allied Professionals ("UNAP") represents the approximately 400 Plan participants who are members of UNAP, in

² Ledsham Dec. Exhibit 1 (Settlement Agreement).

³ Ledsham Dec. Exhibit 2 (Williams Affidavit).

⁴ Attorneys Violet, Kasle and Callaci were originally retained by certain Plan participants in connection with negotiations with the Receiver and advocacy in the Plan Receivership Proceedings concerning possible cuts in benefits. That is an issue in which Plaintiffs' Counsel has not been and will not be involved.

⁵ Ledsham Dec. Exhibit 3 (Violet Affidavit).

support of approval of the Proposed Settlement and the requested attorneys' fees of Special Litigation Counsel;⁶ and

• The Declaration of Jeffrey W. Kasle, Esq., who represents 247 Plan participants, in support of approval of the Proposed Settlement and the requested attorneys' fees of Special Litigation Counsel.⁷

If the Proposed Settlement is approved by the Court and the conditions⁸ and the prospective obligations of the parties to the settlement are satisfied, then the claims against the Diocesan Defendants will be dismissed. Plaintiffs will continue to assert claims against CCCB, SJHSRI, and RWH, to the extent of their assets in the Liquidations Proceedings. When the Liquidation Proceedings are concluded, the Receiver will notify the Court and ask that this case be dismissed in its entirety.

TRAVEL OF THE CASE AND THE PROPOSED SETTLEMENT

I. Prior to Commencement of Suit

The Plan is a defined benefit plan established by Defendant St. Joseph Health Services of Rhode Island ("SJHSRI") with 2,761 participants.⁹ In August 2017, Defendant SJHSRI petitioned ("the "Receivership Petition") the Rhode Island Superior Court to place the Plan into receivership, in the case captioned <u>St. Joseph Health</u> <u>Services of Rhode Island, Inc. v. St. Josephs Health Services of Rhode Island</u> Retirement Plan, as amended, PC-2017-3856 (the "Plan Receivership Proceedings").¹⁰

⁶ Ledsham Dec. Exhibit 4 (Callaci Affidavit).

⁷ Ledsham Dec. Exhibit 5 (Kasle Declaration)

⁸ The conditions to the settlement are discussed below at 25–26.

⁹ Ledsham Dec. ¶ 6.

¹⁰ Ledsham Dec. ¶ 7.

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The Receivership Petition alleged that the Plan was insolvent and requested an immediate reduction of 40% in benefits under the Plan.¹¹ Attorney Stephen Del Sesto was appointed Receiver of the Plan by the Superior Court.¹² He thereafter obtained permission from the Superior Court to retain Wistow, Sheehan & Loveley, PC ("WSL") as his "Special Litigation Counsel" to investigate and assert possible claims that may benefit the Plan, pursuant to Special Counsel's retainer agreement which was approved by the Superior Court prior to its execution.¹³ The Order granting the Receiver's petition to retain WSL stated in pertinent part:

That for the reasons stated in the Receiver's Petition and in accordance with the terms of the Engagement, attached to the Petition as Exhibit A and incorporated herein by reference, the Receiver is hereby authorized to retain the law firm of Wistow Sheehan & Love[e]ly PC ("WSL") to act as the Receivership Estate's special litigation counsel for the purposes more specifically set forth in the Petition and the Engagement^[14]

The Engagement ("WSL's Retainer Agreement") sets forth the fee agreement and

provides that "[i]f suit is brought, the [Plan] Receiver agrees to pay as legal fees twenty-

three and one-third percent (23 1/3%) of the gross of any amount thereafter recovered

by way of suit, compromise, settlement, or otherwise."15

On October 27, 2018, the Court appointed the Attorney Del Sesto as Permanent

Receiver of the Plan.¹⁶

¹¹ Ledsham Dec. ¶ 8, ECF # 207-7 (Petition for Receivership, without exhibits for purposes of brevity) at 7.

¹² Ledsham Dec. ¶ 9; ECF ## 207-8 & 207-9 (Orders appointing Attorney Stephen Del Sesto as Temporary and subsequently Permanent Receiver).

¹³ Ledsham Dec. ¶ 10; ECF # 207-10 (Order authorizing Receiver to retain WSL as Special Counsel).

¹⁴ Ledsham Dec. ¶ 11; ECF # 207-11 (Order granting emergency petition).

¹⁵ Ledsham Dec. ¶ 12; ECF # 207-12 (WSL Retainer Agreement).

¹⁶ Ledsham Dec. ¶ 9; ECF # 207-9 (Order Appointing Permanent Receiver of the Plan).

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With the approval of the Receiver, WSL was also retained by seven individual Plan participants, Gail J. Major, Nancy Zompa, Ralph Bryden, Dorothy Willner, Caroll Short, Donna Boutelle, and Eugenia Levesque (the aforementioned Individual Named Plaintiffs) to investigate and assert claims on their behalf.¹⁷ The Individual Named Plaintiffs agreed to act on their own behalf and on behalf of the other Plan participants in a class action (the "Class Action").¹⁸ Each of the Individual Named Plaintiffs entered into a separate retainer agreement with WSL which stated in pertinent part as follows:

WSL believes that the Receiver has standing to bring all necessary claims to protect participants and participants' beneficiaries. However, it is expected that there may be issues raised as to whether or not participants and participants' beneficiaries have the standing as to certain claims. To mitigate that potential issue, WSL is proposing to join class action claims along with the claims of the Receiver. You will be one of several persons represented by WSL named with regard to the class action claims.^[19]

In other words, because the damages in the case concerned underfunding of the Plan and the remedy sought was payment into the Plan, it was believed that the Receiver was the proper and sufficient party to assert all claims. The Individual Named Plaintiffs and the putative class were included notwithstanding that they would receive no recovery apart from the benefit they derive from the increase to the assets of the Plan, to moot any argument to the contrary.²⁰

¹⁷ Ledsham Dec. ¶ 13.

¹⁸ Ledsham Dec. ¶ 13.

¹⁹ Ledsham Dec. ¶ 14; ECF ## 207-13 through 207-19 (WSL Retainer Agreements with the seven Individual Named Plaintiffs).

²⁰ Ledsham Dec. ¶ 15.

II. Commencement of Suit and Subsequent Proceedings

The Complaints in both this case and in the Rhode Island Superior Court (the "State Court Action") were filed on June 18, 2018.²¹ Plaintiffs' First Amended Complaint was filed in this case on October 5, 2018.²² That Complaint consists of 165 pages and 558 numbered paragraphs.²³

These Complaints were filed by WSL on behalf of the Receiver, the Individual Named Plaintiffs, and the proposed class consisting of the Plan participants.

The complaint in the State Court Action did not include federal law claims and stated that suit "was brought solely for the purposes of protecting Plaintiffs from the possible expiration of any time limitations during the pendency of the proceedings in the Federal Action, should the Federal Court for any reason decline to exercise supplemental jurisdiction over those state law claims."²⁴ Pursuant to the parties' stipulation, that action was stayed pending the adjudication of this case in the United States District Court.

The Receiver subsequently entered into three settlement agreements, in August of 2018, September of 2018, and December 30, 2020, respectively, all three of which were subject to the approval of the Court and the Rhode Island Superior Court.²⁵

²¹ ECF # 1 (original Complaint); ECF # 65-7 (Rhode Island Superior Court Complaint).

²² ECF # 60 (Plaintiffs' First Amended Complaint).

²³ ECF # 60 (Plaintiffs' First Amended Complaint).

²⁴ ECF # 65-7 (Rhode Island Superior Court Complaint) ¶ 51.

²⁵ Ledsham Dec. ¶ 18.

The first settlement ("Settlement A")²⁶ was of the Plaintiffs' claims against

CharterCARE Community Board ("CCCB"), SJHSRI, and Roger Williams Hospital

("RWH"), and involved an initial gross cash recovery of \$12,681,202.91 and certain

additional transfers, commitments and stipulations, which were intended to position the

Receiver for additional recoveries on behalf of the Plan, which included the following:

- CCCB's percentage interest (initially 15%) in Prospect Chartercare, LLC²⁷ and CCCB's claims against Prospect (which were collectively identified as "CCCB's Hospital Interests") would be held by CCCB in trust for the Receiver;
- CCCB's membership interest in Defendant Chartercare Foundation ("CCF") was assigned to the Receiver to further support the Receiver's claim against CCF;²⁸
- SJHSRI, CCCB and RWH stipulated to liability at least for breach of contract and to damages of \$125 million; and
- SJHSRI, RWH and CCCB committed to file petitions for liquidation in the Rhode Island Superior Court with the Receiver as the sole secured creditor with priority to all of their assets up to the amount of the unpaid balance of the \$125 million.^[29]

As discussed below, SJHSRI, RWH and CCCB thereafter filed petitions for

liquidation. The court in the liquidation proceedings has ordered Bank of America as

trustee under certain perpetual trusts for which SJHSRI and/or RWH are beneficiaries to

pay to the Receiver in the future any distributions which would otherwise be paid to

SJHSRI and/or RWH.30

²⁶ Ledsham Dec. ¶ 19; ECF # 207-20 (Settlement A Settlement Agreement, without exhibits for the sake of brevity).

²⁷ Which was the sole member of the entities that owned and operated Our Lady of Fatima Hospital and Roger Williams Hospital.

²⁸ This interest was ultimately assigned by the Receiver to CCF in connection with Settlement B (which involved the payment of \$4.5 million).

²⁹ Ledsham Dec. ¶ 19.

³⁰ Ledsham Dec. ¶ 72.

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The second settlement ("Settlement B") was of the Receiver's claims against CCF (concerning an allegedly fraudulent transfer from CCCB, SJHSRI and RWH to CCF) and involved a gross recovery of \$4.5 million.³¹

The third settlement was of the Plaintiffs' claims against Defendant Prospect Medical Holdings, Inc. and certain individuals and entities associated with Prospect Medical Holdings, Inc. (collectively "Prospect") and Defendant the Angell Pension Group, Inc. ("Angell"). That settlement involved a gross recovery of \$30,000,000.³²

The Plaintiffs sought the necessary court approvals for the three settlements. The then-non-settling defendants (including the Prospect Defendants) asserted extensive objections to the first two settlements, and alleged collusion and bad faith. In fact, the Prospect Defendants expressly stated that:

> The Court should deny the Settlement Petition and reject the Settlement Agreement because it violates the Settlement Statute as it plainly evidences collusion among the Receiver, Special Counsel, and the Settling Parties.

Prospect's Objection (filed September 27, 2018) at 8.³³ The then-non-settling defendants, including the Diocesan Defendants, Prospect Defendants and Angell, also filed motions to dismiss the entirety of Plaintiffs' claims against them.³⁴ The motions to dismiss were initially filed on September 14, 2018 and were re-filed on December 4, 2018 to address the Plaintiffs' First Amended Complaint which was filed on October 5, 2018.

³¹ Ledsham Dec. ¶ 20; ECF # 207-21 (Settlement Agreement in Settlement B, without exhibits for the sake of brevity).

³² Ledsham Dec. ¶ 48.

³³ ECF # 63-5.

³⁴ ECF ## 67 through 70.

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Over the next several months the parties in the Federal Court Action intensively litigated the validity of the two settlements and the motions to dismiss filed by the Diocesan Defendants, Prospect, and Angell.

After hearing, in connection with the approval of the settlement with CharterCARE Foundation, the Superior Court approved WSL's fee for representing the Receiver pursuant to the WSL Retainer Agreement, subject to further approvals in the United States District Court.³⁵

The Court appointed Deming Sherman, Esq. as Special Master to make a recommendation concerning the fees the Receiver's Special Litigation Counsel would receive in connection with both settlements for representing the Class.³⁶ On October 14, 2019, the Special Master filed his Report and Recommendation on Award of Attorneys' Fees.³⁷ The Special Master noted that WSL sought no fees for representing the Class in addition to the fees to which WSL was entitled under the Retainer Agreement, "[s]ince WSL was working toward a common goal for both the Receiver and the class members for the ultimate benefit of the Plan participants...."

The Special Master recommended that WSL's fee application be accepted without revision, for two reasons: a) it was consistent with the Retainer Agreement; and b) it was below the benchmark of 25% regularly approved in the First Circuit for

³⁵ <u>See</u> ECF # 79-7 (Order dated December 27, 2018) ¶ 3 ("ORDERED, ADJUDGED, AND DECREED...3. That Special Litigation Counsel's contingent fee of 23 1/3% as set forth in the Petition for Settlement Approval is fair, reasonable, and a benefit to the Plan Receivership estate;").

³⁶ ECF # 152.

³⁷ ECF # 165.

attorneys' fees in connection with class action settlements involving recovery of a

common fund.38

With respect to the first reason, the Special Master noted as follows:

The Fee Agreement is a significant factor in support of WSL's request. The Fee Agreement between WSL and the Receiver was negotiated by the Receiver and approved by the Superior Court. Wistow Declaration, Ex. 5, ECF No. 65-5. Judge Stern of the Superior Court is, to my knowledge, a highly capable judge, sophisticated in complex litigation, and his approvals of both the Fee Agreement and the fees awarded in Settlement B are noteworthy. While his approvals are not necessarily binding on this Court, they are entitled to considerable deference.... The Receiver has a fiduciary responsibility to the Plan as well as obligations to the Court as an officer thereof. Therefore, it makes a difference that the Receiver negotiated the Fee Agreement, approved the award of fees for both Settlement A and B, and obtained the blessing of the Superior Court for both the Fee Agreement as well as for the award of fees pursuant to that Agreement.39

With respect to the second reason, the Special Master noted as follows:

There is First Circuit authority for the proposition that the benchmark percentage for POF cases is 25% of the common fund. "Within the First Circuit, courts generally award fees 'in the range of 20-30%, with 25% as "the benchmark." ' " Bezdek v. Vibram USA Inc., 79 F. Supp. 3d 324, 349-350 (D. Mass. 2015) (quoting Latorraca v. Centennial Techs., Inc., 834 F. Supp. 2d 25, 27-28 (D. Mass. 2011), aff'd, 809 F. 3d 78, 85 (1st Cir. 2015).40

The Court accepted the Special Master's recommendation in its entirety and

granted WSL's fee application.41

³⁸ ECF # 165.

³⁹ ECF # 165 at 14–15.

⁴⁰ ECF # 165 at 15.

⁴¹ See Docket Entry dated October 24, 2019 ("TEXT ORDER adopting [165] Report and Recommendations, granting [64] Motion for Attorney Fees, and, granting [78] Motion for Attorney Fees: After considering the Report and Recommendations of the Special Master, and having heard no objections, the Court ACCEPTS and ADOPTS [165] Report and Recommendations in full. Accordingly,

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On March 21, 2019, CCCB commenced a civil action in the Rhode Island Superior Court, initially captioned <u>Chartercare Community Board, individually and</u> <u>derivatively, as member of Prospect Chartercare, LLC and as trustee of the beneficial</u> <u>interest of its membership interest in Prospect Chartercare, LLC v. Samuel Lee, et al.,</u> C.A. No. PC-2019-3654 ("CCCB v. Lee").

The complaint asserted several claims, including that Prospect East Holdings, Inc. had breached its obligation to contribute \$50 million in long-term capital contributions to Prospect Chartercare, LLC, and that Prospect Chartercare, LLC was refusing to provide CCCB with financial information necessary for CCCB to intelligently determine whether to exercise its option to sell its membership interest in Prospect Chartercare, LLC to Prospect East Holdings, Inc., pursuant to a valuation procedure agreed to in the LLC Agreement between and among CCCB, Prospect East Holdings, Inc. and Prospect Chartercare, LLC.

On April 25, 2019, the Court in <u>CCCB v. Lee</u> entered a Stipulation and Consent Order which provided, inter alia, for limited discovery by CCCB and the Receiver from Prospect to obtain the information and documents that CCCB and the Receiver required to make an informed decision whether or not to exercise the Put option.

The motions to dismiss in the Federal Court Action were extensively briefed and were the subject of oral argument on September 10, 2019.

At that oral argument, counsel for Prospect and certain other defendants suggested that the court should entertain a motion for summary judgment on the issue

the Court GRANTS [64] Motion for Attorneys' Fees and [78] Second Motion for Attorneys' Fees. So Ordered by Chief Judge William E. Smith on 10/24/2019.").

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of whether the Employees Retirement Security Act of 1974 ("ERISA") applied to the Plan in June of 2014 when Prospect acquired certain of the assets of St. Joseph Health Services of Rhode Island, including Our Lady of Fatima Hospital (the "2014 Asset Sale"). The Court agreed and deferred determination of the pending motions to dismiss to allow submission of the motion for summary judgment on that issue.⁴²

On December 17, 2019, Plaintiffs filed their motion for summary judgment, seeking a declaration that that by April 29, 2013 at the latest, the Plan was not an exempt Church Plan within the meaning of 29 U.S.C. § 1002(33) and, therefore, was subject to ERISA.⁴³

The parties then undertook intensive discovery over a ninety (90) day period, later enlarged upon Prospect's motion to one hundred thirty five (135) days, limited to the issues raised by Plaintiffs' motion for summary judgment.⁴⁴

Unbeknownst (at the time) to the Receiver, Special Litigation Counsel, or the then-Liquidating Receiver, and without notice to any of them, certain applications ("CEC Applications") were filed in November of 2019 with the Center for Health Systems Policy and Regulation, Rhode Island Department of Health, in the proceeding captioned <u>In re:</u> <u>Change in Effective Control Applications by Prospect Chartercare RWMC, LLC and</u> <u>Prospect Chartercare SJHSRI, LLC, et al.</u>, concerning *inter alia* Fatima and Roger Williams Hospital.⁴⁵

⁴² Ledsham Dec. ¶ 28.

⁴³ Ledsham Dec. ¶ 29.

⁴⁴ Ledsham Dec. ¶ 30.

⁴⁵ Ledsham Dec. ¶ 31.

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Also unbeknownst (at the time) to the Receiver, Special Litigation Counsel, or the then-Liquidating Receiver, and also without notice to any of them, certain applications ("HCA Applications") were filed thereafter with the Office of the Rhode Island Attorney General and the Rhode Island Department of Health in the proceeding captioned <u>Hospital Conversion Initial Application of Chamber Inc.; Ivy Holdings Inc.; Ivy</u> <u>Intermediate Holdings, Inc. [sic]; Prospect Medical Holdings, Inc.; Prospect East</u> <u>Holdings, Inc.; Prospect East Hospital Advisory Services, LLC; Prospect CharterCARE SJHSRI, LLC; Prospect CharterCARE RWMC, LLC.⁴⁶</u>

On December 19, 2019, and pursuant to their obligations under the settlement agreement with the Receiver, CCCB, SJHSRI, and RWH filed their petition for liquidation in the Liquidation Proceedings.⁴⁷

Also on December 19, 2019, Prospect Medical Holdings, Inc. and Prospect East Holdings, Inc. filed a complaint in the Chancery Court of Delaware against CCCB.⁴⁸ That complaint asserted that CCCB's transfer of its beneficial interest in Prospect Chartercare LLC to the Receiver in connection with the previously approved settlement was invalid and in breach of CCCB's obligations under the LLC Agreement with Prospect Medical Holdings, Inc. and Prospect East Holdings, Inc., and sought a judicial determination that the transfer was void.

In addition, Prospect Medical Holdings, Inc. and Prospect East Holdings, Inc. asserted in the Delaware lawsuit that CCCB was obligated to indemnify them for all losses incurred in the Federal Court Action and the companion state court proceeding,

⁴⁶ Ledsham Dec. ¶ 32.

⁴⁷ Ledsham Dec. ¶ 33.

⁴⁸ Ledsham Dec. ¶ 34; ECF # 207-24 (Delaware Chancery Court Complaint).

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pursuant to the provision in the LLC Agreement that purported to obligate CCCB to indemnify Prospect Medical Holdings, Inc. and Prospect East Holdings, Inc. for any expenses arising out a claim that Prospect had any liability under the Plan, and which provided that CCCB's interest in Prospect Chartercare, LLC would be reduced *pro rata* for any such expenses. Thus, Prospect both directly attacked the validity of the Receiver's beneficial interest in Prospect Chartercare, LLC, and sought to reduce the value of that interest to zero by setting off an indemnity claim against it, thereby reducing the assets of CCCB.⁴⁹

On January 17, 2020 Thomas Hemmendinger was appointed the initial permanent Liquidating Receiver in the Liquidation Proceedings.⁵⁰

On April 21, 2020, the Receiver subsequently intervened in <u>CCCB v. Lee</u> as a party plaintiff and joined in the filing of a First Amended Complaint in <u>CCCB v. Lee</u>.⁵¹

Thereafter the Receiver and the then-Liquidating Receiver engaged in months of document discovery and motion practice before the court in the Liquidation Proceedings to obtain the information needed to intelligently determine whether to exercise CCCB's option to sell its interest in Prospect Chartercare, LLC.⁵²

The Receiver and the then-Liquidating Receiver first learned of the CEC Applications and the HCA Applications in March of 2020. The Receiver and the then-Liquidating Receiver filed formal objections in both proceedings. In particular, the Receiver's Special Litigation Counsel and the then-Liquidating Receiver objected to the

⁴⁹ Ledsham Dec. ¶ 34.

⁵⁰ Ledsham Dec. ¶ 35; ECF # 25.

⁵¹ Ledsham Dec. ¶ 36.

⁵² Ledsham Dec. ¶ 37.

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applicants' proposal that Prospect Medical Holdings, Inc. would pay a private investment fund affiliated with Leonard Green & Partners an undetermined sum (but which was at least \$11,900,000) for the private investment fund's interest in a parent company of Prospect Medical Holdings, Inc.⁵³

The Receiver's Special Litigation Counsel and the then-Liquidating Receiver objected on the grounds that such a transfer would deprive Prospect Medical Holdings, Inc. of assets without any benefit to Prospect Medical Holdings, Inc. The Receiver's Special Litigation Counsel and the then-Liquidating Receiver further objected that such a transfer would be a fraudulent transfer prejudicial to the potential recovery of the Plaintiffs and CCCB against Prospect Medical Holdings, Inc., which had guaranteed Prospect East Holdings. Inc.'s obligation to contribute \$50 million to Prospect Chartercare, LLC, and against whom the Receiver had asserted direct claims in this case.⁵⁴

The Receiver's Special Litigation Counsel made several additional written submissions and participated in public hearings in connection with both proceedings on several occasions.⁵⁵

On June 26, 2020, in this case, Prospect filed its opposition to Plaintiffs' motion for summary judgment and filed a cross-motion for summary judgment asking the court to enter an Order "finding that the Plan lost its church plan status on, and as of,

⁵³ Ledsham Dec. ¶ 38.

⁵⁴ Ledsham Dec. ¶ 39.

⁵⁵ Ledsham Dec. ¶ 40.

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December 15, 2014, but in any event no later than April 15, 2019."⁵⁶ In other words, Prospect alleged that the Plan lost church plan status only *after* Prospect acquired the assets of SJHSRI in June of 2014.

The parties in the Federal Court Action then undertook discovery over another ninety (90) day period, limited to the issues raised by Prospect's cross-motion for summary judgment.

On July 10, 2020, the Receiver's Special Litigation Counsel filed a motion to disqualify Prospect's counsel from representing Prospect in connection with the CEC and HCA Applications, based on their conflict of interest arising from their prior representation of SJHSRI.⁵⁷ Over the next several months, Special Litigation Counsel submitted four supplemental memoranda in support of that motion.⁵⁸ The Superior Court denied the motion on October 10, 2020, whereupon the then-Liquidating Receiver applied for and was granted leave to file a petition for *certiorari* with the Rhode Island Supreme Court.⁵⁹ On December 20, 2020, the Receiver's Special Litigation Counsel filed a motion for reconsideration of the Superior Court's denial of the motion to disqualify Prospect's counsel, on the grounds of newly discovered evidence concerning the adversity between Prospect's counsel's representation of Prospect and Prospect's counsel's prior representation of SJHSRI.⁶⁰ The Receivers alleged this evidence had

- ⁵⁹ ld.
- ⁶⁰ <u>Id.</u>

⁵⁶ Ledsham Dec. ¶ 41; ECF # 190-1 (Memorandum of Law in Support of Opposition to Plaintiffs' Motion For Summary Judgment on Count IV of the First Amended Complaint and Cross Motion for Summary Judgment by the Prospect Defendants).

⁵⁷ Ledsham Dec. ¶ 43.

⁵⁸ Ledsham Dec. ¶ 44.

been improperly withheld from Plaintiffs and the Superior Court.⁶¹ These matters were pending when the Plaintiffs entered into a settlement with Prospect and Angell.⁶²

On September 1, 2020, Plaintiffs filed their memorandum in reply⁶³ to the memorandum submitted by Prospect in opposition to Plaintiffs' motion for summary judgment.

On September 29, 2020, Prospect filed a motion in the Receivership Proceedings to adjudge the Receiver in contempt for the Receiver's and Special Litigation Counsel's filing of opposition to the CEC and HCA Applications.⁶⁴

On October 30, 2020, the Receiver and the then-Liquidating Receiver submitted an extensive objection to Prospect's CEC and HCA Applications to the Rhode Island Attorney General and Department of Health.⁶⁵

On November 20, 2020, the Diocesan Defendants filed their Statement of Disputed Facts in Response to Prospect's Statement of Undisputed Facts⁶⁶ and filed their Response to Prospect's Cross-Motion for Summary Judgment.⁶⁷

On November 23, 2020, Plaintiffs filed their memorandum⁶⁸ in opposition to Prospect's cross-motion for summary judgment and Plaintiffs' Supplemental Response to the Prospect Defendants' Statement of Undisputed Material Facts.⁶⁹

- ⁶⁸ ECF # 202.
- ⁶⁹ ECF # 201.

⁶¹ <u>Id.</u>

⁶² <u>Id.</u>

⁶³ ECF # 191.

⁶⁴ Ledsham Dec. ¶ 45.

⁶⁵ Ledsham Dec. ¶ 46; ECF # 207-26.

⁶⁶ ECF # 199.

⁶⁷ ECF # 200.

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On December 8, 2020, Prospect filed their memorandum⁷⁰ in reply to the memorandum submitted by Plaintiffs in opposition to Prospect's cross-motion for summary judgment. Also on December 8, 2020, the Diocesan Defendants filed their own Response to Plaintiffs' Response to Prospect's Cross-Motion for Summary Judgment.⁷¹

In early November of 2020, Plaintiffs, Prospect and Angell agreed to participate in a settlement mediation with retired Rhode Island Supreme Court Chief Justice Frank A. Williams as mediator. Over the next eight weeks, and with the support of the Mediator, the parties negotiated settlement terms and exchanged draft settlement documents.⁷²

As of December 30, 2020, Plaintiffs, Prospect, and Angell agreed on the terms set forth in their settlement agreement (the "Prospect/Angell Settlement").⁷³ In summary, the agreement provided for payment of thirty million dollars (\$30,000,000) upon final approval of the settlement in the Federal Court Action, a portion of which was to be paid by or on behalf of Prospect and a portion of which was to be paid by or behalf of Angell. Prospect's contribution to the settlement was the sum of twenty-seven million two hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$27,250,000).⁷⁴ Angell's contribution was the sum of two million seven hundred fifty thousand (\$2,750,000).⁷⁵

⁷⁰ ECF # 203.

⁷¹ ECF # 204.

⁷² Ledsham Dec. ¶ 47.

⁷³ Ledsham Dec. ¶ 48; ECF # 207-1 (Prospect/Angell Settlement Agreement).

⁷⁴ <u>See</u> Ledsham Dec. ¶ 52.

⁷⁵ <u>See</u> Ledsham Dec. ¶ 51.

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Five million dollars of Prospect's contribution to the settlement was allocated to what the Prospect/Angell Settlement referred to as "CCCB's Hospital Interests," which consisted of CCCB's membership interest (of nominally 15%) in Prospect Chartercare, LLC and CCCB's other claims against Prospect Chartercare, LLC. The Prospect/Angell Settlement provided that of such sum, four million dollars was allocated to the purchase price for CCCB's membership interest in Prospect Chartercare, LLC, and the remaining balance of one million dollars was allocated to the rest of CCCB's Hospital Interests.

The entirety of that \$30 million was to be (and later was) paid to the Receiver, for payment into the Plan after the payment of attorneys' fees and expenses. As was the case in connection with the prior settlements approved by the Court, no payment was made from the settlement directly to any of the Plan participants.

On January 25, 2021, the Receiver and the then-Liquidating Receiver filed petitions for instructions with the Superior Court concerning the Prospect/Angell Settlement.⁷⁶ The Superior Court heard those petitions on February 12, 2021.⁷⁷ On March 4, 2021, the Superior Court issued its written Decision granting the petitions, which decision the Superior Court amended by Amended Decision dated March 8, 2021.⁷⁸

Following the Superior Court's granting of the Receivers' petitions for settlement instructions, the Receiver's Special Counsel filed a motion for preliminary settlement approval with the Court on March 11, 2021.⁷⁹ The Court subsequently granted

⁷⁶ Ledsham Dec. ¶ 53.

⁷⁷ Ledsham Dec. ¶ 54.

⁷⁸ Ledsham Dec. ¶ 56; ECF # 207-32.

⁷⁹ Ledsham Dec. ¶ 62; ECF # 206.

preliminary settlement approval on March 26, 2021 and set down the hearing on final approval for July 20, 2021.⁸⁰

On July 29, 2021, the Court issued its written Order Granting Final Approval to Settlement, approving both the Prospect/Angell Settlement and WSL's fee.⁸¹

At the conclusion of the Fairness Hearing on the Prospect/Angell Settlement on July 20, 2021, the Court had inquired of counsel concerning how the remaining case between Plaintiffs and the Diocesan Defendants would proceed, and a discussion ensued.⁸² During that discussion, counsel for the Diocesan Defendants suggested that the Federal Court should decide the Plaintiffs' motion for partial summary judgment and Prospect's cross motion for partial summary judgment.⁸³ However, counsel for Plaintiffs took the position that the motion and cross-motion had been mooted by the Prospect/Angell Settlement.⁸⁴ The Court directed Plaintiffs and the Diocesan Defendants to submit memoranda on the issue of mootness.⁸⁵

On August 31, 2021, Plaintiffs and the Diocesan Defendants filed their memoranda in the Federal Court Action concerning mootness, with Plaintiffs contending the motion and cross motion were moot, and the Diocesan Defendants contending they were not moot.⁸⁶ On September 3, 2021, Plaintiffs filed their Reply to the Diocesan

⁸³ Id.

⁸⁴ <u>Id.</u>

⁸⁵ <u>Id.</u>

⁸⁰ ECF # 209.

⁸¹ ECF # 217.

⁸² Ledsham Dec. ¶ 64.

⁸⁶ ECF # 222 (Diocesan Defendants' memorandum); ECF #223 (Plaintiffs' memorandum).

Defendants' memorandum concerning mootness,⁸⁷ and on September 7, 2021, the Diocesan Defendants filed its Reply to the Plaintiffs' memorandum concerning mootness.⁸⁸

On September 8, 2021, the Court conducted a Zoom chambers conference.⁸⁹ During this conference, the Court inquired whether Plaintiffs were withdrawing their motion for summary judgment. Plaintiffs' counsel advised that while that was probably unnecessary since the motion was moot, Plaintiffs were withdrawing their motion and would file a formal motion seeking leave to withdraw their motion for summary judgment if the Court considered that to be necessary.⁹⁰ The Court indicated that if a thenupcoming mediation proved unsuccessful, Plaintiffs should file a motion to withdraw their motion for partial summary judgment.⁹¹

On September 29, 2021, Plaintiffs and the Diocesan Defendants participated in the first of what was supposed to be three scheduled days of mediation. The mediation ended after one day and did not resume.⁹²

On October 13, 2021, Plaintiffs filed a motion to withdraw their motion for partial summary judgment.⁹³ On November 10, 2021, the Diocesan Defendants filed their

⁸⁷ ECF # 224.

⁸⁸ ECF # 225.

⁸⁹ Ledsham Dec. ¶ 66.

⁹⁰ <u>Id.</u>

⁹¹ <u>Id.</u>

⁹² Ledsham Dec. ¶ 67.

⁹³ ECF # 226.

objection to that motion to withdraw,⁹⁴ to which Plaintiffs filed their reply on December 7, 2021.⁹⁵

On December 10, 2021, the Court heard oral argument on Plaintiffs' motion to withdraw and granted the motion.⁹⁶ The Court directed the Diocesan Defendants to file their own motion for partial summary judgment.⁹⁷

On February 11, 2022, the Diocesan Defendants filed their Motion for Partial

Summary Judgment seeking a declaration that the Plan ceased to be exempt from

ERISA by April 29, 2013.98 That same day, the Diocesan Defendants also filed a

renewed Motion to Dismiss the operative First Amended Complaint.99

On April 18, 2022, Plaintiffs filed their objections (with supporting memoranda,

statements of facts, and affidavits) to the Diocesan Defendants' Motion for Partial

Summary Judgment and Motion to Dismiss.¹⁰⁰ Plaintiffs also filed a conditional Rule

56(d) motion seeking leave to conduct discovery concerning whether the Diocesan

⁹⁷ Id.

⁹⁸ ECF # 236.

⁹⁹ ECF # 238.

⁹⁴ ECF # 228

⁹⁵ ECF # 231.

⁹⁶ Docket Entry ("TEXT ORDER granting [226] Plaintiffs' Motion to Withdraw Motion for Summary Judgment on Count IV of the Complaint, without prejudice to refiling or prejudice to any party. Plaintiffs' Motion for Summary Judgment on Count IV of the Complaint, ECF No. [173], is withdrawn. Defendants Prospect Medical Holdings, Inc., Prospect East Holdings, Inc., Prospect Chartercare, LLC, Prospect Chartercare SJHSRI, LLC, and Prospect Chartercare RWMC, LLC's Cross-Motion for Summary Judgment, ECF No. [193], is DENIED as MOOT. As discussed in a conference held on December 10, 2021, Defendants Diocesan Administration Corporation, Diocesan Service Corporation, and Roman Catholic Bishop of Providence, shall file their Motion for Summary Judgment on or before January 21, 2022. Plaintiffs' response to the Diocesan Defendants' motion is due on or before February 21, 2022. The Diocesan Defendants' reply is due on or before March 7, 2022. So Ordered by District Judge William E. Smith on 12/10/2021. (Urizandi, Nisshy)").

¹⁰⁰ ECF ## 243, 243-1 through -89, 244, 245.

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Defendants should be estopped from contending the Plan was an ERISA plan prior to its being placed into receivership.¹⁰¹

On April 7, 2022, the court in the Liquidating Receivership granted the Receiver's Petition to Apply Trust Income to Pension Plan.¹⁰² Pursuant to that Order, the then-Liquidating Receiver paid \$1,005,776 to the Receiver for the benefit of the Plan estate, representing accumulated distributions from certain trusts for which Bank of America, N.A. was trustee and for which SJHSRI and/or RWH was beneficiary.¹⁰³ In addition, pursuant to that Order, Bank of America, N.A. (as trustee) was ordered to make future distributions from those trusts to the Receiver instead of to the then-Liquidating Receiver, SJHSRI, or RWH.¹⁰⁴

On June 29, 2022, the Diocesan Defendants filed replies in support of their Motion for Partial Summary Judgment and their Motion to Dismiss, and an objection to Plaintiffs' Rule 56(d) motion to conduct discovery.¹⁰⁵ Plaintiffs filed a reply to the latter on July 20, 2022.¹⁰⁶

On September 13, 2022, the Court issued a twenty-four (24) page Memorandum and Order granting the Diocesan Defendants' Motion for Partial Summary Judgment, denying Plaintiffs' Rule 56(d) motion to conduct discovery, denying the Diocesan

¹⁰¹ ECF # 246.

¹⁰² Ledsham Dec. ¶ 72, Exhibit 7 (April 7, 2022 Order).

¹⁰³ Ledsham Dec. ¶ 72, Exhibit 8 (Affidavit of Receipt of Trust Income).

¹⁰⁴ Ledsham Dec. ¶ 72, Exhibit 7 (April 7, 2022 Order) ¶ 7.

¹⁰⁵ ECF # 254.

¹⁰⁶ ECF # 257.

Defendants' Motion to Dismiss without prejudice, and ordering the parties to return to mediation.¹⁰⁷

On December 16, 2022, the Superior Court appointed Stephen Del Sesto, Esq. as the Liquidating Receiver of CharterCARE Community Board, St. Joseph Health Services of Rhode Island, and Roger Williams Hospital, in the place of Attorney Hemmendinger.¹⁰⁸

Following the Court's Memorandum and Order on September 13, 2022, Plaintiffs and the Diocesan Defendants conducted a long series of mediation sessions before Chief Justice Frank A. Williams (Ret.), including sessions on November 28, 2022, December 23, 2022, March 23, 2023, May 22, 2023, and June 19, 2023.¹⁰⁹ These mediation sessions ultimately culminated in the Settlement Agreement dated as of August 24, 2023.

Pursuant to the Settlement Agreement, Plaintiffs and the Diocesan Defendants on August 30, 2023 filed their Stipulation and Consent Order Staying Action, which the Court entered on August 31, 2023.¹¹⁰ The order provides that this Action is stayed except for matters incidental to or required by the Settlement Agreement, provided, however, that if Plaintiffs and/or the Diocesan Defendants at any time conclude that any of the contingencies to which the settlement is subject will not occur, they may file a

¹⁰⁷ ECF # 258.

¹⁰⁸ Ledsham Dec. ¶ 75, Exhibit 9 (December 16, 2022 Order).

¹⁰⁹ Ledsham Dec. Exhibit 2 (Affidavit of Frank J. Williams, C.J. (Ret.)) ¶ 11.

¹¹⁰ ECF # 261.

motion with the court explaining the grounds for that conclusion and request that the stay be lifted.¹¹¹

III. Terms of Settlement

The terms of settlement are set forth in the Settlement Agreement.¹¹² Under the agreement, the Diocesan Defendants will make a \$2,500,000 payment to the Plan Receivership, upon the occurrence of the following events:

- First, the Court agrees to stay¹¹³ the pending litigation pending the action by Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation ("PBGC");
- Second, as of an appropriate time (expected to be no sooner than the Spring of 2024) the Plan's Receiver will seek to have PBGC terminate the Plan, and PBGC agrees to take over the Plan;
- Third, PBGC agrees, upon Plan termination and trusteeship, to release, or to not assert, any claims against any Diocesan-related entities;
- Fourth, PBGC agrees to provide the maximum statutory guaranteed benefits; and
- Fifth, the Court and the Superior Court¹¹⁴ approve the settlement terms, including complete releases of all claims by the settlement class, with the Court certifying a settlement class.

¹¹¹ <u>Id.</u>

¹¹² Ledsham Dec. Ex. 1 (Settlement Agreement).

¹¹³ As noted, that condition has already been satisfied.

¹¹⁴ As noted *infra*, the Superior Court has already approved the settlement terms.

Should any of these conditions not be met, the Settlement Agreement will become void, no payments will be made, and all claims and defenses will remain outstanding.

IV. Attorneys' Fees

Pursuant to the WSL Retainer Agreement, the attorneys' fees to which Special Litigation Counsel is entitled in connection with the proposed settlement is 23 1/3% of the gross settlement amount,¹¹⁵ based on the WSL Retainer Agreement.

This Court previously approved WSL's fee pursuant to the WSL Retainer Agreement, in connection with the approval of the three earlier settlements.

V. Superior Court Approval of the Proposed Settlement

On September 22, 2023, the Receiver filed his Petition for Settlement Instructions and Approval with the Rhode Island Superior Court, with notice to all parties who had participated in the Plan Receivership Proceedings, including the Diocesan Defendants.¹¹⁶ That petition was also filed by Stephen Del Sesto in his capacity as Liquidating Receiver. There was no objection asserted to this petition.¹¹⁷

The petition was heard in the Rhode Island Superior Court on October 2, 2023. At the conclusion of the hearing Judge Stern granted the petition and directed that the Receiver submit a proposed order. On October 18, 2023, the Superior Court entered the order.¹¹⁸ That order states in pertinent part as follows:

¹¹⁵ <u>See</u> Ledsham Dec. Ex.6 (WSL Retainer Agreement) at 2.

¹¹⁶ Ledsham Dec. ¶ 78, Exhibit 10 (Receiver's Affidavit of Notice).

¹¹⁷ Ledsham Dec. ¶ 78.

¹¹⁸ Ledsham Dec. ¶ 79, Exhibit 11 (October 18, 2023 Order).

ORDERED, ADJUDGED, AND DECREED:

1. That the Petition for Settlement Instructions and Approval is granted;

2. That notice of the Petition for Settlement Instructions and Approval and of the hearing thereon was given to all parties in interest, including all of the Plan's participants and beneficiaries;

3. That all of the *Jeffrey* Factors favor approval of the Proposed Settlement;

4. That the Proposed Settlement including specifically the Settlement Agreement is fair and reasonable, was made in good faith, and is in the best interests of the Receivership estate and the Plan's participants and beneficiaries, that the Settlement Agreement constitutes a good-faith settlement under R.I. Gen. Laws § 23-17.14-35, and that all actions of the Receiver in connection with the negotiation, execution, and implementation of the Proposed Settlement are approved and ratified; and

5. That the Receiver may seek approval of the Proposed Settlement by the United States District Court in <u>Stephen Del Sesto et al. v. Prospect</u> <u>Chartercare, LLC et al.</u> (C.A. No: 1:18-CV-00328-WES-LDA) (the "Federal Court Action") and is directed to take all necessary and appropriate actions in connection therewith; and

6. That Special Counsel's contingent fee for representing the Receiver of 23 1/3% (as set forth in the Petition for Settlement Instructions and Approval and which the Court has previously approved) is fair, reasonable, and a benefit to the Receivership estate and, subject to the approval of the Proposed Settlement and the fee by the court in the Federal Court Action, the Receiver is authorized to pay said fee to Special Counsel from the proceeds of the Proposed Settlement and to pay the entire remaining proceeds to the Plan.

Ledsham Dec. ¶ 79, Exhibit 11 (October 18, 2023 Order).

OVER 1,000 PLAN PARTICIPANTS SUPPORT THE PROPOSED SETTLEMENT

The Proposed Settlement has the support of all of the Plan participants that are represented by counsel in the Receivership Proceedings.¹¹⁹ Over one thousand (1,000) of the Plan participants are represented by counsel in the Plan Receivership Proceedings: Attorneys Arlene Violet represents 357 Plan participants;¹²⁰ Attorney Jeffrey Kasle represents 247 Plan participants;¹²¹ and Attorney Christopher Callaci, as General Counsel of for the United Nurses & Allied Professionals ("UNAP"), represents 400 Plan participants.¹²² All of these Plan participants through their counsel have affirmatively indicated their support for the Proposed Settlement.¹²³

RISK OF NOT SETTLING

The risks to the Plan if the settlement is not approved justify this settlement as being in the best interest of the Plan (as well as, indirectly, in the best interest of the Plan participants).

The litigation risks involving the Diocesan Defendants arise out of the unique facts of this case and the novelty and complexity of the legal issues involved, which could result in a verdict in favor of the Diocesan Defendants on liability. Moreover, as discussed below, because of the limited remedies available under ERISA, Plaintiffs

¹¹⁹ <u>See</u> supra at 2 n.4, concerning the role of Attorneys Violet, Kasle and Callaci.

¹²⁰ Ledsham Dec. ¶ 4, Exhibit 3 (Violet Affidavit) at 1.

¹²¹ Ledsham Dec. ¶ 4, Exhibit 5 (Kasle Declaration) at 1.

¹²² Ledsham Dec. ¶ 4, Exhibit 4 (Callaci Declaration) at 1.

¹²³ Ledsham Dec. ¶ 4, Exhibit 3 (Violet Affidavit) at 2; Exhibit 5 (Kasle Declaration) at 2; Exhibit 4 (Callaci Affidavit) at 2.

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could succeed in proving their claims against the Diocesan Defendants but receive limited or even no recovery.

Plaintiffs principally contend the Diocesan Defendants became liable for the Plan by improperly participating (in violation of fiduciary duties they owed to the Plan participants) in the 2014 Asset Sale concerning assets of CCCB, SJHSRI, and RWH (including, most notably, the hospitals known as Our Lady of Fatima Hospital and Roger Williams Hospital, as well as other medical facilities).

Those claims involve highly contested factual issues. Notably, the Diocese of Providence contends it ceased acting as Plan Sponsor and Plan Administrator in 1995, nineteen (19) years before the Asset Sale. Beginning in 1995, the Plan Sponsor and Administrator was purportedly SJHSRI, and the Diocese of Providence contends it had no formal role in connection with the Plan. The Diocesan Defendants claim, therefore, that they are not liable for any irregularities that occurred in connection with the Asset Sale in 2014.

Moreover, the Diocesan Defendants dispute that the Asset Sale was improper. Plaintiffs' claim that the Asset Sale was improper would have to overcome the fact that the Asset Sale was approved by the Rhode Island Attorney General and the Rhode Island Department of Health, after voluminous filings and public hearings.

Those claims also involve legal issues that affect Plaintiffs' potential recovery. Plaintiffs asserted overlapping (a) ERISA and (b) state law claims for breaches of fiduciary duty. As noted, on September 13, 2022, the Court granted the Diocesan Defendants partial summary judgment.¹²⁴ The Court held that the Plan ceased to

¹²⁴ ECF # 258.

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qualify as a Church Plan by April 29, 2013 at the very latest,¹²⁵ which, if not vacated by the Court or on appeal, might result in many (or possibly all) of the Plaintiffs' state law claims against the Diocesan Defendants being dismissed under ERISA preemption.

In that event, Plaintiffs would be allowed to proceed with their claims under ERISA. However, ERISA allows only equitable remedies, and the law is unclear whether any such remedies would result in Plaintiffs obtaining a recovery from the Diocesan Defendants. Thus, Plaintiffs might succeed in proving their claims against the Diocesan Defendants but still receive little or even no recovery.

ARGUMENT

I. The Court Should Preliminarily Approve the Settlement

The requirements for approval of class action settlements are set forth in

Rule 23(e) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, which states in pertinent part as

follows:

(e) **Settlement, Voluntary Dismissal, or Compromise**. The claims, issues, or defenses of a certified class--or a class proposed to be certified for purposes of settlement--may be settled, voluntarily dismissed, or compromised only with the court's approval. The following procedures apply to a proposed settlement, voluntary dismissal, or compromise:

(1) Notice to the Class.

(A) Information That Parties Must Provide to the Court. The parties must provide the court with information sufficient to enable it to determine whether to give notice of the proposal to the class.

(B) Grounds for a Decision to Give Notice. The court must direct notice in a reasonable manner to all class members who would be bound by the proposal if giving notice is

¹²⁵ ECF # 258 at 24.

justified by the parties' showing that the court will likely be able to:

(i) approve the proposal under Rule 23(e)(2); and

(ii) certify the class for purposes of judgment on the proposal.

(2) Approval of the Proposal. If the proposal would bind class members, the court may approve it only after a hearing and only on finding that it is fair, reasonable, and adequate after considering whether:

(A) the class representatives and class counsel have adequately represented the class;

(B) the proposal was negotiated at arm's length;

(C) the relief provided for the class is adequate, taking into account:

(i) the costs, risks, and delay of trial and appeal;

(ii) the effectiveness of any proposed method of distributing relief to the class, including the method of processing class-member claims;

(iii) the terms of any proposed award of attorney's fees, including timing of payment; and

(iv) any agreement required to be identified under Rule 23(e)(3); and

(D) the proposal treats class members equitably relative to each other.

(3) Identifying Agreements. The parties seeking approval must file a statement identifying any agreement made in connection with the proposal.

(4) New Opportunity to be Excluded. If the class action was previously certified under Rule 23(b)(3), the court may refuse to approve a settlement unless it affords a new opportunity to request exclusion to individual class members who had an earlier opportunity to request exclusion but did not do so.

(5) Class-Member Objections.

(A) In General. Any class member may object to the proposal if it requires court approval under this subdivision (e). The objection must state whether it applies only to the objector, to a specific subset of the class, or to the entire class, and also state with specificity the grounds for the objection.

(B) Court Approval Required for Payment in Connection with an Objection. Unless approved by the court after a hearing, no payment or other consideration may be provided in connection with:

(i) forgoing or withdrawing an objection, or

(ii) forgoing, dismissing, or abandoning an appeal from a judgment approving the proposal.

Fed. R. Civ. P. 23(e).

Thus, the procedure for approval of a class settlement involves an initial, preliminary determination by the Court in connection with the decision whether to direct notice to the class. "[T]he goal of preliminary approval is for a court to determine whether notice of the proposed settlement should be sent to the class, not to make a final determination of the settlement's fairness. Accordingly, the standard that governs the preliminary approval inquiry is less demanding than the standard that applies at the final approval phase." Newberg on Class Actions § 13:13 (citations omitted). "At the preliminary approval stage, on motion of the plaintiffs, the court reviews the proposed terms of the settlement and makes a preliminary determination on the fairness, reasonableness and adequacy of the settlement terms." McLaughlin on Class Actions § 6:7 (14th ed.) (citations omitted). "At this stage, the court can only determine whether the proposed settlement appears to fall within the range of possible final approval. . . . All findings and rulings for purposes of preliminary approval are contingent on the parties achieving successful final approval of the Settlement Agreement." Trombley v. Bank of America Corp., No. 08-CV-456-JD, 2011 WL 3740488, at *4 (D.R.I. Aug. 24,

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2011) (citing Am. Int'l Group, Inc. v. ACE INA Holdings, Inc., 2011 WL 3290302, at *6

(N.D. III. July 26, 2011)).

As noted, if the Proposed Settlement is approved, it will be the fourth settlement

in this case. In connection with the preliminary approval of Settlement A, the Court

described the legal criteria for approval as follows:

Rule 23(e)(2) permits the Court to approve a class action settlement only if the proposed agreement is fair, adequate, and reasonable. Fed. R. Civ. P. 23(e)(2); In re Pharma. Indus. Average Wholesale Price Litig., 588 F.3d 24, 32 (1st Cir. 2009). At the preliminary approval stage, however, a less rigorous standard applies: the Court need only determine whether the settlement "appears to fall within the range of possible final approval." Trombley v. Bank of Am. Corp., Civil No. 08-cv-456-jd, 2011 WL 3740488, at *4 (D.R.I. Aug. 24, 2011); see also Armstrong v. Bd. of Sch. Dirs. of City of Milwaukee, 616 F.2d 305, 314 (7th Cir. 1980), overruled in part on other grounds by Felzen v. Andreas, 134 F.3d 873 (7th Cir. 1998). Preliminary approval should not be confused for a final finding of reasonableness or fairness. The first step is merely to "ascertain whether notice of the proposed settlement should be sent to the class" 4 William B. Rubenstein, Newberg on Class Actions § 13:13 (5th ed. 2018); see also Flynn v. N.Y. Dolls Gentlemen's Club, No. 13 Civ. 6530(PKC)(RLE), 2014 WL 4980380, at *1 (S.D.N.Y. Oct. 6, 2014) ("Preliminary approval requires only an initial evaluation of the fairness of the proposed settlement on the basis of written submissions and an informal presentation by the settling parties.") (quoting Clark v. Ecolab, Inc., No. 07 Civ. 8623(PAC), 04 Civ. 4488(PAC), 06 Civ. 5672(PAC), 2009 WL 6615729, at *3 (S.D.N.Y. Nov. 27, 2009) (quotation marks omitted)).

Del Sesto v. Prospect CharterCARE, LLC, C.A. No. 18-328 WES, 2019 WL 2394251,

at *1 (D.R.I. June 6, 2019).

Since in making the decision whether to direct notice, the Court must decide whether it "will likely be able to: (i) approve the proposal under Rule 23(e)(2)," the Court must make a preliminary determination of whether the proposed settlement will meet the requirements for final approval. "There is no single litmus test for a settlement's

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approval; it is instead examined as a gestalt to determine its reasonableness in light of the uncertainty of litigation." <u>Gulbankian v. MW Mfrs., Inc.</u>, No. CIV.A. 10-10392-RWZ, 2014 WL 7384075, at *1 (D. Mass. Dec. 29, 2014) <u>Id.</u> (citing <u>Bussie v. Allmerica Fin.</u> <u>Corp.</u>, 50 F. Supp. 2d 59, 72 (D. Mass. 1999)). <u>See Del Sesto v. Prospect</u> <u>CharterCARE, LLC</u>, *supra*, 2019 WL 4758161, at *3 ("However, although '[t]he case law offers 'laundry lists of factors' pertaining to reasonableness... 'the ultimate decision by the judge involves balancing the advantages and disadvantages of the proposed settlement as against the consequences of going to trial or other possible but perhaps unattainable variations on the proffered settlement.") (quoting <u>Bezdek v. Vibram USA,</u> <u>Inc.</u>, 809 F.3d 78, 82 (1st Cir. 2015) (quoting <u>Nat'l Ass'n of Chain Drug Stores v. New</u> England Carpenters Health Benefits Fund, 582 F.3d 30, 44 (1st Cir. 2009)).

As the Court previously noted:

Some of the factors in this consideration include:

(1) the complexity, expense and likely duration of the litigation, (2) the reaction of the class to the settlement, (3) the stage of the proceedings and the amount of discovery completed, (4) the risks of establishing liability, (5) the risks of establishing damages, (6) the risks of maintaining the class action through the trial, (7) the ability of the defendants to withstand a greater judgment, (8) the range of reasonableness of the settlement fund in light of the best possible recovery, and (9) the range of reasonableness of the settlement fund to a possible recovery in light of all the attendant risks of litigation.

<u>Del Sesto v. Prospect CharterCARE, LLC</u>, *supra*, 2019 WL 4758161, at *3 (citing <u>Baptista v. Mutual of Omaha Ins. Co.</u>, 859 F. Supp. 2d 236, 240-41 (D.R.I. 2012) (citing <u>City of Detroit v. Grinnell Corp.</u>, 495 F.2d 448, 463 (2d Cir. 1974)).

Additionally, "[i]f the parties negotiated at arm's length and conducted sufficient discovery, the district court must presume the settlement is reasonable." *Id.* (quoting <u>In re Pharm. Indus. Average Wholesale Price</u>

Litig., 588 F.3d 24, 32-33 (1st Cir. 2009)). "[T]he lack of any serious objection to the settlement agreement from members of the class weighs in favor of approving the settlement." <u>Medoff v. CVS Caremark Corp.</u>, No. 09-cv-554-JNL, 2016 WL 632238, at *6 (D.R.I. Feb. 17, 2016); see <u>Wal-Mart Stores, Inc. v. Visa U.S.A. Inc.</u>, 396 F.3d 96, 118 (2d Cir. 2005) ("If only a small number of objections are received, that fact can be viewed as indicative of the adequacy of the settlement.")(internal citation omitted).

Del Sesto v. Prospect CharterCARE, LLC, supra, 2019 WL 4758161, at *3.

The Proposed Settlement meets the requirements for preliminary approval. In other words, the Settling Parties have provided the Court with "a solid record supporting the conclusion that the proposed settlement will likely earn final approval after notice and an opportunity to object." Fed. R. Civ. P. 23, 2018 Advisory Committee Note.

That "solid record" includes Judge Stern's Order granting the Receiver's Petition

for Settlement Instructions, including the finding that "all of the Jeffrey Factors favor

approval of the Proposed Settlement."126

II. The Proposed Settlement Class Should Be Preliminarily Certified to Participate in the Settlement

It should be noted at the outset that the Settling Parties seek certification of the

Settlement Class solely for the purpose of permitting the Settlement Class to participate

in the settlement of Plaintiffs' claims against the Diocesan Defendants.

The requirements for certification of a litigation class are set forth in the Manual

on Complex Litigation:

To obtain an order to prevail in their efforts to certify a class, proponents must satisfy two sets of requirements: those set forth in Rule 23(a) and

¹²⁶ Ledsham Dec. ¶ 79, Exhibit 11 (October 18, 2023 Order) ¶ 3. <u>See Jeffrey v. Desmond</u>, 70 F.3d 183, 185 (1st Cir. 1995) ("(i) the probability of success in the litigation being compromised; (ii) the difficulties, if any, to be encountered in the matter of collection; (iii) the complexity of the litigation involved, and the expense, inconvenience and delay attending it; and, (iv) the paramount interest of the creditors and a proper deference to their reasonable views in the premise.").

those contained in Rule 23(b). Rule 23(a) requires that (1) the proposed class be sufficiently numerous; (2) there is at least one common question of fact or law; (3) the named plaintiff's claims are typical of the class as a whole; and (4) the named plaintiff will adequately represent the class.

Rule 23(b) permits maintenance as a class action if the action satisfies Rule 23(a)'s prerequisites and meets one of three alternative criteria for maintainability. First, Rule 23(b)(1)(A) permits certification to prevent inconsistent rulings regarding defendants' required conduct. Standards for certifying a class under Rule 23(b)(1)(B) relate primarily to limited fund settlements and are discussed below in section 21.132. Second, Rule 23(b)(2) permits a class action if "the party opposing the class has acted or refused to act on grounds generally applicable to the class, thereby making appropriate final injunctive relief or corresponding declaratory relief with respect to the class as a whole." Third, Rule 23(b)(3) permits a class action if "the court finds that questions of law or fact common to the members of the class predominate over any questions affecting only individual members, and that a class action is superior to other available methods for the fair and efficient adjudication of the controversy."

Manual on Complex Litigation § 21.131 (Certifying a Litigation Class) (4th Ed. 2004)

(citations omitted).

The standard for certifying a *settlement class* is similar, with one difference:

Rule 23(a) and (b) standards apply equally to certifying a class action for settlement or for trial, with one exception. In *Amchem Products, Inc. v. Windsor*, the Supreme Court held that because a settlement class action obviates a trial, a district judge faced with a request to certify a settlement class action "need not inquire whether the case, if tried, would present intractable management problems" under Rule 23(b)(3)(D).

Manual on Complex Litigation, supra, § 21.132 (Certifying a Settlement Class) (citing

Amchem Products, Inc. v. Windsor, 521 U.S. 591, 620 (1997)).

"Just as the settlement approval unfolds through two levels of judicial review

(preliminary and final), so, too, does the motion for settlement class certification."

Newberg on Class Actions, supra, § 13:16. "If the case is presented for both class

certification and settlement approval, the certification hearing and preliminary fairness

evaluation can usually be combined. The judge should make a preliminary determination that the proposed class satisfies the criteria set out in Rule 23(a) and at least one of the subsections of Rule 23(b)." <u>Manual on Complex Litigation</u>, *supra*, § 21.632. <u>See also</u> 2018 Advisory Committee Note to Fed R. Civ. P. Rule 23 ("The ultimate decision to certify the class for purposes of settlement cannot be made until the hearing on final approval of the proposed settlement.").

A. Under Rule 23(a)

The Complaint and the additional submissions in connection with this motion adequately set forth the reasons why such certification is appropriate based upon the following factors which support class certification for purposes of settlement under Rule 23(a) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.

1. Numerosity

There are 2,761 Plan participants.¹²⁷ All of those persons are members of the Settlement Class, and, thus, the Settlement Class is so numerous that joinder of all members is impracticable. <u>See Del Sesto v. Prospect CharterCARE, LLC</u>, *supra*, 2019 WL 2394251, at *4 ("First, there are 2,729^[128] Plan participants, rendering joinder of all members of the proposed settlement class impracticable.").

2. Commonality

The issues raised by Plaintiffs' claims against the Diocesan Defendants present common issues of law and fact, with answers that are common to all members of the

¹²⁷ Ledsham Dec. ¶ 6.

¹²⁸ The number is now 2,761.

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Settlement Class, including but not limited to the determination of (1) the Plan participants' rights under the Plan, and whether those obligations were breached and those rights violated; (2) whether the Diocesan Defendants improperly participated (in violation of fiduciary duties they owed to the Plan participants) in the 2014 Asset Sale.

The issues regarding the relief Plaintiffs seek from the Diocesan Defendants are also common to the members of the Class, as the relief will include, but is not limited to (1) whether Plaintiffs have suffered damages if their benefits under the Plan are insured by the Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation; and (2) whether Plaintiffs are entitled to recover money damages or, rather, are limited to equitable remedies under ERISA.

3. Typicality

The Proposed Class Representatives' claims are typical of the claims of the other members of the Settlement Class because their claims arise from the same events, practices and/or courses of conduct. The Proposed Class Representatives' claims are also typical because all Class members are similarly affected by the alleged wrongful conduct of the Diocesan Defendants.

4. Adequacy

The Proposed Class Representatives through the Proposed Settlement will fairly and adequately represent and protect the interests of all members of the Class. The Proposed Class Representatives do not have any interests antagonistic to or in conflict with the interests of the Class. Moreover, WSL's Retainer Agreements with each of the Proposed Class Representatives obligates them to act fairly on behalf of the class:

> In non-class litigation, parties asserting claims are free to pursue only their own interests; they need not take into account the interests of others. Class actions are different, and require both class representatives and the

> > 38

lawyers in their capacity as lawyers for the class to consider and pursue only the common claims and interests of the class as a whole. This means that you must always act in the best interest of the class as a whole and consider the interests of the class ahead of your own individual or personal interests. If at any time you fail or refuse to prioritize the interests of the class, you will not be able to serve as a class representative, and WSL will not be able to continue representing you.^[129]

One possible area of conflict between and among the Proposed Class

Representatives and the Settlement Class has been obviated by the terms of WSL's

Retainer Agreements with the Proposed Class Representatives, each of which contain

the following provision, to prevent conflicting interests from interfering with WSL's

representation of the class in connection with a settlement involving aggregated

payments, such as the Proposed Settlement *sub judice*:

An aggregate settlement may be insufficient to completely compensate each claimant individually and disagreements may arise concerning how to allocate, or divide, an aggregate settlement. If there is insufficient proceeds or assets to cover the claims of each of the respective Clients, there can be disputes regarding how to allocate the proceeds or assets as between the joint Clients. If any disputes should arise between the joint Clients, WSL will not advise or represent any of the Clients (including the [Plan] Receiver) in connection with such disputes. WSL will remain able to advocate an overall settlement but not how such settlement should be divided.^[130]

Thus, it is clear the proposed class representatives adequately represent the

interests of the settlement class. As the Court also noted in analyzing this issue in

connection with Settlement A:

 $^{^{\}rm 129}$ Ledsham Dec. \P 14; ECF ## 207-13 through 207-19 (WSL Retainer Agreements with the seven Individual Named Plaintiffs) at 3.

¹³⁰ Ledsham Dec. ¶ 14; ECF ## 207-13 through 207-19 (WSL Retainer Agreements with the seven Individual Named Plaintiffs) at 3. This provision applies to a conflict that could arise if, at some point, the funding of the Plan is such that a reduction in benefits is required, and the beneficiaries' other counsel cannot agree as to how any reduction should apply.

Fourth, the proposed class representatives are aligned with the proposed class members. There is no evidence that named plaintiffs have any interests that conflict with those of other class members. In addition, the retainer agreements for the proposed class counsel sets forth each representative's duty to act fairly and in the best interests of the class and provides that class counsel will not advise or represent any client concerning any dispute about how to allocate any aggregate settlement proceeds... The Court thus concludes that the proposed representatives will fairly and adequately protect the interests of the class.

<u>Del Sesto v. Prospect CharterCARE, LLC</u>, *supra*, 2019 WL 2394251, at *4 (citation to record omitted).

The Proposed Class Representatives have engaged counsel experienced in complex litigation, who have already reviewed over 1,000,000 pages of documents,¹³¹ and litigated their claims in this case, several cases in the Rhode Island Superior Court. and in regulatory proceedings involving the CEC and HCA Applications. Moreover, WSL (a) with the approval of the Rhode Island Superior Court, represent the Receiver whose interests in the Proposed Settlement are identical to the interests of the Proposed Class Representatives, (b) have presented the Proposed Settlement to the Superior Court in the Receivership Proceedings and obtained that court's approval of the Proposed Settlement, (c) have thrice already been certified as class counsel in connection with the three prior settlements,¹³² and, perhaps most importantly, (d) have negotiated the Proposed Settlement of the case against the Diocesan Defendants that is fair and reasonable. As the Court further noted in analyzing this issue in connection with Settlement A:

¹³¹ Ledsham Dec. ¶ 16.

¹³² <u>See Del Sesto v. Prospect CharterCARE, LLC</u>, *supra*, 2019 WL 2394251, at *5 ("The Court also preliminarily appoints...Wistow, Sheehan & Loveley, P.C. as class counsel.").

Lastly, the Court recognizes that the proposed class counsel are highly qualified and able to carry out their corresponding duties. Among other things, counsel are experienced in complex litigation, appear to have engaged in significant pre-suit investigation, and presented the proposed settlement to the Rhode Island Superior Court in related receivership proceedings to obtain that court's required approval.

Del Sesto v. Prospect CharterCARE, LLC, supra, 2019 WL 2394251, at *5.

B. Class Certification Is Proper under Rule 23(b)(1)(B)

The Settling Parties seek class certification under Fed. R. Civ. P. 23(b)(1)(B),

which does not permit class members to opt out of the settlement. Fed. R. Civ. P.

23(b)(1)(B) states as follows:

(b) Types of Class Actions. A class action may be maintained if Rule 23(a) is satisfied and if:

(1) prosecuting separate actions by or against individual class members would create a risk of:

* * *

(B) adjudications with respect to individual class members that, as a practical matter, would be dispositive of the interests of the other members not parties to the individual adjudications or would substantially impair or impede their ability to protect their interests....

Plaintiffs' claims are such that "adjudications with respect to individual class members that, as a practical matter, would be dispositive of the interests of the other members not parties to the individual adjudications or would substantially impair or impede their ability to protect their interests." Indeed, the law is clear that claims based upon ERISA should be certified under Rule 23(b)(1). <u>See Newberg on Class Actions</u> (5th Ed.) § 4:21 (The "derivative nature of ERISA breach of fiduciary duty claims' makes them 'paradigmatic examples of claims appropriate for certification as a Rule

23(b)(1) class.'") (quoting <u>In re Schering Plough Corp. ERISA Litigation</u>, 589 F.3d 585, 604 (3d Cir. 2009)).

This is so because "any decision regarding whether the defendants breached their fiduciary duties would necessarily affect the interests of other participants." Indeed, the Supreme Court noted in *Ortiz* that Rule 23(b)(1)(B) explicitly aimed to cover actions charging "a breach of trust by an indenture trustee or other fiduciary similarly affecting the members of a large class of beneficiaries, requiring an accounting or similar procedure to restore the subject of the trust."

<u>Newberg on Class Actions</u>, *supra* (quoting <u>Thomas v. SmithKline Beecham Corp.</u>, 201 F.R.D. 386, 397 (E.D. Pa. 2001) and <u>Ortiz v. Fibreboard Corp.</u>, 527 U.S. 815 (1999)). <u>See Del Sesto v. Prospect CharterCARE, LLC</u>, *supra*, 2019 WL 2394251, at *5 ("As for the criteria set forth in Rule 23(b)(1)(B) for so-called 'limited fund' class actions, Plaintiffs' claims under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 ('ERISA'), 29 U.S.C. § 1001 et seq., are 'paradigmatic examples of claims appropriate for certification as a Rule 23(b)(1) class'") (quoting <u>In re Schering Plough Corp. ERISA</u> Litig., *supra*, 589 F.3d at 604).

Even if ERISA were inapplicable to Plaintiffs' claims (because the Plan is a "church plan" excepted from ERISA or for any other reason), this would still be a situation for which certification is proper under Rule 23(b)(1)(B). The Plan was originally established, and continues to operate, as a trust.¹³³ Accordingly, if not subject to ERISA, the Plan is governed by the law of trusts. <u>See MacNeill v. The Benefits Plan of the Presbyterian Church (U.S.A.)</u>, 89 F.Supp.3d 1080, 1083 (D. Wa. 2016) ("In this case, as a threshold matter, the Court agrees with defendants' assertion that the plan

¹³³ <u>See, e.g.</u>, Plaintiffs' First Amended Complaint (ECF # 60) ¶¶ 231. 277, 282.

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under which plaintiffs seek reimbursement is an ERISA-exempt church plan governed by Pennsylvania trust law."); <u>McAninch-Ruenzi v. Bd. of Pensions of The Presbyterian</u> <u>Church (U.S.A.)</u>, No. CIV 06-1040-PA, 2007 WL 1039495, at *5 (D. Or. Apr. 2, 2007) (ERISA-exempted church plan is subject to the state law of trusts); <u>Leacock v. Bd. of</u> <u>Pensions of Presbyterian Church USA</u>, No. CIV.A. 09-754-C, 2010 WL 2653345, at *1 (W.D. Ky. July 1, 2010) ("Because the death and disability plan at issue is structured as a trust, trust law principles guide the standard of review.") (church plan governed by law of trusts). As the Court previously noted in connection with the approval of Settlement A:

> The Court also agrees with the Plaintiffs that, even if Plan was not governed by ERISA during the relevant period, this is a classic "limited fund" action.

<u>Del Sesto v. Prospect CharterCARE, LLC</u>, *supra*, 2019 WL 2394251, at *5 (citing, as "outlining characteristics of Rule 23(b)(1)(B) class actions," <u>Ortiz v. Fibreboard Corp.</u>, *supra*, 527 U.S. at 838).

III. The Court Should Approve the Proposed Notice Plan and Class Notice

Fed. R. Civ. P. 23(e)(1) states as follows:

(e) Settlement, Voluntary Dismissal, or Compromise. The claims, issues, or defenses of a certified class may be settled, voluntarily dismissed, or compromised only with the court's approval. The following procedures apply to a proposed settlement, voluntary dismissal, or compromise:

(1) The court must direct notice in a reasonable manner to all class members who would be bound by the proposal.

"But while Rule 23(e) directs the giving of notice, it leaves the form of the notice to the

court's discretion; for this reason, courts have sometimes overlooked the absence of

notice where there was clearly no prejudice to class members." Navarro-Ayala v.

<u>Hernandez-Colon</u>, 951 F.2d 1325, 1337 (1st Cir. 1991) (citations omitted). <u>See also</u> Wright, Miller & Kane, Federal Practice and Procedure § 1797.6:

The court has complete discretion in determining what constitutes a reasonable notice scheme, both in terms of how notice is given and what it contains. As indicated in the discussion of the other notice provisions in Rule 23, subdivision (c)(2) and subdivision (d)(2), there is no single way in which the notice must be transmitted. Of course, notice by mail to all of the identified class members informing them of the proposed action and indicating that they have a right to participate and voice their objections will suffice. But other approaches including the use of television, radio, the internet, and various print publications also may be utilized. In some cases, such as in prisoner litigation, when the class members are all in one location, posting or other publication may be deemed sufficient.

Wright, Miller & Kane, <u>Federal Practice and Procedure</u> § 1797.6 (citations omitted) (emphasis supplied).

Plaintiffs have submitted a proposed Class Notice for the Court's approval.¹³⁴

The Receiver has already long been acting as the Administrator of the Plan, and, accordingly, has compiled a database that includes the mailing addresses for all of the Plan participants. Under the Notice Plan proposed by the Settling Parties, if the Court grants preliminary settlement approval, then, within ten (10) days after an order granting preliminary approval is entered, the Receiver will mail the Class Notice to all Plan participants via first-class mail and will publish the Class Notice on the website maintained by the Receiver at https://www.pierceatwood.com/receivership-filings-st-joseph-health-services-rhode-island-retirement-plan.

¹³⁴ Attached hereto as Exhibit A (Proposed Class Notice).

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The proposed Class Notice is sufficiently detailed but not overly legalistic, and written in plain, easily understood language. The proposed Class Notice will inform the Class Members of their rights and the manner and deadline to object to the settlement and request for attorneys' fees.¹³⁵ The Class Notice also will inform them of the claims to be released.¹³⁶ The Class Notice will further contain a link to a website through which Class Members can access pertinent Court documents, including the Settlement Agreement, and any orders and judgment entered in this matter.¹³⁷ The proposed Class Notice also provides the contact information for all counsel in the case, whom the Settlement Class Members may contact if they have questions.¹³⁸

IV. Plaintiffs' Counsel Should Be Appointed to Represent the Settlement Class

Plaintiffs are seeking the appointment of Plaintiffs' Counsel to represent the Settlement Class in connection with the Proposed Settlement, as occurred in connection with the three prior settlements. Such appointment is proper for the reasons discussed *supra*, concerned Plaintiffs' Counsel's role in this case and related proceedings, including that, with the approval of the Rhode Island Superior Court, they already represent the Receiver in this case, whose interests are identical to the interests of the proposed Class Representatives.

¹³⁵ Exhibit A (Proposed Class Notice).

¹³⁶ Exhibit A (Proposed Class Notice).

¹³⁷ Exhibit A (Proposed Class Notice).

¹³⁸ Exhibit A (Proposed Class Notice).

V. Statement Identifying Agreements in Connection with Proposed Settlement.

In compliance with the express requirements of Fed. R. Civ. P. 23(e)(3), Plaintiffs

by their undersigned counsel hereby state that there are no agreements between or

among the Settling Parties or their counsel made in connection with the Proposed

Settlement other than the Settlement Agreement¹³⁹ itself.

VI. The Proposed Settlement Satisfies R.I. Gen. Laws § 23-17.14-35

R.I. Gen. Laws § 23-17.14-35 provides:

The following provisions apply solely and exclusively to judicially approved good faith settlements of claims relating to the St. Joseph Health Services of Rhode Island Retirement Plan, also sometimes known as the St. Joseph Health Services of Rhode Island pension plan:

> (1) A release by a claimant of one joint tortfeasor, whether before or after judgment, does not discharge the other joint tortfeasors unless the release so provides, but such release shall reduce the claim against the other joint tortfeasors in the amount of the consideration paid for the release.

(2) A release by a claimant of one joint tortfeasor relieves them from liability to make contribution to another joint tortfeasor.

(3) For purposes of this section, a good faith settlement is one that does not exhibit collusion, fraud, dishonesty, or other wrongful or tortious conduct intended to prejudice the non-settling tortfeasor(s), irrespective of the settling or non-settling tortfeasors' proportionate share of liability.

R.I. Gen. Laws § 23-17.14-35. This is now consistent with the general rule since July

14, 2021: "A release by the injured person of one joint tortfeasor, whether before or after

¹³⁹ Ledsham Dec. ¶ 3, Exhibit 1.

judgment, does not discharge the other tortfeasors unless the release so provides; but reduces the claim against the other tortfeasors in the amount of the consideration paid for the release." R.I. Gen. Laws § 10-6-7 (eff. July 14, 2021).¹⁴⁰

As noted, the Superior Court approved the Proposed Settlement on October 18,

2023, and in connection therewith expressly found "that the Settlement Agreement

constitutes a good-faith settlement under R.I. Gen. Laws § 23-17.14-35."141

CONCLUSION

The Court is respectfully requested to enter an order granting the following relief:

- 1. granting preliminary approval of the settlement pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 23(e);
- 2. preliminarily certifying a non-opt-out Settlement Class consisting of all Plan participants;
- preliminarily appointing the Individual Named Plaintiffs Gail J. Major, Nancy Zompa, Ralph Bryden, Dorothy Willner, Caroll Short, Donna Boutelle, and Eugenia Levesque, as Representatives of the Settlement Class
- 4. preliminarily appointing Wistow, Sheehan & Loveley, PC to represent the Settlement Class;
- 5. authorizing the Receiver to carry out the Notice Plan and issue the Class Notice to the Settlement Class;
- 6. scheduling the submission of Plaintiffs' motion for final class action settlement approval;
- scheduling the hearing for final approval of the settlement and approval of WSL's motion for an award of attorneys' fees and set deadline(s) for objections to both; and

¹⁴⁰ <u>See</u> 2021 Rhode Island Laws Ch. 21-410 (21-S 733) § 3 ("This act shall take effect upon passage and shall apply to all claims pending at the time of passage or asserted thereafter; provided, however, that this act shall not apply to, affect or impair releases executed before the passage date."); 2021 Rhode Island Laws Ch. 21-411 (21-H 5560) § 3 (same).

¹⁴¹ Ledsham Dec. ¶ 79, Exhibit 11 (October 18, 2023 Order).

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8. granting approval of the settlement between Plaintiffs and the Diocesan Defendants as a good faith settlement pursuant to R.I. Gen. Laws § 23-17.14-35.

Respectfully submitted,

Plaintiffs, By their Attorneys,

/s/ Max Wistow

Max Wistow, Esq. (#0330) Stephen P. Sheehan, Esq. (#4030) Benjamin Ledsham, Esq. (#7956) WISTOW, SHEEHAN & LOVELEY, PC 61 Weybosset Street Providence, RI 02903 401-831-2700 (tel.) <u>mwistow@wistbar.com</u> <u>spsheehan@wistbar.com</u> <u>bledsham@wistbar.com</u>

Dated: October 25, 2023

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Exhibit A

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT DISTRICT OF RHODE ISLAND

Del Sesto et al. v. Prospect Chartercare, LLC et al.

C.A. No: 1:18-CV-00328-WES-LDA

NOTICE OF CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENT

YOUR LEGAL RIGHTS MIGHT BE AFFECTED IF YOU ARE A MEMBER OF THE FOLLOWING CLASS (the "Settlement Class"):

All participants of the St. Joseph Health Services of Rhode Island Retirement Plan ("the Plan"), including:

- all surviving former employees of St. Joseph Health Services of Rhode i) Island who are entitled to benefits under the Plan; and
- ii) all representatives and beneficiaries of deceased former employees of St. Joseph Health Services of Rhode Island who are entitled to benefits under the Plan.

PLEASE READ THIS NOTICE CAREFULLY. A FEDERAL COURT AUTHORIZED THIS NOTICE. THIS IS NOT A SOLICITATION FROM A LAWYER. YOU HAVE NOT BEEN SUED.

U.S. District Judge William E. Smith of the United States District Court for the District of Rhode Island (the "Court") has preliminarily approved a proposed settlement (the "Settlement") of a class action lawsuit brought under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 ("ERISA") and state common law. The Settlement will provide for payments to the Plan. The Settlement is summarized below.

The Court has scheduled a hearing (the "Final Approval Hearing") to consider the Individual Named Plaintiffs' motion for final approval of the Settlement, including Plaintiffs' Counsel's application for attorneys' fees. The Final Approval Hearing before U.S. District Judge William E. Smith has been scheduled for

the United States District Court for the District of Rhode Island, Federal Courthouse, 1 Exchange Terrace, Providence, Rhode Island 02903. Any objections to the Settlement or the application for attorneys' fees must be served in writing on Plaintiffs' Counsel and on the Diocesan Defendants' attorneys, as identified on pages 12 and 13 of this Notice

of Class Action Settlement ("Mailed Notice"). The procedure for objecting is described below.

This Mailed Notice contains summary information with respect to the Settlement. The terms and conditions of the Settlement are set forth in a Settlement Agreement (herein referred to as the "Plan/Diocesan Defendants Settlement Agreement"). Capitalized terms used in this Mailed Notice but not defined in this Mailed Notice have the meanings assigned to them in the Plan/Diocesan Defendants Settlement Agreement. The Plan/Diocesan Defendants Settlement Agreement, and additional information with respect to this lawsuit (the "Action") and the Settlement, is contained in Plaintiffs' Motion for Preliminary Settlement Approval. Settlement Class Certification. Appointment of Class Counsel, and a Finding of Good Faith Settlement ("Plaintiffs' Motion for Preliminary Settlement Approval"), filed on October 25, 2023, and is available at the internet site https://www.pierceatwood.com/receivership-filings-st-joseph-healthservices-rhode-island-retirement-plan ("the Plan Receiver's Web Site") that was established by Attorney Stephen Del Sesto as Court-Appointed Receiver and Administrator of the Plan (hereinafter the "Plan Receiver") in that certain civil action entitled St. Joseph Health Services of Rhode Island, Inc. v. St. Joseph Health Services of Rhode Island Retirement Plan, C.A. No. PC-2017-3856, filed in Providence County Superior Court in the State of Rhode Island (the "Plan Receivership Proceedings").

PLEASE READ THIS MAILED NOTICE CAREFULLY AND COMPLETELY. IF YOU ARE A MEMBER OF THE CLASS, THE SETTLEMENT WILL AFFECT YOUR RIGHTS. YOU ARE NOT BEING SUED IN THIS MATTER. YOU DO NOT HAVE TO APPEAR IN COURT, AND YOU DO NOT HAVE TO HIRE AN ATTORNEY IN THIS CASE. IF YOU ARE IN FAVOR OF THE SETTLEMENT, YOU NEED NOT DO ANYTHING. IF YOU DISAPPROVE, YOU MAY OBJECT TO THE SETTLEMENT BY FOLLOWING THE PROCEDURES DESCRIBED BELOW.

YOUR LEGAL RIGHTS AND OPTIONS UNDER THE SETTLEMENT

YOU WILL NOT RECEIVE A DIRECT PAYMENT IN CONNECTION WITH THIS SETTLEMENT

The Settlement provides for payment of certain funds to increase the assets of the Plan, and to put the Plan on a better financial position than it would be without the Settlement to meet payment obligations to Plan participants and their beneficiaries in accordance with their rights under the Plan and applicable law. It is not expected that the Settlement will increase Plan assets sufficiently to make the Plan fully funded to meet all its benefit obligations. The parties hope but have no assurance that approval of this settlement will

facilitate the Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation ("PBGC") taking over the Plan and agreeing to provide the maximum statutory guaranteed benefits. However, if that does not occur, the Settlement will be void.

Plan Participants or beneficiaries of Plan participants will not receive any direct payments in connection with this Settlement.

If the Settlement is approved by the Court and you are a member of the Class, you will not need to do anything.

THIS SETTLEMENT WILL NOT REDUCE YOUR RIGHTS TO COMMENCE OR CONTINUE TO RECEIVE A BENEFIT FROM THE PLAN

If the Settlement is approved by the Court and you are a member of the Settlement Class, your entitlement to commence or receive a benefit at the time and in the form provided under the terms of the Plan will not be reduced or diminished as a result of your participation in the Settlement. To the contrary, the effect if the Settlement is approved by the Court will be to increase the assets available to pay benefits under the Plan.

YOU MAY OBJECT TO THE SETTLEMENT BY _____

If you wish to object to any part of the Settlement, you may (as discussed below) write to the Court and counsel about why you object to the Settlement.

YOU MAY ATTEND THE FINAL APPROVAL HEARING TO BE HELD ON _____

If you submit a written objection to the Settlement to the Court and counsel before the Court-approved deadline, you may (but do not have to) attend the Final Approval Hearing about the Settlement and present your objections to the Court. You may attend the Final Approval Hearing even if you do not file a written objection, but you will only be allowed to speak at the Final Approval Hearing if you have filed a written notice of objection in advance of the Final Approval Hearing AND you file a Notice of Intention to Appear. To file a written notice of objection and Notice of Intention to Appear, you must follow the instructions set forth in answer to Question 12 in this Mailed Notice.

• These rights and options—and the deadlines to exercise them—are explained in this Mailed Notice.

• The Court still has to decide whether to approve the Settlement. Payments will be made only if the Court approves the Settlement.

Further information regarding this Action and this Mailed Notice may be obtained by contacting the following Plaintiffs' Counsel:

> Max Wistow, Esq., Stephen P. Sheehan, Esq., or Benjamin Ledsham, Esq. WISTOW, SHEEHAN & LOVELEY, PC 61 Weybosset Street Providence, RI 02903 401-831-2700 (tel.) mwistow@wistbar.com spsheehan@wistbar.com bledsham@wistbar.com

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SUMMARY OF SETTLEMENT

This Action is in part a class action in which the Plan Receiver and the Individual Named Plaintiffs claim that the Plan is underfunded such that it will not be able to pay all the benefits to which Plan participants are entitled, and that the defendants are liable for that underfunding, as well as related claims. Copies of the Complaint and First Amended Complaint filed in the Action are available at the Plan Receiver's Web Site, https://www.pierceatwood.com/receivership-filings-st-joseph-health-services-rhodeisland-retirement-plan.

The Diocesan Defendants are Defendants Roman Catholic Bishop of Providence, a corporation sole, Diocesan Administration Corporation, and Diocesan Service Corporation (collectively the "Diocesan Defendants"). If this Settlement is approved, the Plan Receiver and the Individual Named Plaintiffs will continue to assert claims against (to the extent of their assets) CharterCARE Community Board ("CCCB"), St. Joseph Health Services of Rhode Island ("SJHSRI"), and Roger Williams Hospital ("RWH"), in the Rhode Island Superior Court matter captioned In re: CharterCARE Community Board, St. Joseph Health Services of Rhode Island and Roger Williams Hospital (C.A. No. PC-2019-11756) (the "Liquidation Proceedings"). The Plan Receiver's and the Individual Named Plaintiffs' claims against the Diocesan Defendants arise principally from a 2014 transaction in which certain of the assets and certain of the liabilities of SJHSR, RWH, and CCCB were sold. The Plan Receiver's and the Individual Named Plaintiffs' claims are set forth in the allegations in the First Amended Complaint in this Action, the material terms of which the Diocesan Defendants deny.

The terms of settlement are set forth in the Settlement Agreement. Under the agreement, the Diocese will make a gross payment of \$2.5 million, the net proceeds of which will be paid to the Plan Receivership after payment of attorneys' fees, upon the occurrence of the following events:

- First, the Court agrees to stay¹ the pending litigation pending the action by • Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation ("PBGC");
- Second, as of an appropriate time (expected to be no sooner than the • Spring of 2024) the Plan's Receiver will seek to have PBGC terminate the Plan, and PBGC agrees to take over the Plan;
- Third, PBGC agrees, upon Plan termination and trusteeship, to release, or • to not assert, any claims against any Diocesan-related entities;

¹ This condition has already been satisfied.

- Fourth, PBGC agrees to provide the maximum statutory guaranteed benefits; and
- Fifth, the Court and the Superior Court approve the settlement terms, including complete releases of all claims by the settlement class, with the Court certifying a settlement class.

Should any of these conditions not be met, the Settlement Agreement will become void, no payments will be made, and all claims and defenses will remain outstanding.

In consideration for Diocesan Defendants' Settlement Payment to the Plan Receiver, the Plan Receiver and the Individual Named Plaintiffs agree to release the Diocesan Defendants and certain other individuals and entities and to dismiss all claims against the Diocesan Defendants in this Action or in related litigation that is pending in the Rhode Island Superior Court. The terms and conditions of those releases are more fully described in the Plan/Diocesan Defendants Settlement Agreement.

This Settlement is contingent upon final approval by the United States District Court for the District of Rhode Island in this Action. Further details regarding this Settlement are described below.

STATEMENT OF POTENTIAL OUTCOME OF THE ACTION

If this Settlement had not been agreed to, or if this Settlement does not receive the necessary final approval from the United States District Court for the District of Rhode Island in this Action, the Diocesan Defendants would dispute the claims asserted in the Action and in the related litigation.

The Plan Receiver and the Individual Named Plaintiffs would face an uncertain outcome if the Action and the related litigation were to continue against the Diocesan Defendants and the non-Diocesan Defendants. There is no assurance that the Plan Receiver or the Individual Named Plaintiffs will secure recoveries from the Diocesan Defendants. In that case, this proposed Settlement may be the only opportunity to significantly increase the assets of the pension fund to pay benefits as and when they are due, and the consequence of not approving the Settlement may be that the pension fund runs out of money sooner than if the Settlement were approved.

It is not possible to forecast exactly which type of outcome would occur if this Action and the related litigation were to continue against the Diocesan Defendants. The litigation risks involving the Diocesan Defendants arise out of the unique facts of this case and the novelty and complexity of the legal issues involved, which could result in a verdict in favor of the Diocesan Defendants on liability. Moreover, as discussed below, because of the limited remedies available under ERISA, Plaintiffs could succeed in proving their claims against the Diocesan Defendants but receive limited or even no recovery.

Plaintiffs principally contend the Diocesan Defendants became liable for the Plan by improperly participating (in violation of fiduciary duties they owed to the Plan participants) in the 2014 Asset Sale concerning assets of CCCB, SJHSRI, and RWH (including, most notably, the hospitals known as Our Lady of Fatima Hospital and Roger Williams Hospital, as well as other medical facilities).

Those claims involve highly contested factual issues. Notably, the Diocese of Providence contends it ceased acting as Plan Sponsor and Plan Administrator in 1995, nineteen (19) years before the Asset Sale. Beginning in 1995, the Plan Sponsor and Administrator was purportedly SJHSRI, and the Diocese of Providence contends it had no formal role in connection with the Plan. The Diocesan Defendants claim, therefore, that they are not liable for any irregularities that occurred in connection with the Asset Sale in 2014.

Moreover, the Diocesan Defendants dispute that the Asset Sale was improper. Plaintiffs' claim that the Asset Sale was improper would have to overcome the fact that the Asset Sale was approved by the Rhode Island Attorney General and the Rhode Island Department of Health, after voluminous filings and public hearings.

Those claims also involve legal issues that affect Plaintiffs' potential recovery. Plaintiffs asserted overlapping (a) ERISA and (b) state law claims for breaches of fiduciary duty. On September 13, 2023, the Court granted the Diocesan Defendants partial summary judgment. The Court held that the Plan ceased to qualify as a Church Plan by April 29, 2013 at the very latest, which, if not vacated by the Court or on appeal, would likely result in many (and possibly all) of the Plaintiffs' state law claims against the Diocesan Defendants being dismissed under ERISA preemption.

In that event, Plaintiffs would be allowed to proceed with their claims under ERISA. However, ERISA allows only equitable remedies, and the law is arguably unclear whether any such remedies would result in Plaintiffs obtaining a recovery from the Diocesan Defendants. Thus, Plaintiffs might succeed in proving their claims against the Diocesan Defendants but still receive little or even no recovery.

In summary, the Plan Receiver, the Individual Named Plaintiffs, and the Diocesan Defendants do not agree on liability. They also do not agree on the amount that would be recoverable even if the Plan Receiver and the Individual Named Plaintiffs were to prevail at trial against the Diocesan Defendants. If this Settlement had not been agreed to, or if this Settlement is not approved, the Diocesan Defendants would strongly deny

all claims and contentions by the Plaintiffs and deny any wrongdoing with respect to the Plan.

Nevertheless, having considered the uncertainty and expense inherent in any litigation, particularly in a complex case such as this, the Plan Receiver and the Individual Named Plaintiffs and the Diocesan Defendants have concluded that it is desirable that the Action be fully and finally settled as between them, on the terms and conditions set forth in the Plan/Diocesan Defendant settlement Agreement.

STATEMENT OF ATTORNEYS' FEES SOUGHT IN THE ACTION

Plaintiffs' Counsel will apply to the Court for an order awarding attorneys' fees in accordance with the Retainer Agreement previously approved by the Rhode Island Superior Court in the Plan Receivership Proceedings concerning Plaintiffs' Counsel's representation of the Plan Receiver in this and other cases, in the amount of 23 1/3% of the Settlement Payment. Any amount awarded will be paid from the Settlement Payment. The Diocesan Defendants will not oppose Plaintiffs' Counsel's application and otherwise have no responsibility for payment of such fees.

Neither the Individual Named Plaintiffs nor any of the Settlement Class Members will receive any direct payments in connection with the Settlement. The Plan Receiver will receive the Net Settlement Amount for deposit into the assets of the Plan in accordance with the orders of the Superior Court in the Plan Receivership Proceeding. The benefit the Individual Named Plaintiffs or any of the Settlement Class Members will receive will be that the funds paid to the Plan in connection with the Settlement will increase the amount of the assets of the Plan available to pay benefits to the Plan participants and the beneficiaries of the Plan participants.

BASIC INFORMATION

1. WHY DID I GET THIS NOTICE PACKAGE?

You are a member of the Settlement Class, because you are a Participant in the Plan, or are the Beneficiary of someone who is a participant in the Plan.

The Court directed that this Mailed Notice be sent to you because, since you were identified as a member of the Settlement Class, you have a right to know about the Settlement and the options available to you regarding the Settlement before the Court decides whether to approve the Settlement. This Mailed Notice describes the Action and the Settlement.

The Court in charge of the Action is the United States District Court for the District of Rhode Island. The persons who sued are Stephen Del Sesto (as Receiver and Administrator of the Plan), and seven Plan participants, Gail J. Major, Nancy Zompa, Ralph Bryden, Dorothy Willner, Caroll Short, Donna Boutelle, and Eugenia Levesque. These Plan participants are called the "Individual Named Plaintiffs," and the people they sued are called "Defendants." The remaining Defendants are CharterCARE Community Board, St. Joseph Health Services of Rhode Island, the corporation Roger Williams Hospital, Roman Catholic Bishop of Providence, Diocesan Administration Corporation, and Diocesan Service Corporation. The Action is known as *Del Sesto et al. v. Prospect Chartercare LLC, et al.*, C.A. No: 1:18-CV-00328-WES-LDA.

The Settlement also involves and resolves certain claims asserted in related litigation in the Rhode Island Superior Court (the "Related Litigation").

2. WHAT IS THE ACTION ABOUT?

The Individual Named Plaintiffs and the Plan Receiver principally contend the Diocesan Defendants became liable for the Plan by improperly participating (in violation of fiduciary duties they owed to the Plan participants) in the 2014 Asset Sale concerning assets of CCCB, SJHSRI, and RWH (including, most notably, the hospitals known as Our Lady of Fatima Hospital and Roger Williams Hospital, as well as other medical facilities). The Diocesan Defendants deny the claims in the Action, deny that they were obligated to fund the Plan and Plaintiffs' related claims, and deny that they have engaged in any wrongdoing.

3. SETTLEMENT DISCUSSIONS

The proposed Settlement is the product of over five and a half years of investigative and litigation activity and recent negotiations between Plaintiffs and the Diocesan Defendants through their respective counsel. Those negotiations were mediated by the Hon. Frank Williams, who is a retired Chief Justice of the Rhode Island Supreme Court.

4. WHY IS THIS CASE A CLASS ACTION?

In a class action, one or more plaintiffs, called "class representatives" sue on behalf of people who have similar claims. All these people who have similar claims collectively make up the "class" and are referred to individually as "class members." One case resolves the issues for all class members together. Because the purported wrongful conduct alleged in this Action affected a large group of people—participants in the

Plan—in a similar way, the Individual Named Plaintiffs filed this case as a proposed class action.

5. WHY IS THERE A SETTLEMENT?

As in any litigation, all parties face an uncertain outcome. On the one hand, continuation of the case against the Diocesan Defendants could result in a judgment greater than this Settlement. On the other hand, continuation of the case against the Diocesan Defendants could result in a judgment in their favor and reduce the sums available to fund the Plan by litigation expenses.

Based on these factors, the Plan Receiver, the Individual Named Plaintiffs, and Plaintiffs' Counsel have concluded that the proposed Settlement is in the best interests of all members of the Class.

6. WILL THIS ACTION CONTINUE AFTER THE SETTLEMENT?

This Action will continue against CharterCARE Community Board, St. Joseph Health Services of Rhode Island and Roger Williams Hospital but only to the extent of their remaining assets as determined in the Liquidation Proceedings.

7. HOW DO I KNOW WHETHER I AM PART OF THE SETTLEMENT?

You are a member of the Settlement Class if you fall within the criteria for the Settlement Class preliminarily approved by U.S. District Judge William E. Smith:

All participants of the St. Joseph Health Services of Rhode Island Retirement Plan ("the Plan"), including:

- i) all surviving former employees of St. Joseph Health Services of Rhode Island who are entitled to benefits under the Plan; and
- all representatives and beneficiaries of deceased former employees of St. Joseph Health Services of Rhode Island who are entitled to benefits under the Plan.

8. CAN I GET OUT OF THE SETTLEMENT?

You do not have the right to exclude yourself from the Settlement. The Plan/Diocesan Defendants Settlement Agreement provides for certification of the Class as a non-optout

class action under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 23(b)(1)(B), and the Court has determined that it will likely certify the Settlement Class under that rule. As a member of the Class, you will be bound by any judgments or orders that are entered in the Action for all claims that were or could have been asserted in the Action or are otherwise released under the Settlement.

Although you cannot opt out of the Settlement, you can object to the Settlement and ask the Court not to approve it. For more information on how to object to the Settlement, see the answer to Question 13 below.

9. WHO ARE THE LAWYERS REPRESENTING THE CLASS

Plaintiffs' Counsel Wistow, Sheehan & Loveley, PC have been preliminarily appointed to represent the Class.

10. DO I HAVE A LAWYER IN THE CASE?

The Court has appointed Plaintiffs' Counsel Wistow, Sheehan & Loveley, PC to represent the Class in the Action. You will not be charged directly by these lawyers. If you want to be represented by your own lawyer, you may hire one at your own expense.

11. HOW WILL THE LAWYERS BE PAID?

Plaintiffs' Counsel will file a motion for the award of attorneys' fees of 23 1/3% of the Settlement Payment. The percentage of 23 1/3% is the percentage applicable to Plaintiffs' Counsel's representation of Attorney Stephen Del Sesto as Plan Receiver in this Action and was previously approved by Associate Justice Brian P. Stern of the Rhode Island Superior Court in connection with the case captioned St. Joseph Health Services of Rhode Island, Inc., Petitioner, v. St. Josephs Health Services of Rhode Island Retirement Plan, as amended, PC-2017-3856 (the "Plan Receivership Proceedings"). The petition filed on behalf of SJHSRI alleged that the Plan was insolvent and sought an immediate reduction in benefits of 40% for all Plan participants. The Superior Court in the Plan Receivership Proceedings authorized the retention of Wistow, Sheehan & Loveley, PC as Special Counsel to the Plan Receiver, to investigate and assert possible claims that may benefit the Plan, pursuant to Wistow, Sheehan & Loveley, PC's retainer agreement which was approved by the Superior Court.

On October 18, 2023, the Rhode Island Superior Court entered an order approving the Settlement and finding that Wistow, Sheehan & Loveley, PC's contingent fee for

representing the Plan Receiver of 23 1/3% (as set forth in the Petition for Settlement Instructions and Approval and which the Superior Court had previously approved) is fair, reasonable, and a benefit to the Receivership estate and, subject to the approval of the Proposed Settlement and the fee by the Court in this Action, the Plan Receiver is authorized to pay said fee to Wistow, Sheehan & Loveley, PC from the proceeds of the Proposed Settlement.

Plaintiffs' Counsel's Motion for Award of Attorneys' Fees and Costs has been filed and it may be obtained at the Plan Receiver's Web Site, https://www.pierceatwood.com/receivership-filings-st-joseph-health-services-rhode-

island-retirement-plan. This motion will be considered at the Final Approval Hearing described below. The Diocesan Defendants will not take any position on that matter before the Court.

12. **OBJECTING TO THE ATTORNEYS' FEES**

By following the procedures described in the answer to Question 13, you can tell the Court that you do not agree with the fees and expenses the attorneys intend to seek and ask the Court to deny their motion or limit the award.

13. HOW DO I TELL THE COURT IF I DO NOT LIKE THE SETTLEMENT?

If you are a member of the Settlement Class, you can object to the Settlement if you do not like any part of it. You can give reasons why you think the Court should not approve it, and you may object to Plaintiffs' Counsel's motion for attorneys' fees. To object, you must send a letter or other writing saying that you object to the Settlement in Del Sesto et al. v. Prospect Chartercare, LLC et al., C.A. No: 1:18-CV-00328-WES-LDA. Be sure to include your name, address, telephone number, signature, and a full explanation of all the reasons why you object to the Settlement. Your written objection must be sent to the following counsel and must be postmarked by no later than June 18, 2021.

PLAINTIFFS' COUNSEL

Max Wistow, Esq. Stephen P. Sheehan, Esq. Benjamin Ledsham, Esq. WISTOW, SHEEHAN & LOVELEY, PC 61 Weybosset Street Providence, RI 02903

401-831-2700 (tel.) mwistow@wistbar.com spsheehan@wistbar.com bledsham@wistbar.com

THE DIOCESAN DEFENDANTS' COUNSEL Howard Merten, Esq. Paul M. Kessimian, Esq. Christopher M. Wildenhain, Esq. Eugene G. Bernardo, II, Esq. Steven E. Snow, Esq. Partridge Snow & Hahn LLP 40 Westminster Street, Suite 1100 Providence, RI 02903 hm@psh.com pk@psh.com cmw@psh.com egb@psh.com ses@psh.com

You must also file your objection with the Clerk of the Court of the United States District Court for the District of Rhode Island by mailing it to the address set forth below. The objection must refer prominently to Del Sesto et al. v. Prospect Chartercare, LLC et al., C.A. No: 1:18-CV-00328-WES-LDA. Your objection must be postmarked no later than . The address is:

Clerk of the Court United States District Court for the **District of Rhode Island** Federal Courthouse

1 Exchange Terrace Providence, Rhode Island 02903

14. WHEN AND WHERE WILL THE COURT DECIDE WHETHER TO APPROVE THE SETTLEMENT?

THE FINAL APPROVAL HEARING

The Court will hold a hearing to decide whether to approve the Settlement as fair, reasonable, and adequate (the "Final Approval Hearing"). You may attend the Final Approval Hearing, but you do not have to attend.

The Court will hold the Final Approval Hearing at ______ on ______, at the United States District Court for the District of Rhode Island, Federal Courthouse, 1 Exchange Terrace, Providence, Rhode Island 02903, in the courtroom then occupied by U.S. District Judge William E. Smith. The Court may adjourn the Final Approval Hearing without further notice to the members of the Settlement Class, so if you wish to attend, you should confirm the date and time of the Final Approval Hearing with Plaintiffs' Counsel before doing so. At that hearing, the Court will consider whether the Settlement is fair, reasonable, and adequate. If there are objections, the Court will consider them. The Court will also rule on the motions for attorneys' fees.

15. DO I HAVE TO COME TO THE HEARING?

No, but you are welcome to come at your own expense. If you file an objection, you do not have to come to the Final Approval Hearing to talk about it. As long as you mailed your written objection on time, it will be before the Court when the Court considers whether to approve the Settlement. You also may pay your own lawyer to attend the Final Approval Hearing, but such attendance is also not necessary.

16. MAY I SPEAK AT THE HEARING?

If you submit a written objection to the Settlement or to Plaintiffs' Counsel's motion for attorneys' fees to the Court and counsel before the Court-approved deadline, you may (but do not have to) attend the Final Approval Hearing and present your objections to the Court. You may attend the Final Approval Hearing even if you do not file a written objection, but you will only be allowed to speak at the Final Approval Hearing if you file a written objection in advance of the Final Approval Hearing AND you file a Notice of Intention To Appear, as described in this paragraph. To do so, you must send a letter or other paper called a "Notice of Intention To Appear at Final Approval Hearing in <u>Del</u> <u>Sesto et al. v. Prospect Chartercare, LLC et al.</u>, C.A. No: 1:18-CV-00328-WES-LDA ."

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Notice of Intention To Appear must be sent to the attorneys listed in the answer to Question 15 above, postmarked no later than ______, and must be filed with the Clerk of the Court by mailing it (post-marked no later than _____) to the address listed in the answer to Question 13.

17. WHAT HAPPENS IF I DO NOTHING AT ALL?

If you do nothing and you are a member of the Settlement Class, you will participate in the Settlement of the Action as described above in this Mailed Notice.

GETTING MORE INFORMATION

18. ARE THERE MORE DETAILS ABOUT THE SETTLEMENT?

Yes. This Mailed Notice summarizes the proposed Settlement. The complete terms are set forth in the Plan/Diocesan Defendants Settlement Agreement, which is contained in Plaintiffs' Motion for Preliminary Settlement Approval, and is available at the Plan Receiver's Web Site, <u>https://www.pierceatwood.com/receivership-filings-st-joseph-health-services-rhode-island-retirement-plan</u>. You are encouraged to read the complete Plan/Diocesan Defendants Settlement Agreement.

DATED: November ___, 2023.

UNITED STATE DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF RHODE ISLAND

STEPHEN DEL SESTO, AS RECEIVER AND	:
ADMINISTRATOR OF THE ST. JOSEPH	:
HEALTH SERVICES OF RHODE ISLAND	:
RETIREMENT PLAN, ET AL.	:
	:
Plaintiffs	:
	:
٧.	: C.A. No:1:18-CV-00328-WES-LDA
PROSPECT CHARTERCARE, LLC, ET AL.	:
	:
Defendants.	:

DECLARATION OF BENJAMIN LEDSHAM

Benjamin Ledsham, Esq. hereby declares and states as follows:

1. Max Wistow, Stephen Sheehan, and I are counsel in the captioned matter to Plaintiffs Stephen Del Sesto (the "Receiver") (as Receiver and Administrator of the St. Joseph Health Services of Rhode Island Retirement Plan (the "Plan"), and as Liquidating Receiver of St. Joseph Health Services of Rhode Island ("SJHSRI"), Roger Williams Hospital ("RWH"), and CharterCARE Community Board ("CCCB")), and Gail J. Major, Nancy Zompa, Ralph Bryden, Dorothy Willner, Caroll Short, Donna Boutelle, and Eugenia Levesque, individually as named plaintiffs (the "Individual Named Plaintiffs").

2. I am making this declaration in support of Plaintiffs' motion for preliminary approval of a class action settlement (the "Proposed Settlement") with Defendants Roman Catholic Bishop of Providence, a corporation sole, Diocesan Administration Corporation, and Diocesan Service Corporation (collectively the "Diocesan Defendants"), and related relief, including preliminary certification of the settlement class.

3. The settlement agreement ("Settlement Agreement") is attached hereto as

Exhibit 1.

4. Plaintiffs submit herewith the following four affidavits or declarations,

which were initially filed on September 22, 2023 with the Rhode Island Superior Court in

connection with the Receiver's Petition for Settlement Instructions and Approval:

- The Affidavit of the Hon. Frank J. Williams, C.J. (Ret.) ("Williams Dec."), sworn to on September 19, 2023, concerning the mediation and terms of the Proposed Settlement, and the fees to be awarded to Plaintiffs' Counsel Wistow, Sheehan & Loveley, P.C. ("WSL");¹
- The Affidavit of Arlene Violet, Esq. ("Violet Dec."), sworn to on September 19, 2023, who represents over 285 Plan participants, in support of approval of the Proposed Settlement and the fees to be awarded to WSL;²
- The Affidavit of Christopher Callaci, Esq. ("Callaci Dec."), sworn to on September 19, 2023, who in his capacity as General Counsel for United Nurses and Allied Professionals ("UNAP") represents the approximately 400 Plan participants who are members of UNAP, in support of approval of the Proposed Settlement and the fees to be awarded to WSL;³ and
- The Declaration of Jeffrey W. Kasle, Esq. ("Kasle Dec."), sworn to on September 20, 2023, who represents 247 Plan participants, in support of approval of the Proposed Settlement and the fees to be awarded to WSL.⁴
- 5. If this Proposed Settlement is approved, Defendants CCCB, SJHSRI, and

RWH will not be dismissed. Plaintiffs are prosecuting their claims against CCCB, RWH,

and SJHSRI in the Liquidation Proceedings.

¹ Attached hereto as Exhibit 2 (Affidavit of the Hon. Frank J. Williams, C.J. (Ret.)).

² Attached hereto as Exhibit 3 (Affidavit of Arlene Violet, Esq.).

³ Attached hereto as Exhibit 4 (Affidavit of Christopher Callaci, Esq.).

⁴ Attached hereto as Exhibit 5 (Declaration of Jeffrey W. Kasle, Esq.).

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6. The Plan is a defined benefit plan established by Defendant St. Joseph Health Services of Rhode Island ("SJHSRI") which according to the records of the Plan as of October 3, 2023 has 2,761 participants.

7. In August 2017, Defendant SJHSRI petitioned ("the "Receivership Petition") the Rhode Island Superior Court to place the Plan into receivership, in the case captioned <u>St. Joseph Health Services of Rhode Island, Inc. v. St. Josephs Health Services of Rhode Island Retirement Plan, as amended</u>, PC-2017-3856 (the "Plan Receivership Proceedings").

8. The Receivership Petition alleged that the Plan was insolvent and requested that benefits under the Plan be reduced by 40%.⁵

9. Attorney Stephen Del Sesto was appointed Receiver of the Plan by the Superior Court.⁶

10. He thereafter obtained permission from the Superior Court to retain WSL as his "Special Litigation Counsel" to investigate and assert possible claims that may benefit the Plan, pursuant to WSL's retainer agreement which was approved by the Superior Court prior to its execution.⁷

11. The Order granting the Receiver's petition to retain WSL stated in pertinent part:

That for the reasons stated in the Receiver's Petition and in accordance with the terms of the Engagement, attached to the Petition as Exhibit A and incorporated herein by reference, the Receiver is hereby authorized to retain the law firm of Wistow Sheehan & Love[e]ly PC ("WSL") to act as

⁵ The Petition for the Appointment of a Receiver (without exhibits for purposes of brevity) is ECF # 207-7.

⁶ The Orders appointing Attorney Stephen Del Sesto as Temporary and subsequently Permanent Receiver of the Plan are ECF ## 207-8 & 207-9.

⁷ The Receiver's petition seeking to retain WSL as Special Litigation Counsel is ECF # 207-10.

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the Receivership Estate's special litigation counsel for the purposes more specifically set forth in the Petition and the Engagement^[8]

12. The Engagement (WSL's Retainer Agreement) sets forth the fee agreement and provides in pertinent part that "[i]f suit is brought, the [Plan] Receiver agrees to pay as legal fees twenty-three and one-third percent (23 1/3%) of the gross of any amount thereafter recovered by way of suit, compromise, settlement, or otherwise."⁹

13. With the approval of the Receiver, WSL was also retained by the seven Individual Named Plaintiffs, Gail J. Major, Nancy Zompa, Ralph Bryden, Dorothy Willner, Caroll Short, Donna Boutelle, and Eugenia Levesque, all of whom are Plan participants, to investigate and assert claims on their behalf. The Individual Named Plaintiffs agreed to act on their own behalf and on behalf of the other Plan participants in a class action (the "Class Action").

14. Each of the Individual Named Plaintiffs entered into a separate retainer agreement¹⁰ with WSL, each of which stated in pertinent part:

WSL believes that the Receiver has standing to bring all necessary claims to protect participants and participants' beneficiaries. However, it is expected that there may be issues raised as to whether or not participants and participants' beneficiaries have the standing as to certain claims. To mitigate that potential issue, WSL is proposing to join class action claims along with the claims of the Receiver. You will be one of several persons represented by WSL named with regard to the class action claims.

* * *

In non-class litigation, parties asserting claims are free to pursue only their own interests; they need not take into account the interests of others. Class actions are different, and require both class representatives and the

⁸ The Order granting the emergency petition is ECF # 207-11.

⁹ The executed WSL Retainer Agreement is attached hereto as Exhibit 6.

¹⁰ The WSL Retainer Agreements with the seven Named Plaintiffs are ECF ## 207-13 through 207-19.

lawyers in their capacity as lawyers for the class to consider and pursue only the common claims and interests of the class as a whole. This means that you must always act in the best interest of the class as a whole and consider the interests of the class ahead of your own individual or personal interests. If at any time you fail or refuse to prioritize the interests of the class, you will not be able to serve as a class representative, and WSL will not be able to continue representing you.^[11]

* *

An aggregate settlement may be insufficient to completely compensate each claimant individually and disagreements may arise concerning how to allocate, or divide, an aggregate settlement. If there is insufficient proceeds or assets to cover the claims of each of the respective Clients, there can be disputes regarding how to allocate the proceeds or assets as between the joint Clients. If any disputes should arise between the joint Clients, WSL will not advise or represent any of the Clients (including the [Plan] Receiver) in connection with such disputes. WSL will remain able to advocate an overall settlement but not how such settlement should be divided.

15. Because the damages in the case concerned underfunding of the Plan

and the remedy sought was payment into the Plan, it was believed that the Receiver was the proper and sufficient party to assert all claims. The Individual Named Plaintiffs and the putative class were included notwithstanding that they would receive no recovery apart from the benefit they derive from the increase to the assets of the Plan, to moot any argument to the contrary.

16. The pre-suit investigation entailed the production and review of over 1,000,000 pages of documents over an eight-month period.

17. Plaintiffs filed their Complaint in this case on June 18, 2018 and filed their First Amended Complaint on October 5, 2018.

¹¹ <u>Id.</u> (ECF ## 207-13 through 207-19).

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18. The Receiver subsequently entered into three settlement agreements, in

August of 2018, September of 2018, and December 30, 2020, respectively, all three of

which were subject to the approval of the Court and the Rhode Island Superior Court.

19. The first settlement ("Settlement A") was of the Receiver's claims against

CCCB, SJHSRI, and Roger Williams Hospital ("RWH"), and involved an initial gross

cash recovery of \$12,681,202.91.¹² The Settlement Agreement included certain

additional transfers, commitments and stipulations, which were intended to position the

Receiver for additional recoveries on behalf of the Plan, including the following:

- CCCB's percentage interest (initially 15%) in Prospect Chartercare, LLC¹³ and CCCB's claims against Prospect (which were collectively identified as "CCCB's Hospital Interests") would be held by CCCB in trust for the Receiver;
- CCCB's membership interest in Defendant CharterCARE Foundation ("CCF") was assigned to the Receiver to further support the Receiver's claim against CCF;¹⁴
- SJHSRI, CCCB and RWH stipulated to liability at least for breach of contract and damages of \$125 million; and
- SJHSRI, RWH and CCCB committed to file petitions for liquidation in the Rhode Island Superior Court with the Receiver as the sole secured creditor with priority to all of their assets up to the amount of the unpaid balance of the \$125 million.
- 20. The second settlement ("Settlement B") was of the Receiver's claims

against CCF and involved a gross recovery of \$4.5 million.¹⁵

¹² The Settlement Agreement (without exhibits for purposes of brevity) for Settlement A is ECF # 207-20.

¹³ Which was the sole member of the entities that owned and operated Our Lady of Fatima and Roger Williams Hospital.

¹⁴ This interest was assigned by the Receiver to CCF in connection with Settlement B (which involved the payment of \$4.5 million).

¹⁵ The Settlement Agreement (without exhibits for purposes of brevity) for Settlement B is ECF # 207-21.

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21. The Plaintiffs sought the necessary court approvals for those two settlements, from both the Court and the Rhode Island Superior Court, over the extensive objections of the then-non-settling defendants (which included Prospect and the Diocesan Defendants). Over Plaintiffs' objection, the non-settling defendants were permitted to conduct limited discovery, including depositions, limited to the issues of good faith and alleged collusion.

22. Over the next ten months the parties in this case intensively litigated the validity of the two settlements and the motions to dismiss filed by Prospect, Angell, and the Diocesan Defendants.

23. After hearing, in connection with the approval of the settlement with CCF (Settlement B), the Rhode Island Superior Court approved WSL's fee for representing the Receiver pursuant to the WSL Retainer Agreement, subject to further approvals in the United States District Court.¹⁶

24. The Court appointed Deming Sherman, Esq. as Special Master to make a recommendation concerning the fees WSL would receive in connection with both settlements for representing the Class. The Special Master submitted his Report and Recommendation on Award of Attorneys' Fees on October 14, 2019.¹⁷

25. On March 21, 2019, CCCB commenced a civil action in the Rhode Island Superior Court, initially captioned <u>Chartercare Community Board, individually and</u> derivatively, as member of Prospect Chartercare, LLC and as trustee of the beneficial

¹⁶ That Order of the Rhode Island Superior Court is ECF # 207-22.

¹⁷ The Special Master's Report is ECF # 165.

interest of its membership interest in Prospect Chartercare, LLC v. Samuel Lee, et al., C.A. No. PC-2019-3654 ("CCCB v. Lee").

26. The complaint asserted several claims, including that Prospect East Holdings, Inc. had breached its obligation to contribute \$50 million in long-term capital contributions to Prospect Chartercare, LLC, and that Prospect Chartercare, LLC was refusing to provide CCCB with financial information necessary for CCCB to intelligently determine whether to exercise its option to sell its membership interest in Prospect Chartercare, LLC to Prospect East Holdings, Inc., pursuant to a valuation procedure agreed to in the LLC Agreement between and among CCCB, Prospect East Holdings, Inc., and Prospect Chartercare, LLC.

27. On April 25, 2019, the Superior Court in <u>CCCB v. Lee</u> entered a Stipulation and Consent Order which provided, *inter alia*, for limited discovery by CCCB and the Receiver from Prospect to obtain the information and documents that CCCB and the Receiver required to make an informed decision whether or not to exercise the Put option.

28. The motions to dismiss in this case were denied without prejudice, to allow submission of the motion for summary judgment on the issue of the applicability of ERISA to the Plan, and the Court entered a Stipulation and Order (ECF# 170) on October 22, 2019, scheduling limited periods of discovery on that issue.

29. On December 17, 2019, Plaintiffs filed their motion for partial summary judgment in this case, seeking a declaration that that by April 29, 2013 at the latest, the

Plan had not been a Church Plan within the meaning of 29 U.S.C. § 1002(33) and, therefore, was subject to ERISA.¹⁸

30. The parties in this case then undertook intensive discovery over a ninety (90) day period pursuant to the Stipulation and Order, limited to the issues raised by Plaintiffs' motion for summary judgment. That period was subsequently enlarged upon Prospect's motion.

31. Unbeknownst (at the time) to the Receiver, WSL, or the then-Liquidating Receiver, and without notice to any of them, certain applications ("CEC Applications") were filed in November of 2019 with the Center for Health Systems Policy and Regulation, Rhode Island Department of Health, in the proceeding captioned <u>In re:</u> <u>Change in Effective Control Applications by Prospect Chartercare RWMC, LLC and Prospect Chartercare SJHSRI, LLC, et al.</u>, concerning *inter alia* Fatima and Roger Williams Hospital.

32. Also unbeknownst (at the time) to the Receiver, WSL, or the then-Liquidating Receiver, and also without notice to any of them, certain applications ("HCA Applications") were filed thereafter with the Office of the Rhode Island Attorney General and the Rhode Island Department of Health in the proceeding captioned <u>Hospital</u> <u>Conversion Initial Application of Chamber Inc.; Ivy Holdings Inc.; Ivy Intermediate</u> <u>Holdings, Inc. [sic]; Prospect Medical Holdings, Inc.; Prospect East Holdings, Inc.;</u> <u>Prospect East Hospital Advisory Services, LLC; Prospect CharterCARE, LLC; Prospect CharterCARE SJHSRI, LLC; Prospect CharterCARE RWMC, LLC</u>.

¹⁸ Plaintiffs' motion for partial summary judgment is ECF # 173.

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33. On December 19, 2019, and pursuant to their obligations under the settlement agreement with the Receiver, CCCB, SJHSRI, and RWH filed their petition for a liquidating receivership in the Liquidation Proceedings.

34. Also on December 19, 2019, Prospect Medical Holdings, Inc. and Prospect East Holdings, Inc. filed a complaint in the Chancery Court of Delaware against CCCB.¹⁹ Prospect Medical Holdings, Inc. and Prospect East Holdings, Inc. asserted in the Delaware lawsuit that CCCB was obligated to indemnify them for all losses incurred in the Federal Court Action and the companion state court proceeding, pursuant to the provision in the LLC Agreement that purported to obligate CCCB to indemnify Prospect Medical Holdings, Inc. and Prospect East Holdings, Inc. for any expenses arising out a claim that Prospect had any liability under the Plan, and which provided that CCCB's interest in Prospect Chartercare, LLC would be reduced pro rata for any such expenses. Thus, Prospect both directly attacked the validity of the Receiver's beneficial interest in Prospect Chartercare, LLC, and sought to reduce the value of that interest to zero by setting off an indemnity claim against it, thereby reducing the assets of CCCB.

35. On January 17, 2020 Thomas Hemmendinger was appointed permanent²⁰ Liquidating Receiver in the Liquidation Proceedings.²¹

36. On April 21, 2020, the Receiver subsequently joined in <u>CCCB v. Lee</u> as a party plaintiff and together with CCCB filed a First Amended Complaint in <u>CCCB v. Lee</u>.

¹⁹ That Delaware Chancery Court Complaint is ECF # 207-24.

²⁰ ECF #207-25 (Order Appointing Permanent Liquidating Receiver). The Superior Court has subsequently discharged Mr. Hemmendinger and appointed Mr. Del Sesto as Permanent Liquidating Receiver. <u>See infra at ¶ 75.</u>

²¹ The Order appointing Mr. Hemmendinger as then-Permanent Liquidating Receiver is ECF # 207-25.

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37. Thereafter the Receiver and the then-Liquidating Receiver engaged in months of document discovery and motion practice before the court in <u>CCCB v. Lee</u> to obtain the information needed to intelligently determine whether to exercise CCCB's option to sell its interest in Prospect Chartercare, LLC. Said efforts to obtain court-ordered discovery were still ongoing when the parties entered into the Prospect/Angell Settlement.

38. The Receiver, WSL, and the then-Liquidating Receiver first learned of the CEC Applications and the HCA Applications in March and April of 2020. WSL on behalf of the Receiver, together with the then-Liquidating Receiver, filed formal objections in both proceedings. In particular, they objected to the applicants' proposal that Prospect Medical Holdings, Inc. would pay two private investment funds affiliated with Leonard Green & Partners an undisclosed sum (but which was at least \$11,900,000) for the private investment funds' interest in an ultimate parent company of Prospect Medical Holdings, Inc., which transfer would result in Messrs. Topper and Lee becoming 100% owners of the entity at the top of the chain of the holding companies in the Prospect group of companies, at no additional cost to them.

39. They also objected on the grounds that such transfer would deprive Prospect Medical Holdings, Inc. of assets without any benefit to Prospect Medical Holdings, Inc. They objected that such a transfer would be a fraudulent transfer for the benefit of Messrs. Topper and Lee, that would be prejudicial to the potential recovery of the Plaintiffs and CCCB against Prospect Medical Holdings, Inc., which had guaranteed Prospect East Holdings. Inc.'s obligation to contribute \$50 million to Prospect Chartercare, LLC in capital improvements, and against whom the Receiver had asserted direct claims in this case.

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40. WSL on behalf of the Receiver made several additional written submissions and participated in public hearings in connection with both proceedings on several occasions.

41. On June 26, 2020, Prospect filed its opposition to Plaintiffs' motion for partial summary judgment and filed its own cross-motion for partial summary judgment asking the court to enter an Order "finding that the Plan lost its church plan status on, and as of, December 15, 2014, but in any event no later than April 15, 2019."

42. The parties in this case then undertook discovery over another ninety (90) day period, pursuant to the Stipulation and Order, limited to the issues raised by Prospect's cross-motion for summary judgment.

43. On July 10, 2020, in the Liquidation Proceedings, the then-Liquidating Receiver and WSL on behalf of the Receiver filed a joint motion to disqualify Prospect's counsel Adler, Pollock & Sheehan, P.C. from representing Prospect in connection with the CEC and HCA Applications, based on their conflict of interest arising from their prior representation of CCCB and SJHSRI in connection with the 2014 Asset Sale.

44. Over the next several months, the movants submitted four supplemental memoranda in support of that motion. The Rhode Island Superior Court denied the motion on October 10, 2020, whereupon the then-Liquidating Receiver applied for and was granted leave to file a petition for *certiorari* with the Rhode Island Supreme Court. On December 20, 2020, the movants filed a motion for reconsideration of the Superior Court's denial of the motion to disqualify Prospect's counsel, on the grounds of newly discovered evidence concerning the adversity between Prospect's counsel's representation of Prospect and Prospect's counsel's prior representation of SJHSRI. The Receivers alleged this evidence had been improperly withheld from Plaintiffs and

the Superior Court. These matters were pending when the parties entered into the Prospect/Angell settlement.

45. On September 29, 2020, Prospect filed a motion in the Plan Receivership Proceedings to adjudge the Receiver in contempt for the Receiver's opposition to the CEC and HCA Applications.

46. On October 30, 2020, the Receiver and the then-Liquidating Receiver submitted an extensive objection to Prospect's CEC and HCA Applications to the Rhode Island Attorney General and Department of Health.²²

47. In early November of 2020, Plaintiffs, Prospect and Angell agreed to participate in a settlement mediation with retired Rhode Island Supreme Court Chief Justice Frank Williams as mediator. Over the next eight weeks, and with the support of the Mediator, the parties negotiated settlement terms and exchanged draft settlement documents.

48. As of December 30, 2020, Plaintiffs and the Settling Defendants agreed on the terms set forth in a settlement agreement (the "Prospect/Angell Settlement Agreement") pursuant to which Prospect and Angell agreed to pay \$30 million.²³

49. Pursuant to the terms of the Settlement Agreement, the parties filed a Stipulation and Consent Order in the Plan Receivership Proceedings, which the Superior Court entered on January 4, 2021.²⁴ The Stipulation and Consent Order provided, *inter alia*, that Prospect's contribution to the settlement would be funded by

²² That Objection (without exhibits except its Exhibit 1) is ECF # 207-26.

²³ The Prospect/Angell Settlement Agreement (without exhibits for purposes of brevity) is ECF # 207-27 at Exhibit 1 thereto.

²⁴ The Stipulation and Consent Order is ECF # 207-27.

two letters of credit issued by JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. with the Receiver as the sole beneficiary (the "Prospect Medical LOC" and the "Prospect East LOC"), and Angell's contribution to the settlement would be deposited into the Registry of the Superior Court.

50. On January 8, 2021, in accordance with the Settlement Agreement, the Receiver and the then-Liquidating Receiver notified the Rhode Island Attorney General and the Rhode Island Department of Health that they had no objections to the HCA and CEC Applications being granted.²⁵

51. On January 11, 2021, Angell deposited \$2,750,000.00 into the Registry of the Rhode Island Superior Court.

52. On January 20, 2021, the Prospect Medical LOC and the Prospect East LOC totaling \$27,250,000 were delivered to the Receiver.

53. On January 25, 2021, the Receiver filed his Petition for Settlement Instructions and Approval of the Prospect/Angell Settlement with the Rhode Island Superior Court, with notice to all parties who had participated in the Plan Receivership Proceedings, including the Diocesan Defendants.²⁶ At the same time the then-Liquidating Receiver filed his Petition for Settlement Instructions Regarding Settlement with Prospect Parties and the Angell Pension Group in the Liquidation Proceedings. There was no objection asserted to either petition.

 $^{^{25}}$ The notification is ECF # 207-28.

²⁶ The Receiver's February 2, 2021 Affidavit of Notice concerning the Prospect/Angell settlement petition is ECF # 207-29.

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54. Both petitions were heard in the Rhode Island Superior Court on February 12, 2021.²⁷ Judge Stern put on the record his reasons for granting both petitions.²⁸ Judge Stern also addressed the appropriateness of WSL's contingent fee of 23 1/3%.²⁹

55. Judge Stern's order granting the Prospect/Angell settlement petitions was entered on March 4, 2021.³⁰

56. On March 8, 2021, Judge Stern issued his Amended Decision explicating his reasoning and supporting his findings.³¹

57. Prospect's liability for the Plan had been expressly disclaimed in connection with Prospect's acquisition in 2014 (the "2014 Asset Sale") of certain of the assets and certain of CCCB, SJHSRI, and RWH (including, most notably, the hospitals known as Our Lady of Fatima Hospital and Roger Williams Hospital, as well as other medical facilities).³²

58. Moreover, the APA and specifically Prospect's disclaimer of liability for the Plan had been the subject of factual submissions and several public hearings before the Center for Health Systems Policy and Regulation of the Rhode Island Department of Health and the Office of the Rhode Island Attorney General, whose approval was

 $^{^{27}}$ The transcript of the hearing is ECF # 207-30.

²⁸ <u>See</u> ECF # 207-30 at 29-31.

²⁹ <u>See</u> ECF # 207-30 at 31-32.

³⁰ The order is ECF # 207-31.

³¹ Judge Stern's Amended Decision is ECF # 207-32.

³² ECF # 207-33 (Asset Purchase Agreement ("APA") between and among CCCB, SJHSRI, RWH, and Prospect) (without exhibits or schedules except Schedule 2.4) at 8 ("Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, the Company and/or the Company Subsidiaries are assuming only the Assumed Liabilities and are not assuming and shall not become liable for the payment or performance of any other Liability of Sellers (collectively, the 'Excluded Liabilities") & Schedule 2.4 (excluding "All liabilities related to the Retirement Plan").

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required under the Hospital Conversions Act, R.I. Gen. Laws § 23.17-14-1, et seq. in connection with the 2014 Asset Sale.

59. Furthermore, both the Center for Health Systems Policy and Regulation of the Rhode Island Department of Health and the Office of the Rhode Island Attorney General had issued approvals of that transaction (which Plaintiffs contend were based on inadequate and misleading representations) adopting Prospect's position that it would have no liability for the Plan.

60. In addition, the submissions of the parties to both the Center for Health Systems Policy and Regulation of the Rhode Island Department of Health and the Office of the Rhode Island Attorney General had represented that:

- a. SJHSRI sponsored the Plan;
- b. the Plan had historically been treated as, and was considered by all parties to the transaction to be, a "church plan," which was, therefore, exempt from the requirements of ERISA, including the obligation to adequately fund the Plan;
- c. following the 2014 Asset Sale, SJHSRI would continue to retain all responsibility for the Plan, with the financial support of CCCB and RWH;
- d. the Diocese of Providence would continue to sponsor SJHSRI after the 2014 Asset Sale, so as to (allegedly) preserve the "church plan" exemption; and
- e. SJHSRI, RWH, and CCCB anticipated having sufficient revenues to meet the needs of the Plan.
- 61. Angell had been retained by SJHSRI to provide actuarial services in

connection with the Plan and to act on behalf of SJHSRI in dealing directly with Plan

participants in connection with their benefits under the Plan.

62. Following the Superior Court's granting of the Receivers' petitions for

settlement instructions, the Receiver's Special Counsel filed a motion for preliminary

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settlement approval with the Court on March 11, 2021.³³ The Court subsequently granted preliminary settlement approval on March 26, 2021 and set down the hearing on final approval for July 20, 2021.³⁴

63. On July 29, 2021, the Court issued its written Order Granting Final Approval to Settlement, approving both the Prospect/Angell Settlement and WSL's fee.³⁵

64. At the conclusion of the Fairness Hearing on the Prospect/Angell Settlement on July 20, 2021, the Court had inquired of counsel concerning how the remaining case between Plaintiffs and the Diocesan Defendants would proceed, and a discussion ensued. During that discussion, counsel for the Diocesan Defendants suggested that the Federal Court should decide the Plaintiffs' motion for partial summary judgment and Prospect's cross motion for partial summary judgment. However, counsel for Plaintiffs took the position that the motion and cross-motion had been mooted by the Prospect/Angell Settlement. The Court directed Plaintiffs and the Diocesan Defendants to submit memoranda on the issue of mootness.

65. On August 31, 2021, Plaintiffs and the Diocesan Defendants filed their memoranda concerning mootness, with Plaintiffs contending the motion and cross motion were moot, and the Diocesan Defendants contending they were not moot.³⁶ On September 3, 2021, Plaintiffs filed their Reply to the Diocesan Defendants'

³³ ECF # 206.

³⁴ ECF # 209.

³⁵ ECF # 217.

³⁶ ECF # 222 (Diocesan Defendants' memorandum); ECF #223 (Plaintiffs' memorandum).

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memorandum concerning mootness,³⁷ and on September 7, 2021, the Diocesan Defendants filed its Reply to the Plaintiffs' memorandum concerning mootness.³⁸

66. On September 8, 2021, the Court conducted a Zoom chambers conference. During this conference, the Court inquired whether Plaintiffs were withdrawing their motion for summary judgment. Plaintiffs' counsel advised that while that was probably unnecessary since the motion was moot, Plaintiffs were withdrawing their motion and would file a formal motion seeking leave to withdraw their motion for summary judgment if the Court considered that to be necessary. The Court indicated that if a then-upcoming mediation proved unsuccessful, Plaintiffs should file a motion to withdraw their motion for partial summary judgment.

67. On September 29, 2021, Plaintiffs and the Diocesan Defendants participated in the first of what was supposed to be three scheduled days of mediation. The mediation ended after one day and did not resume.

68. On October 13, 2021, Plaintiffs filed a motion to withdraw their motion for partial summary judgment.³⁹ On November 10, 2021, the Diocesan Defendants filed their objection to that motion to withdraw,⁴⁰ to which Plaintiffs filed their reply on December 7, 2021.⁴¹

- ³⁸ ECF # 225.
- ³⁹ ECF # 226.
- ⁴⁰ ECF # 228
- ⁴¹ ECF # 231.

³⁷ ECF # 224.

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69. On December 10, 2021, the Court heard oral argument on Plaintiffs' motion to withdraw and granted the motion.⁴² The Court directed the Diocesan Defendants to file their own motion for partial summary judgment.⁴³

70. On February 11, 2022, in the Federal Court Action, the Diocesan Defendants filed their Motion for Partial Summary Judgment seeking a declaration that the Plan ceased to be exempt from ERISA by April 29, 2013.⁴⁴ That same day, the Diocesan Defendants also filed a renewed Motion to Dismiss the operative First Amended Complaint.⁴⁵

71. On April 18, 2022, Plaintiffs filed their objections (with supporting memoranda, statements of facts, and affidavits) to the Diocesan Defendants' Motion for Partial Summary Judgment and Motion to Dismiss.⁴⁶ Plaintiffs also filed a conditional Rule 56(d) motion seeking leave to conduct discovery concerning whether the Diocesan Defendants should be estopped from contending the Plan was an ERISA plan prior to its being placed into receivership.⁴⁷

⁴² Text order ("TEXT ORDER granting [226] Plaintiffs' Motion to Withdraw Motion for Summary Judgment on Count IV of the Complaint, without prejudice to refiling or prejudice to any party. Plaintiffs' Motion for Summary Judgment on Count IV of the Complaint, ECF No. [173], is withdrawn. Defendants Prospect Medical Holdings, Inc., Prospect East Holdings, Inc., Prospect Chartercare, LLC, Prospect Chartercare SJHSRI, LLC, and Prospect Chartercare RWMC, LLC's Cross-Motion for Summary Judgment, ECF No. [193], is DENIED as MOOT. As discussed in a conference held on December 10, 2021, Defendants Diocesan Administration Corporation, Diocesan Service Corporation, and Roman Catholic Bishop of Providence, shall file their Motion for Summary Judgment on or before January 21, 2022. Plaintiffs' response to the Diocesan Defendants' motion is due on or before February 21, 2022. The Diocesan Defendants' reply is due on or before March 7, 2022. So Ordered by District Judge William E. Smith on 12/10/2021. (Urizandi, Nisshy)").

⁴³ Id.

⁴⁴ ECF # 236.

⁴⁵ ECF # 238.

⁴⁶ ECF ## 243, 243-1 through -89, 244, 245.

⁴⁷ ECF # 246.

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72. On April 7, 2022, the court in the Liquidating Receivership granted the Receiver's Petition to Apply Trust Income to Pension Plan.⁴⁸ Pursuant to that Order, the-then Liquidating Receiver paid \$1,005,776 to the Receiver for the benefit of the Plan estate, representing accumulated distributions from certain trusts for which Bank of America, N.A. was trustee and for which SJHSRI and/or RWH was beneficiary.⁴⁹ In addition, pursuant to that Order, Bank of America, N.A. (as trustee) was ordered to make future distributions from those trusts to the Receiver instead of to the then-Liquidating Receiver, SJHSRI, or RWH.⁵⁰

73. On June 29, 2022, the Diocesan Defendants filed replies in support of their Motion for Partial Summary Judgment and their Motion to Dismiss, and an objection to Plaintiffs' Rule 56(d) motion to conduct discovery.⁵¹ Plaintiffs filed a reply to the latter on July 20, 2022.⁵²

74. On September 13, 2022, the Court issued a twenty-four (24) page Memorandum and Order granting the Diocesan Defendants' Motion for Partial Summary Judgment, denying Plaintiffs' Rule 56(d) motion to conduct discovery, denying the Diocesan Defendants' Motion to Dismiss without prejudice, and ordering the parties to return to mediation.⁵³

⁴⁸ The Superior Court's April 7, 2022 Order is attached hereto as Exhibit 7.

⁴⁹ The Affidavit of Receipt of Trust Income is attached hereto as Exhibit 8.

⁵⁰ Exhibit 7 (April 7, 2022 Order) ¶ 7.

⁵¹ ECF # 254.

⁵² ECF # 257.

⁵³ ECF # 258.

75. On December 16, 2022, the Superior Court appointed Stephen Del Sesto, Esq. as the Liquidating Receiver of CharterCARE Community Board, St. Joseph Health Services of Rhode Island, and Roger Williams Hospital, in the place of Attorney Hemmendinger.⁵⁴

76. Following the Court's Memorandum and Order on September 13, 2022, Plaintiffs and the Diocesan Defendants conducted a long series of mediation sessions before Chief Justice Frank A. Williams (Ret.), including sessions on November 28, 2022, December 23, 2022, March 23, 2023, May 22, 2023, and June 19, 2023.⁵⁵ These mediation sessions ultimately culminated in the Settlement Agreement dated as of August 24, 2023.

77. Pursuant to the Settlement Agreement, Plaintiffs and the Diocesan Defendants on August 30, 2023 filed in the Federal Court Action their Stipulation and Consent Order Staying Action, which the court entered on August 31, 2023.⁵⁶ The order provides that the Federal Court Action is stayed except for matters incidental to or required by the Settlement Agreement, provided, however, that if Plaintiffs and/or the Diocesan Defendants at any time conclude that any of the contingencies to which the settlement is subject will not occur, they may file a motion with the court explaining the grounds for that conclusion and request that the stay be lifted.⁵⁷

78. On September 22, 2023, the Receiver filed his Petition for Settlement Instructions and Approval with the Rhode Island Superior Court, with notice to all parties

⁵⁷ <u>Id.</u>

⁵⁴ The Order dated December 16, 2022 is attached hereto as Exhibit 9.

⁵⁵ Exhibit 2 (Affidavit of Frank J. Williams, C.J. (Ret.)) ¶ 11.

⁵⁶ ECF # 261.

who had participated in the Plan Receivership Proceedings.⁵⁸ That petition was also filed by Stephen Del Sesto in his capacity as Liquidating Receiver. There was no objection asserted to the petition.

79. The petition was heard in the Rhode Island Superior Court on October 2,

2023. At the conclusion of the hearing Judge Stern granted the petition and directed

that the Receiver submit a proposed order. On October 18, 2023, the Superior Court

entered the order.⁵⁹ That order states in pertinent part as follows:

ORDERED, ADJUDGED, AND DECREED:

1. That the Petition for Settlement Instructions and Approval is granted;

2. That notice of the Petition for Settlement Instructions and Approval and of the hearing thereon was given to all parties in interest, including all of the Plan's participants and beneficiaries;

3. That all of the *Jeffrey* Factors favor approval of the Proposed Settlement;

4. That the Proposed Settlement including specifically the Settlement Agreement is fair and reasonable, was made in good faith, and is in the best interests of the Receivership estate and the Plan's participants and beneficiaries, that the Settlement Agreement constitutes a good-faith settlement under R.I. Gen. Laws § 23-17.14-35, and that all actions of the Receiver in connection with the negotiation, execution, and implementation of the Proposed Settlement are approved and ratified; and

5. That the Receiver may seek approval of the Proposed Settlement by the United States District Court in <u>Stephen Del Sesto et al. v. Prospect</u> <u>Chartercare, LLC et al.</u> (C.A. No: 1:18-CV-00328-WES-LDA) (the "Federal Court Action") and is directed to take all necessary and appropriate actions in connection therewith; and

⁵⁸ The Receiver's Affidavit of Notice dated September 28, 2023 is attached hereto as Exhibit 10.

⁵⁹ The Superior Court's October 18, 2023 Order is attached hereto as Exhibit 11.

6. That Special Counsel's contingent fee for representing the Receiver of 23 1/3% (as set forth in the Petition for Settlement Instructions and Approval and which the Court has previously approved) is fair, reasonable, and a benefit to the Receivership estate and, subject to the approval of the Proposed Settlement and the fee by the court in the Federal Court Action, the Receiver is authorized to pay said fee to Special Counsel from the proceeds of the Proposed Settlement and to pay the entire remaining proceeds to the Plan.

80. There are no agreements between or among the Settling Parties or their

counsel made in connection with the Proposed Settlement other than the Settlement

Agreement itself.

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed on this 25th day of October, 2023 in Providence, Rhode Island.

Z

Benjamin Ledsham

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Exhibit 1

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SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT

This settlement agreement ("Settlement Agreement") is entered into as of the 34 Aday of Angent 2023, between and among Stephen Del Sesto (the "Plan Receiver") (as Receiver and Administrator of the St. Joseph Health Services of Rhode Island Retirement Plan (the "Plan") and as Liquidating Receiver of St. Joseph Health Services of Rhode Island), and Gail J. Major, Nancy Zompa, Ralph Bryden, Dorothy Willner, Caroll Short, Donna Boutelle, and Eugenia Levesque, said persons acting individually and¹ on behalf of all Class Members as defined herein (the Plan Receiver and said persons are collectively referred to as "Plaintiffs"), on the one hand, and Defendants Roman Catholic Bishop of Providence, a corporation sole, Diocesan Administration Corporation, and Diocesan Service Corporation (collectively the "Diocesan Defendants"), on the other hand. The Plaintiffs, Stephen Del Sesto as Liquidating Receiver of St. Joseph Health Services of Rhode Island, and the Diocesan

WHEREAS St. Joseph Health Services of Rhode Island ("SJHSRI") filed a petition to place the Plan into receivership in that certain civil action entitled *St. Joseph Health Services of Rhode Island, Inc. v. St. Joseph Health Services of Rhode Island Retirement Plan*, C.A. No. PC-2017-3856, filed in Providence County Superior Court in the State of Rhode Island (the "Plan Receivership"), requesting the appointment of a receiver and the reduction of benefits to participants under the Plan by 40%, and the Plan Receiver was appointed by the State Court (as defined herein) in that proceeding;

Defendants are collectively referred to as the "Settling Parties."

¹ Contingent upon the Federal Court (as defined herein) certifying the Settlement Class as provided herein.

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WHEREAS the Plan Receiver has also been appointed Liquidating Receiver of St. Joseph Health Services of Rhode Island in that certain civil action entitled *In re: CharterCare Community Board, St. Joseph Health Services of Rhode Island, And Roger Williams Hospital*, C.A. No. PC-2019-11756, filed in Providence County Superior Court in the State of Rhode Island (the "Liquidating Receivership") (the Plan Receivership and the Liquidating Receivership being collectively the "Receivership Proceedings");

WHEREAS Plaintiffs asserted claims against the Diocesan Defendants and others in a lawsuit filed in the United States District Court for the District of Rhode Island, captioned *Stephen Del Sesto et al. v. Prospect Chartercare, LLC et al.*, (C.A. No: 1:18-CV-00328-WES-LDA) (the "Federal Court Action"), and in a lawsuit filed in the Rhode Island Superior Court also captioned *Stephen Del Sesto et al. v. Prospect Chartercare, LLC et al.*, (C.A. NO.: PC-2018-4386) (the "State Court Action"), which lawsuits concern the alleged underfunded status of the Plan;

WHEREAS, the Settling Parties recognize that the claims of the Plaintiffs against the Diocesan Defendants are disputed and uncertain, the Parties desire to settle such claims so as to avoid the cost, risk and uncertainty of litigation, and believe that settlement on the terms set forth herein are in the best interests of the parties and the Plan participants, with no party admitting any fault or liability in entering into this Settlement Agreement;

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration for the mutual exchange of promises contained herein, the adequacy and sufficiency of which is hereby acknowledged, the Settling Parties hereby agree as follows:

- For purposes of this Settlement Agreement, and in addition to other terms that are defined elsewhere in this Settlement Agreement, the following terms shall have the meanings specified herein:
 - a. "CAFA Notice" means the notice of the proposed settlement in compliance with the requirements of the federal Class Action Fairness Act, 28 U.S.C.
 § 1711 et seq.
 - b. "Class Members" means the members of the Settlement Class.
 - c. "Class Notice" means the notice to be provided to Class Members of theFinal Approval Hearing, in the form to be approved by the Court.
 - d. "Class Representatives" mean Gail J. Major, Nancy Zompa, Ralph Bryden, Dorothy Willner, Caroll Short, Donna Boutelle, and Eugenia Levesque, who will first seek to be appointed as representatives of the Settlement Class for settlement purposes in connection with this Settlement Agreement.
 - e. "Dismissal of the Federal Court Action" means a stipulation of dismissal of Plaintiffs' claims against the Diocesan Defendants with prejudice and without costs.
 - f. "Dismissal of the State Court Action" means a stipulation of dismissal of Plaintiffs' claims against the Diocesan Defendants with prejudice and without costs.
 - g. "Diocesan Defendants' Counsel" means the law firm of Partridge Snow &
 Hahn LLP and the attorneys of said firm.

- h. "Federal Court" means the court in the Federal Court Action.
- i. "Final Approval Hearing" means the hearing at which the Federal Court will make a final determination as to whether the terms of the Settlement are fair, reasonable, and adequate, as to the Settlement Class, such that the Settlement should be finally approved by the Federal Court and such other and further relief as the Federal Court may direct.
- j. "Joint Statement" means the statement attached hereto as Exhibit 1.
- Motion for Preliminary Settlement Approval" means the motion,
 supporting memorandum, and the exhibits thereto that the Plaintiffs will file
 with the Federal Court seeking preliminary approval of the Settlement.
- "Motion for Final Settlement Approval" means the motion, supporting memorandum, and the exhibits thereto that the Plaintiffs will file with the Federal Court seeking final approval of the Settlement.
- m. "Notice Plan" means the form, contents, and method of delivery of the
 Class Notice to be provided to Class Members.
- n. "Order Granting Preliminary Settlement Approval" means, unless otherwise ordered by the Federal Court, the order 1) certifying the Settlement Class for purposes of determining whether the Settlement is fair, reasonable, and adequate; 2) appointing Plaintiffs' Counsel to represent the Settlement Class, 3) preliminarily approving the Settlement; and 4) approving the Notice Plan.

- o. "Order Granting Final Settlement Approval" means the order approving the Settlement as fair, reasonable, and adequate and such other and further relief as the Federal Court may direct.
- p. "PBGC" means Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation.
- q. "Petition for Settlement Authority and Instructions" means the petition and the exhibits thereto that the Plan Receiver will file in the Receivership Proceedings for an order ratifying his joining in this Settlement Agreement and authorizing him to seek approval thereof in the Federal Court Action and pay attorneys' fees to Plaintiffs' Counsel pursuant to the retainer agreement subject to the approval of the Federal Court.
- r. "Plaintiffs' Counsel" means the law firm of Wistow, Sheehan & Loveley,P.C. and the attorneys of said firm.
- s. "Proceedings for Settlement Approval" means:
 - the Petition for Settlement Authority and Instructions and the proceedings in connection therewith;
 - ii. the Motion for Preliminary Settlement Approval in the Federal Court and the proceedings in connection therewith; and
 - iii. the Motion for Final Settlement Approval in the Federal Court and the proceedings in connection therewith.
- t. "Settlement Class" means all participants of the Plan, including:
 - i. all surviving former employees of SJHSRI who are entitled to benefits under the Plan; and

- all representatives and beneficiaries of deceased former employeesof SJHSRI who are entitled to benefits under the Plan.
- u. "Settlement" means the settlement between and among the Settling Parties pursuant to this Settlement Agreement.
- v. "Settlement Funds" means the sum of two million five hundred thousand and 00/100 dollars (\$2,500,000) which is to be paid to the Plan Receiver by or on behalf of the Diocesan Defendants.
- w. "State Court" means the court in the State Court Action.
- Stipulation and Consent Order Staying Action" means the pleading attached hereto as Exhibit 2.
- 2. Plaintiffs by their counsel and the Diocesan Defendants will issue and make public the Joint Statement upon the filing of any document in either the Federal Court Action, the State Court Action, or the Receivership Proceedings that makes the existence of the Settlement public.
- 3. The Settling Parties agree that within five (5) business days of the execution of this Settlement Agreement, Counsel for the Plan Receiver will file the Stipulation and Consent Order Staying Action in the Federal Court Action with the request on behalf of all the Settling Parties that it be entered as an order of the Federal Court.
- 4. The Plan Receiver agrees that, within fifteen (15) business days of the entry by the Federal Court of the Stipulation and Consent Order Staying Action, the Plan

Receiver will file the Petition for Settlement Authority and Instructions in the Receivership Proceedings

- 5. The Plan Receiver agrees that within five (5) business days of the entry of an order granting the Petition for Settlement Authority and Instructions in the Receivership Proceedings, Plaintiffs will file their Motion for Preliminary Settlement Approval in the Federal Court Action.
- 6. Within fifteen (15) calendar days of the execution of this Settlement Agreement and entry of an order granting the Petition for Settlement Authority and Instructions in the Receivership Proceedings, Plaintiffs will execute and deliver to the Diocesan Defendants' Counsel the executed release of the Settling
 - Defendants and certain other individuals and entities as identified therein, in the form attached hereto as Exhibit 3, which is to be held in escrow by the Diocesan Defendants' Counsel until 15 days after Settlement Funds have been paid to the Plan Receiver so long as such funds have cleared the Plan Receivership bank account.
- 7. Within fifteen (15) calendar days of the execution of this Settlement Agreement, the Diocesan Defendants will execute and deliver to Counsel for the Plaintiffs the executed release of the Plaintiffs and certain other persons and entities as identified therein, in the form attached hereto as Exhibit 3, to be held in escrow by Plaintiffs' Counsel until fifteen days after the Settlement Funds have been paid to the Plan Receiver so long as such funds have cleared the Plan Receivership bank account.

- 8. The Plan Receiver agrees that prior to the filing of the Motion for Preliminary Settlement Approval, he will provide Counsel for the Diocesan Defendants with a list of all known Class Members, including the states in which they are believed to reside. Within ten (10) calendar days following the filing of the Motion for Preliminary Settlement Approval, the Diocesan Defendants agree to have their counsel serve the CAFA Notice, with the exhibits referred to therein, by mailing a copy thereof through the United States Postal Service, First Class Mail, to the Rhode Island Attorney General, the Director of the Rhode Island Department of Business Regulation, the Attorney General for every other State where a Class Member is believed to reside, and to the Attorney General of the United States, and, no later than fourteen (14) days prior to the Final Approval Hearing, to provide the Court and the Plan Receiver with a sworn declaration or affidavit confirming that they have done so, which shall list each recipient and the address to which the CAFA Notice was sent.
- 9. In their Motion for Preliminary Settlement Approval, Plaintiffs will request that the Federal Court certify the Settlement Class pursuant to Rule 23(b)(1)(B) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, on the grounds that prosecuting separate actions by or against individual Class Members would create a risk of adjudications with respect to individual Class Members that, as a practical matter, would be dispositive of the interests of the other members not parties to the individual adjudications or would substantially impair or impede their ability to protect their interests.

- 10. The Settling Parties agree to cooperate and to take all reasonable measures so that the conditions of this Settlement Agreement, including those in Paragraph 12 are met, and this Settlement Agreement will be fully effectuated.
- 11. The Plan Receiver agrees that, subject to the approval of the Rhode Island Superior Court in the Plan Receivership and at a time that the Plan Receiver deems in his sole discretion to be an appropriate time (expected to be no sooner than the Spring of 2024), the Plan Receiver will seek to have PBGC terminate and take over the Plan, it being understood and agreed that the Plan Receiver will do so as soon as the Plan Receiver reasonably believes that PBGC will terminate and take over the Plan and provide the maximum statutory guaranteed benefits under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 ("ERISA") to all Plan participants.
- 12. This Settlement Agreement will be null and void, as if this Settlement Agreement had never been entered into, if for any reason (other than the breach of this Settlement Agreement by any of the Settling Parties), the following conditions are not met:
 - a. the Federal Court enters the Stipulation and Consent Order Staying the Action;
 - the Plan Receiver in the Receivership Proceedings receives authority to proceed with this Settlement;
 - c. the Motion for Preliminary Settlement Approval and the Motion for Final Settlement Approval are granted;

- d. The Plan Receiver in the Receivership Proceedings receives authority to seek PBGC termination and takeover of the Plan;
- e. PBGC initiates or accepts the termination of the Plan;
- PBGC agrees to take over the Plan and to provide the maximum statutory guaranteed benefits under ERISA to all Plan participants; and/or
- g. PBGC agrees to release (or that it will not assert) any claims against the Diocesan Defendants and any other Diocesan Releasees described in Exhibit 3.
- 13. Within fifteen (15) days of the occurrence of the last of all of the events referred to in paragraph twelve (12) of this Settlement Agreement, the Diocesan Defendants will pay the Settlement Funds to the Plan Receiver. If all of the events referred to in paragraph 12 of this Settlement Agreement do not occur, there is no obligation under this Settlement Agreement for the payment referenced in this Paragraph to be paid and this Settlement Agreement will be null and void.
- 14. The Settling Parties agree that the Dismissal of the Federal Court Action, and the Dismissal of the State Court Action will be filed with the respective courts within 15 days of the payment of the Settlement Funds as set forth in paragraph thirteen (13) to the Plan Receiver.
- 15. The Settling Parties agree that, in connection with the Settlement, Plaintiffs' Counsel will apply for an award of attorneys' fees and expenses from the

Settlement Funds. The Settling Defendants agree not to object to such award or the requested amount of the award.

- 16. The drafting of this Settlement Agreement and Exhibits 1-3 hereto (collectively "Settlement Documents") is a result of lengthy and intensive arm's-length negotiations, and the presumption that ambiguities shall be construed against the drafter does not apply. None of the Settling Parties will be deemed the drafter of the Settlement Documents for purposes of construing their provisions.
- 17. This Settlement Agreement may be executed by the Settling Parties in counterparts, each of which shall be deemed an original, but all of which together shall constitute one and the same instrument. A signature to this Settlement Agreement made or delivered by electronic means is deemed to be an original signature.
- 18. The Settling Parties further agree that no promise or inducement has been offered, except as herein set forth, and that this Settlement Agreement contains the entire agreement between and among the Settling Parties and supersedes any and all prior agreements, understandings, representations, and discussions, whether written or oral, between the Settling Parties. The Settling Parties represent that each Settling Party is voluntarily entering into this Settlement Agreement, based on advice and recommendations of each Settling Party's own judgments, beliefs and knowledge, and the advice and recommendations of their own independently selected counsel, and not based on any representation from any other party (other than the representations included in the Settlement Documents) including, for the avoidance of ambiguity, any representation as to

the tax consequences of any payment hereunder. The Settling Parties by entering into this Agreement, do not admit to the truth of any allegation contained in any of the actions identified and do not admit any fault, liability or wrongdoing whatsoever.

- 19. The Settling Parties further agree that Rhode Island law (excluding its conflict of laws rules) shall govern this Settlement Agreement.
- 20. Nothing in this Agreement is intended, or shall be construed, to give any person, other than the Settling Parties and their respective successors, any legal or equitable right, remedy or claim under, or in respect to, this Settlement Agreement, or any provisions contained herein. The Settling Parties each represent that they have not assigned any interest in the claims settled herein, and each Settling Party has full authority to release the claims released by such Party.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 177 day of August, in the year 2023.

Stephen Del Sesto, as Receiver for the St. Joseph Health Services of Rhode Island Retirement Plan, and as Liquidating Receiver of St. Joseph Health Services of Rhode Island

Witness

12

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IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this / 6 day of

GAIL J. MAJOB Witness

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this <u>15</u> day of אשב___, in the year 2023.

NANCY ZOMPA Witness

Case 1:18-cv-00328-WES

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IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this <u>/6</u> day of *August*, in the year 2023.

RALPHBRYDEN Bryd

1. Phul Witness

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this <u>Hth</u> day of August, in the year 2023. <u>Worothy Wildner</u> DOROTHY WILLINER

Witness

Case 1:18-cv-00328-WES

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IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this $1/5^{1/2}$ day of $A v_{\text{CUST}}$, in the year 2023.

Short

Witness

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this _/<u>s</u> day of <u>Gre gust</u>, in the year 2023.

John Boutelle DONNA BOUTELLE Witness

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 14 day of Gugust, in the year 2023.

le____

Rul Witness

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, and upon due authorization, I have hereunto set my hand this _____ day of _____, in the year 2023.

> Most Reverend Richard G. Henning, D.D., S.T.D. Bishop of Providence Roman Catholic Bishop of Providence, a corporation sole.

Witness _____

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IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this _____ day of

_____, in the year 2023.

EUGENIA LEVESQUE

Witness

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, and upon due authorization, I have hereunto set my hand this <u>17th</u> day of <u>August</u>, in the year 2023.

tenner

Most Reverend Richard G. Henning, D.D., S.T.D. Bishop of Providence Roman Catholic Bishop of Providence, a corporation sole.

Witness And

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IN WITNESS WHEREOF, and upon due authorization, I have hereunto set my

hand this 17th day of August , in the year 2023/

Michael F. Sabatino

Assistant Treasurer Diocesan Administration Corporation.

Witness

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, and upon due authorization, I have hereunto set my hand this ^{17th} day of ^{August}, in the year 2023.

Michael F. Sabatino Assistant Treasurer Diocesan Service Corporation.

Erthe Witness 4495847.1/1444-35

.6

EXHIBIT 1

The remaining parties in the state and federal lawsuits involving the St. Joseph Health Services of Rhode Island Retirement Plan (the "Plan") have reached an agreement to resolve the cases. All parties believe that the agreed-upon framework best positions the Plan for submission to Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation ("PBGC"), the federal agency which protects pension benefits in private-sector defined benefit pension plans. The parties are hopeful that this settlement along with settlements previously reached with other defendants will increase the likelihood of PBGC taking over the Plan and also guaranteeing payment of future retiree benefits up to the statutory maximum. In reaching the settlement, the parties acknowledged that the underlying allegations remain intensely disputed and there was no admission of fault by the Bishop or any diocesan-related entity in entering into the resolution.

Under the agreement, the Diocese will make a \$2.5 million payment to the Plan Receivership, upon the occurrence of the following events:

First, the Federal Court agrees to stay the pending litigation pending the action by PBGC as discussed below;

Second, as of an appropriate time (expected to be no sooner than the Spring of 2024) the Plan's Receiver will seek to have PBGC terminate the Plan and PBGC agrees to take over the Plan;

Third, PBGC agrees, upon Plan termination and trusteeship, to release, or to not assert, any claims against any diocesan-related entities;

Fourth, PBGC agrees to provide the maximum statutory guaranteed benefits; and

Fifth, the Federal and State courts approve the settlement terms, including complete releases of all claims by the settlement class, with the Federal court certifying a settlement class.

Should any of these conditions not be met, the settlement agreement is void, no payments will be made, and all claims and defenses will remain outstanding.

Both the Receiver and plaintiffs' counsel expressed appreciation for the Diocese's cooperation in assisting them to position the Plan so that it has an opportunity for PBGC to take over the Plan and make payments to the Plan participants up to the maximum statutory guarantee. While both sides believe they have strong claims and defenses, they agree that ending the lawsuit and taking those steps necessary to hopefully secure full coverage for the Plan participants is in the best interests of everyone.

4496014.1/1444-35

EXHIBIT 2

Case 1:18-cv-00328-WES

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UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF RHODE ISLAND

STEPHEN DEL SESTO, AS RECEIVER AND ADMINISTRATOR OF THE ST. JOSEPH HEALTH SERVICES OF RHODE ISLAND RETIREMENT PLAN; ET AL.,

C.A. No. 1:18-CV-00328-WES/LDA

Plaintiffs,

v.

PROSPECT CHARTERCARE, LLC; ET AL.,

Defendants.

STIPULATION AND CONSENT ORDER STAYING ACTION

WHEREAS Plaintiffs and the Diocesan Defendants have agreed to a settlement of their disputes pursuant to a settlement agreement (the "Settlement Agreement") for which they will seek approval from the Court and from the Rhode Island Superior Court, and

WHEREAS the Settlement Agreement provides that the settlement is subject to certain contingencies over the coming months failing which the settlement will be void, including that the Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation ("PBGC") agrees to take over the Plan and to provide the maximum statutory guaranteed benefits under ERISA to all Plan participants, and

WHEREAS PBGC is not expected to make that determination for some time, probably not before April 1, 2024, and

WHEREAS it is in the interests of the parties and judicial economy that the captioned proceeding be stayed except for matters incidental to or required by the Settlement Agreement, and

WHEREAS the Settlement Agreement provides that the settlement is also subject to the entry of this Stipulation and Consent Order,

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NOW, THEREFORE, Plaintiff Stephen Del Sesto (the "Receiver") and the individual named plaintiffs (individually and as putative class representatives) (with the Receiver, "Plaintiffs") and Defendants Roman Catholic Bishop of Providence, a corporation sole, Diocesan Administration Corporation, and Diocesan Service Corporation (collectively the "Diocesan Defendants") hereby stipulate and agree as follows, and request entry of this stipulation as an Order of the Court.

1. The captioned proceeding is stayed except for matters incidental to or required by the Settlement Agreement.

2. Provided, however, that if Plaintiffs and/or the Diocesan Defendants at any time conclude that any of the contingencies to which the settlement is subject will not occur, they may file a motion with the Court explaining the grounds for that conclusion and request that the stay be lifted.

IT IS SO ORDERED

Hon. William E. Smith United States District Judge

Dated: July , 2023

So stipulated as of July , 2023,

By:

STEPHEN DEL SESTO, AS RECEIVER AND ROMAN CATHOLIC BISHOP OF ADMINISTRATOR OF THE ST. JOSEPH HEALTH SERVICES OF RHODE ISLAND RETIREMENT PLAN, et al.

By Their Attorneys, WISTOW, SHEEHAN & LOVELEY, PC

PROVIDENCE, A CORPORATION SOLE, DIOCESAN ADMINISTRATION CORPORATION and DIOCESAN SERVICE CORPORATION

By Their Attorneys, PARTRIDGE SNOW & HAHN LLP

/s/

Max Wistow, Esq. (#0330) Stephen P. Sheehan, Esq. (#4030) Benjamin Ledsham, Esq. (#7956) 61 Weybosset Street Providence, RI 02903 (401) 831-2700 (401) 272-9752 FAX mwistow@wistbar.com spsheehan@wistbar.com bledsham@wistbar.com

/s/

Howard Merten (#3171) Eugene G. Bernardo (#6006) Paul M. Kessimian (#7127) Christopher M. Wildenhain (#8619) 40 Westminster Street, Suite 1100 Providence, RI 02903 (401) 861-8200 (401) 861-8210 FAX hmerten@psh.com ebernardo@psh.com pkessimian@psh.com cwildenhain@psh.com

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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on the day of July, 2023, the foregoing document has been filed electronically through the Rhode Island ECF system, is available for viewing and downloading, and will be sent electronically to the counsel who are registered participants identified on the Notice of Electronic Filing.

/s/

4502206.1/1444-35

EXHIBIT 3

Case 1:18-cv-00328-WES

MUTUAL RELEASE [EXHIBIT 3]

This mutual release ("Mutual Release") is entered into as of the ______ day of ______, 2023, between and among STEPHEN DEL SESTO (as Receiver and Administrator of the St. Joseph Health Services of Rhode Island Retirement Plan (the "Plan") and as Liquidating Receiver of St. Joseph Health Services of Rhode Island) (the "Receiver"), and GAIL J. MAJOR, NANCY ZOMPA, RALPH BRYDEN, DOROTHY WILLNER, CAROLL SHORT, DONNA BOUTELLE, AND EUGENIA LEVESQUE¹ (the Receiver and said persons are collectively referred to as the "Receiver and Individual Plaintiffs"), on the one hand, and Defendants ROMAN CATHOLIC BISHOP OF PROVIDENCE, A CORPORATION SOLE, DIOCESAN ADMINISTRATION CORPORATION, and DIOCESAN SERVICE CORPORATION (collectively the "Diocesan Defendants"), on the other hand.

In consideration for the mutual releases contained herein, the adequacy and sufficiency of which is hereby acknowledged, the Receiver and Individual Plaintiffs and Diocesan Defendants (collectively, the "Settling Parties") hereby agree as follows:

The Receiver and Individual Plaintiffs, on behalf of themselves and their predecessors, successors, and assigns, grant this joint tortfeasor release (the "Joint Tortfeasor Release") and do hereby release and forever discharge the Diocesan Defendants, and all entities or corporations organized and existing to conduct the temporal affairs of the Roman Catholic Church within the Diocese of Providence, and all of its and their predecessors, successors, parent companies, subsidiaries and affiliated entities, together with all of their past and present officers, directors, principals, members, shareholders, employees, agents,² insurers and attorneys, and their heirs, executors, administrators, successors and assigns (collectively, the "Diocesan Releasees"), of and from the Released Claims as defined herein.

Diocesan Defendants, on behalf of themselves and their predecessors, successors, and assigns, grant this Joint Tortfeasor Release and do hereby release and forever discharge the Receiver and Individual Plaintiffs, and all of their predecessors, successors, parent companies, subsidiaries and affiliated entities, together with all of their past and present officers, directors, principals, members, shareholders, employees, agents, insurers and attorneys, and their heirs, executors, administrators, successors and assigns (collectively, the "Receiver and Individual Plaintiffs Releasees"), of and from the Released Claims as defined herein.

"Released Claims" means any and all actions, claims and demands of every kind and nature, both at law and in equity:

¹ Said persons acting individually and on behalf of all Class Members, contingent upon the Federal Court, as defined in the Settling Parties' Settlement Agreement, certifying the Settlement Class as provided in said Settlement Agreement.

² While the Diocesan Defendants have maintained that St. Joseph Health Services of Rhode Island was at times associated with the Roman Catholic Church, the Diocesan Defendants have denied and continue to deny that St. Joseph Health Services of Rhode Island was an agent of the Diocesan Defendants or any of them. For the avoidance of doubt and out of an abundance of caution, St. Joseph Health Services of Rhode Island is hereby expressly excluded from the term "Diocesan Releasees."

a) arising out of or in any respect relating to the St. Joseph Health Services of Rhode Island Retirement Plan ("the Plan");

b) that were or could have been asserted by direct claim or counterclaim in connection with that certain civil action entitled *Stephen Del Sesto, as Receiver for the St. Joseph Health Services of Rhode Island Retirement Plan*, et al. v. *Prospect Chartercare LLC*, et al., C.A. No. PC-2018-4386, filed in Providence County Superior Court in the State of Rhode Island (the "State Court Action");

c) that were or could have been asserted by direct claim or counterclaim in connection with that certain civil action entitled *Stephen Del Sesto, as Receiver for the St. Joseph Health Services of Rhode Island Retirement Plan*, et al. *v. Prospect CharterCare LLC*, et al., C.A. No. 1:18-CV-00328-WES-LDA, filed in the United States District Court for the District of Rhode Island (the "Federal Court Action");

d) that were or could have been asserted by direct claim or counterclaim in connection with that certain civil action entitled *St. Joseph Health Services of Rhode Island, Inc. v. St. Joseph Health Services of Rhode Island Retirement Plan*, C.A. No. PC- 2017-3856, filed in Providence County Superior Court in the State of Rhode Island (the "Plan Receivership");

e) that were or could have been asserted in connection with that certain civil action entitled *In re: CharterCare Health Partners Foundation, Roger Williams Hospital and St. Joseph Health Services of Rhode Island, Inc.*, C.A. No. KM-2015-0035 (the "2015 Cy Pres Action") if Diocesan Defendants were permitted to intervene in such action.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the following claims or obligations are not released:

a) any claims the Receiver and Individual Plaintiffs or the Diocesan Defendants may have arising out of or relating to any breach of the Settlement Agreement between the parties hereto (the "Settlement Agreement"), including the payment of \$2,500,000 by the Diocesan Defendants to the Receiver;

b) any claims the Receiver and Individual Plaintiffs may have arising out of or relating to any breach of the Settlement Agreement dated as of August 31, 2018, the Settlement Agreement dated as of November 21, 2018, or the Settlement Agreement dated as of December 30, 2020;

c) any claims the Receiver and Individual Plaintiffs may have against CharterCARE Community Board, St. Joseph Health Services of Rhode Island, Roger Williams Hospital, CharterCARE Foundation, The Rhode Island Community Foundation, Prospect Medical Holdings, Inc., Prospect East Holdings, Inc., Prospect Chartercare, LLC, Prospect Chartercare SJHSRI, LLC, Prospect Chartercare RWMC, LLC, Prospect East Hospital Advisory Services, LLC, Ivy Holdings, Inc., Ivy Intermediate Holdings, Inc., David & Alexa Topper Family Trust, Green Equity Investors V, LP, Green Equity Investors Side V, LP, JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., Samuel Lee, David Topper, Thomas Reardon, Von Crockett, Edwin Santos, Edward Quinlan, Joseph DiStefano, Andrea Doyle, or The Angell Pension Group, Inc. that are not derivative of the Receiver and Individual Plaintiffs' claims against the Diocesan Defendants; d) any contractual claims the Receiver and Individual Plaintiffs may have against CharterCARE Community Board, St. Joseph Health Services of Rhode Island, Roger Williams Hospital, CharterCARE Foundation, The Rhode Island Community Foundation, Prospect Medical Holdings, Inc., Prospect East Holdings, Inc., Prospect Chartercare, LLC, Prospect Chartercare SJHSRI, LLC, Prospect Chartercare RWMC, LLC, Prospect East Hospital Advisory Services, LLC, Ivy Holdings, Inc., Ivy Intermediate Holdings, Inc., David & Alexa Topper Family Trust, Green Equity Investors V, LP, Green Equity Investors Side V, LP, JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., Samuel Lee, David Topper, Thomas Reardon, Von Crockett, Edwin Santos, Edward Quinlan, Joseph DiStefano, Andrea Doyle, or The Angell Pension Group, Inc.

e) any rights to payments due pursuant to any orders of the U.S. District Court in the Federal Court Action or of the Superior Court in either the Plan Receivership or the action captioned *In re: CharterCare Community Board, St. Joseph Health Services of Rhode Island, And Roger Williams Hospital*, C.A. No. PC-2019-11756 ("Liquidating Receivership").

The following persons or entities are expressly not released by the Receiver and Individual Plaintiffs: CharterCARE Community Board, St. Joseph Health Services of Rhode Island, Roger Williams Hospital, CharterCARE Foundation, The Rhode Island Community Foundation, Prospect Medical Holdings, Inc., Prospect East Holdings, Inc., Prospect Chartercare, LLC, Prospect Chartercare SJHSRI, LLC, Prospect Chartercare RWMC, LLC, Prospect East Hospital Advisory Services, LLC, Ivy Holdings, Inc., Ivy Intermediate Holdings, Inc., David & Alexa Topper Family Trust, Green Equity Investors V, LP, Green Equity Investors Side V, LP, JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., Samuel Lee, David Topper, Thomas Reardon, Von Crockett, Edwin Santos, Edward Quinlan, Joseph DiStefano, Andrea Doyle, and The Angell Pension Group, Inc.

The Receiver and Individual Plaintiffs reduce their claims or potential future claims against any party deemed a joint tortfeasor under Rhode Island General Laws § 23-17.14-35 in the amount of \$2,500,000 only.

This Mutual Release may be executed in one or more counterparts, which, when taken together, shall constitute a single instrument. A true copy of each counterpart shall be deemed an original.

This Mutual Release shall be null and void unless it has been approved in form and substance both by the Superior Court in the Plan Receivership and Liquidating Receivership and by the U.S. District Court in the Federal Court Action as part of the overall approval of the Settlement Agreement, and unless all of the conditions in the subparagraphs of Paragraph 12 of the Settlement Agreement have been met.

Rhode Island law (excluding conflict of laws) shall govern this Mutual Release.

[SIGNATURE BLOCKS FOLLOW]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this _____ day of _____, in the year 2023.

> Stephen Del Sesto, as Receiver for the St. Joseph Health Services of Rhode Island Retirement Plan and as Liquidating Receiver of St. Joseph Health Services of Rhode Island

Witness

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this _____ day of _____, in the year 2023.

GAIL J. MAJOR

Witness _____

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IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this _____ day of _____, in the year 2023.

NANCY ZOMPA

Witness _____

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this _____ day of _____, in the year 2023.

RALPH BRYDEN

Witness

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IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this _____ day of _____, in the year 2023.

DOROTHY WILLNER

Witness _____

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this _____ day of _____, in the year 2023.

CAROLL SHORT

Witness _____

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IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this _____ day of _____, in the year 2023.

DONNA BOUTELLE

Witness _____

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this _____ day of _____, in the year 2023.

EUGENIA LEVESQUE

Witness

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IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this _____ day of _____, in the year 2023.

> Most Reverend Richard G. Henning, D.D., S.T.D. Bishop of Providence Roman Catholic Bishop of Providence, a corporation sole

Witness

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this day of , in the year 2023.

> Michael F. Sabatino Assistant Treasurer Diocesan Administration Corporation

Witness _____

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this _____ day of _____, in the year 2023.

> Michael F. Sabatino Assistant Treasurer Diocesan Service Corporation

Witness ______

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Document 263-2

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Exhibit 2

Case 1:18-cv-00328-WES	Document 263-2 17617	Filed 10/25/23	Page 2 of 6 PageID #:
STATE OF RHODE ISLAND PROVIDENCE, SC		SUPI	ERIOR COURT
ST. JOSEPH HEALTH SERVI RHODE ISLAND, INC.	CES OF :		
v.	:	C.A.	No.: PC-2017-3856
ST. JOSEPH'S HEALTH SER RHODE ISLAND RETIREME AS AMENDED			
In re:	:		
CHARTERCARE COMMUNI ST. JOSEPH HEALTH SERVI RHODE ISLAND and ROGER WILLIAMS HOSPITAL	CES OF :	C.A.	No.: PC-2019-11756

AFFIDAVIT OF FRANK J. WILLIAMS, C.J. (RET.)

Frank J. Williams, C.J. (Ret.) hereby deposes and says as follows:

1. I am submitting this affidavit in connection with the Petition for Settlement Instructions and Approval, which is presently scheduled for hearing on October 2, 2023. The statements in this affidavit are based upon my personal knowledge and are true and correct.

2. I received my undergraduate degree from Boston University in 1962 before serving

for five years in the U.S. Army. I served as an Army captain in Vietnam, earning the Bronze Star, the Combat Infantry Badge, and, from the Republic of Vietnam, the Gallantry Cross with Silver Star for Valor. Following my honorable discharge, I received a juris doctorate from Boston University, was admitted to the Rhode Island Bar in 1970, and was in private practice from 1970 to 1995. I was elected a delegate to the 1986 Rhode Island Constitutional Convention and twice elected town moderator of Richmond, Rhode Island.

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3. In 1995, I was appointed Associate Justice of the Rhode Island Superior Court. In 2001, I was elevated to Chief Justice of the Rhode Island Supreme Court, in which capacity I served until my retirement in 2008.

4. Since my admission to the bar, I have been involved in thousands of cases, including mediation of many hundreds of matters. In my capacity as mediator, I act as a neutral, representing neither plaintiff nor defendant. I drew on all my experience in mediating this action in an attempt to bring the parties to a resolution of the disputes between them.

5. I was selected by the settling parties to act as mediator in this action. I was able to mediate the settlement between Plaintiffs, the Prospect Entities, and The Angell Pension Group, Inc. On September 29, 2021, my mediation of the dispute between Plaintiffs and Roman Catholic Bishop of Providence, a corporation sole, Diocesan Administration Corporation, and Diocesan Service Corporation ("Diocesan Defendants") came to an impasse. On September 13, 2022, United States District Judge William Smith ordered Plaintiffs and the Diocesan Defendants to return to mediation before me.

6. This is the fourth settlement in this case. These settling parties are: Stephen Del Sesto (the "Plan Receiver") (as Receiver and Administrator of the St. Joseph Health Services of Rhode Island Retirement Plan (the "Plan") and as the Liquidating Receiver for CharterCARE Community Board), Gail J. Major, Nancy Zompa, Ralph Bryden, Dorothy Willner, Caroll Short, Donna Boutelle, and Eugenia Levesque, Roman Catholic Bishop of Providence, a corporation sole, Diocesan Administration Corporation, and Diocesan Service Corporation ("Diocesan Defendants").

7. Based on my more than fifty years of experience, as a lawyer, judge, and mediator, it is my opinion that the proposed settlement in the case was reached after arm's-length negotiations and represents a reasonable and fair outcome for all parties involved.

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8. As the independent mediator, I presided over the settlement discussions and negotiations between the settling parties. To prepare myself for that role, I reviewed the progress of the dispute in the state and federal court actions and the arguments made by the parties in connection with their motions to dismiss and for summary judgment. Many of the contentions advanced by the settling parties involve completely novel and unsettled issues of law.

9. This matter represents one of the most complex, if not the most complex, matters in which I have been involved in all my years as a lawyer, judge, or mediator. I submitted affidavits in support of the prior settlement involving the Prospect Entities. As I said then, I believe that this litigation is unique within the United States. This is, to my knowledge, the first "church plan" case to involve even one state court appointed receiver, much less two. Other "church plan" cases typically involve one employer, perhaps a hospital, continuously operating an employee benefits plan. The instant litigation involved more than a dozen defendants, each of which Plaintiffs contended had liability for the shortfall in the funding of the Plan. All the other Defendants have settled, leaving the Diocesan Defendants as the sole remaining defendants to this litigation. The Diocesan Defendants deny any responsibility whatsoever. Notably, the Diocese of Providence claims it ceased acting as Plan Sponsor and Plan Administrator in 1995 and the vast majority of the allegations upon which Plaintiffs claims are based involve subsequent events.

10. The specific claims being settled are also complex. Plaintiffs have asserted overlapping (a) ERISA and (b) state law claims for breaches of fiduciary duty. The United States District Court has granted the Diocesan Defendants partial summary judgment that the Plan ceased to qualify as a Church Plan by April 29, 2013, at the very latest, which, if not vacated by the trial court or on appeal, would likely result in many (and possibly all) of the Plaintiffs' state law claims against the Diocesan Defendants being dismissed under ERISA preemption.

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11. The mediation process involved extensive analysis of the settling parties' positions including, for instance, the value of Plaintiffs' claims and the Diocesan Defendants' defenses to liability and damages. The mediation negotiations included sessions on November 28, 2022, December 23, 2022, March 23, 2023, May 22, 2023, and June 19, 2023, as well as many telephone and email communications. These negotiations exhibited the highest standards of professionalism on all sides, notwithstanding the deep-seated feelings on all sides as to the correctness of their respective positions. It was often a challenge to contain the enthusiasm felt by counsel for each side. Nevertheless, we succeeded in breaking all impasses and achieved a unified compromise that I believe represents a just and fair result for all sides.

12. Based on my knowledge of the actions, all of the materials provided to me, the efforts of counsel, the rigor of the negotiations, the extent of discovery already conducted, the litigation risks, the risks of collectability of any judgment obtained by Plaintiffs, and the benefits achieved in the settlement, I believe this is a fair and adequate settlement of all the claims against the Diocesan Defendants, and that the settlement should be approved by the Court.

13. The settlement with the Diocesan Defendants is especially favorable to the Plaintiffs inasmuch as it requires as a condition, *inter alia*, that Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation ("PBGC") take over the Plan and pay benefits up to the maximum statutory allowance. If such condition is satisfied, then the Plan participants will receive their benefits directly from PBGC. If that condition is not satisfied, the settlement with the Diocesan Defendants will be void, the stay in the Federal Court action will be lifted, and Plaintiffs will be entitled to seek to recover their full damages from the Diocesan Defendants.

14. In evaluating the fairness of the settlement, I took into account the amount that will be netted by the Plan from the settlement. I understand that the Plan Receiver, in connection with his request for approval of the settlement, will be asking the U.S. District Court for final approval

for the settlement and a fee to be paid to Wistow, Sheehan & Loveley, PC ("WSL"), pursuant to the Engagement and Fee Agreement previously approved by the Court on October 17, 2017. It is my opinion that substantial work and effort was performed by WSL in litigating the federal action and the parallel Superior Court actions, and in presenting their claims in such a way to produce a valuable settlement for all participants by increasing the assets of the Plan and the likelihood of PBGC taking over the Plan. Based upon my experience as a judge and as a mediator, it is my opinion that a request by WSL for an attorneys' fee in the amount of twenty-three and one-third percent (23 & 1/3%) of the \$2,500,000 settlement fund, in accordance with their Court-approved fee agreement with the Plan Receiver, is reasonable and appropriate given the complexity of this matter and the significant relief recovered by WSL if the settlement is consummated.

15. A fee of 23 & 1/3% is less than the presumptively reasonable "benchmark" fee for this type of settlement in the First Circuit. *See Bezdek v. Vibram USA Inc.*, 79 F. Supp. 3d 324, 349 (D. Mass. 2015) ("Within the First Circuit, courts generally award fees in the range of 20–30%, with 25% as 'the benchmark."), *aff'd*, 809 F.3d 78 (1st Cir. 2015). That reasonableness is further amplified here, where the settlement enhances the likelihood that PBGC will take over the Plan and pay Plan participants many millions of dollars in addition to the Plan assets. Moreover, recovery is principally on behalf of the Plan (which through its Receiver has contractually agreed to the fee) instead of on behalf of class members other than through the Plan.

Executed on this <u>1944</u> day of September, 2023 in Providence, Rhode Island.

Hon, Frank J. Williams, C.J. (Ret.)

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me this $\underline{| ? |}^{H}$ day of September, 2023.

lealites And NOTARY PUBLIC My Commission Expires: <u>9/16/2027</u>

Case 1:18-cv-00328-WES

Document 263-3 17622

Filed 10/25/23 Page 1 of 4 PageID #:

Exhibit 3

	17623	-
STATE OF RHODE ISLAND PROVIDENCE, SC	SUPERIOR COURT	
ST. JOSEPH HEALTH SERVICES OF RHODE ISLAND, INC.		
v,	C.A. No.: PC-2017-38	56
ST. JOSEPH'S HEALTH SERVICES OF RHODE ISLAND RETIREMENT PLAN, AS AMENDED		

Filed 10/25/23

Page 2 of 4 PageID #:

Document 263-3

AFFIDAVIT OF ARLENE VIOLET

Arlene Violet hereby deposes and says:

Case 1:18-cv-00328-WES

1. I am a member in good standing of the Rhode Island Bar and have been since 1974. I am submitting this affidavit in connection with the Petition for Settlement Instructions and Approval, which is presently scheduled for hearing on October 2, 2023.

2. When the St. Joseph Health Services of Rhode Island Retirement Plan ("the Plan") was petitioned into Receivership in August 2017, the Petitioner (St. Joseph Health Services of Rhode Island) asked the Providence County Superior Court to impose an immediate across the board reduction of 40% to all retirees' payments. A great deal of publicity attended the filing of the Receivership.

3. I was soon contacted by many participants of the Plan who sought advice from me. Eventually, I entered into arrangements with over 285 participants in the Plan who felt, among other issues, that if a reduction in benefits be mandated, such reduction should not be uniform among all participants. Rather, we felt that consideration should be given to the status of the participants and their ability to absorb a reduction and any equitable considerations that entered into an analysis of who should bear reduction and the amount thereof. My clients ranged in age from their mid-70s to 100 years and were extremely dependent upon the payments coming to them from the Plan.

4. It soon became apparent that other groups of employees had different points of view with regard to who, if anyone, should bear the burden of any reductions. These other groups of participants became represented, by Christopher Callaci for members of the United Nurses and Allied Professionals Union and by Jeffrey Kasle from a third group that did not seem to belong to the groups represented by my office or Mr. Callaci.

5. I have been meeting with Stephen Del Sesto (the "Plan Receiver"), Mr. Kasle, and Mr. Callaci to stay current with the Plan's status and the lawsuit that Wistow, Sheehan &

Loveley, PC have been pursuing. I have been following the filings in the various suits. I have been doing this on a pro bono basis and expect no fees in connection with this matter.

6. I have spoken and met with numerous members of this group during the course of this litigation to discuss their thoughts concerning the underfunded status of the Retirement Plan and how it impacts them, their viewpoint regarding the pending settlements. Accordingly, I can say with great confidence that the plan participants whom I have been advising wholeheartedly and unequivocally support Plaintiffs' Petition to proceed with the proposed settlement (the "Proposed Settlement") between and among Stephen Del Sesto (as Receiver and Administrator of the St. Joseph Health Services of Rhode Island Retirement Plan, and also as Liquidating Receiver of St. Joseph Health Services of Rhode Island), and Gail J. Major, Nancy Zompa, Ralph Bryden, Dorothy Willner, Caroll Short, Donna Boutelle, and Eugenia Levesque, on the one hand, and Roman Catholic Bishop of Providence, a corporation sole, Diocesan Administration Corporation, and Diocesan Service Corporation (the "Diocesan Defendants"), on the other hand.

7. I was consulted with by Plaintiffs' counsel during the negotiations. During those consultations I indicated I would generally support a settlement of \$2,500,000 contingent on obtaining coverage from Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation ("PBGC") up to the maximum statutory limits, but would need to be informed of the terms of the final settlement.

8. I am familiar with the settlement terms. Under the agreement, the Diocese will make a \$2.5 million payment to the Plan Receivership, upon the occurrence of the following events:

- First, the Federal Court agrees to stay the pending litigation pending the action by PBGC;
- Second, as of an appropriate time (expected to be no sooner than the Spring of 2024) the Plan's Receiver will seek to have PBGC terminate the Plan and PBGC agrees to take over the Plan;
- Third, PBGC agrees, upon Plan termination and trusteeship, to release, or to not assert, any claims against any Diocesan-related entities;
- Fourth, PBGC agrees to provide the maximum statutory guaranteed benefits; and
- Fifth, this Court and the federal court approve the settlement terms, including complete releases of all claims by the settlement class, with the federal court certifying a settlement class.

Should any of these conditions not be met, the settlement agreement will become void, no payments will be made, and all claims and defenses will remain outstanding.

9. I understand that the Plan Receiver and his Special Counsel, Wistow, Sheehan & Loveley, PC, will be asking for approval of attorneys' fees of 23 1/3 % pursuant to the original retainer agreement approved by this Court on October 17, 2017.

10. On behalf of my clients, I urge the Court to approve the Proposed Settlement (including attorneys' fees) with the aforesaid entities. The settlement, in my view, is beneficial to my clients and is a further excellent step in attempting to secure full protection for the pension of my clients who are present participants in the Plan.

Arlene Violet

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me this 19th day of September, 2023.



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Exhibit 4

Case 1:18-cv-00328-WES D	ocument 263-4 17627	Filed 10/25/23	Page 2 of 4 PageID #	
STATE OF RHODE ISLAND PROVIDENCE, SC		SUPERIOR COURT		
ST. JOSEPH HEALTH SERVICE RHODE ISLAND, INC. v. ST. JOSEPH'S HEALTH SERVICE RHODE ISLAND RETIREMENT AS AMENDED	CES OF	C.A	. No.: PC-2017-3856	
In re: CHARTERCARE COMMUNITY ST. JOSEPH HEALTH SERVICE RHODE ISLAND and ROGER WILLIAMS HOSPITAL		C.A.	. No.: PC-2019-11756	

AFFIDAVIT OF CHRISTOPHER CALLACI

Christopher Callaci, Esq. hereby deposes and states as follows:

1. I am general counsel for United Nurses and Allied Professionals and a member of the Rhode Island Bar since 2008. There are approximately 400 union members of United Nurses and Allied Professionals ("UNAP") who are plan participants in the St. Joseph Health Services of Rhode Island Retirement Plan (the "Plan").

2. I am submitting this affidavit in connection with the Petition for Settlement Instructions and Approval, which is presently scheduled for hearing on October 2, 2023.

3. I previously addressed the Court in connection with three prior settlements. The first occasion was on October 10, 2018, in connection with the settlement of claims against CharterCARE Community Board, Roger Williams Hospital, and St. Joseph Health Services of Rhode Island. I spoke in favor of that settlement. The second occasion was on December 14, 2018, in support of the settlement of claims against CharterCARE Foundation. On that occasion, I stated:

Good morning Your Honor. Chris Callaci for the United Nurses and Allied Professionals. I thought it would be the worthwhile that the Court hear from the horse's mouth of Special Counsel, Mr. Wistow's, representation and our support. We have about 400 union members who are participants in this plan and they fully trust and are confident in the Receiver's assessment that the settlement agreement is in the best interest of the receivership estate and the plan, and the plan participants, and we applaud the work that has been done in that regard.

4. The third occasion was via a declaration I provided on January 15, 2021 in support of the settlement of claims against the various Prospect Entities and The Angell Pension Group, Inc.

5. I am in favor of the settlement between Stephen Del Sesto and the seven individual putative class representatives, on the one hand, and Roman Catholic Bishop of Providence, a corporation sole, Diocesan Administration Corporation, and Diocesan Service Corporation ("Diocesan Defendants"), on the other. Under the agreement, the Diocese will make a \$2.5 million payment to the Plan Receivership, upon the occurrence of the following events:

- First, the Federal Court agrees to stay the pending litigation pending the action by PBGC;
- Second, as of an appropriate time (expected to be no sooner than the Spring of 2024) the Plan's Receiver will seek to have PBGC terminate the Plan and PBGC agrees to take over the Plan;
- Third, PBGC agrees, upon Plan termination and trusteeship, to release, or to not assert, any claims against any Diocesan-related entities;
- Fourth, PBGC agrees to provide the maximum statutory guaranteed benefits; and
- Fifth, this Court and the federal court approve the settlement terms, including complete releases of all claims by the settlement class, with the federal court certifying a settlement class.

Should any of these conditions not be met, the settlement agreement will become void, no payments will be made, and all claims and defenses will remain outstanding.

6. I understand that the Plan Receiver and his Special Counsel, Wistow, Sheehan & Loveley, PC, will be asking for approval to bring that settlement to the U.S. District Court, and, in connection therewith, for payment of the contingent legal fee agreed upon in the Engagement and Fee Agreement approved by this Court on October 17, 2017, i.e. 23 & 1/3%.

7. The settlement as finally agreed requires as a condition that PBGC take over the Plan and pay benefits up to the maximum statutory allowance. If that condition is satisfied, then the Plan participants will receive their benefits directly from PBGC. If that condition is not satisfied, the settlement with the Diocesan Defendants will be void, the stay in the Federal Court action will be lifted, and Plaintiffs will be entitled to seek to recover their full damages from the Diocesan Defendants.

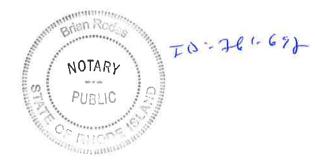
8. With regard to the present settlement, I repeat to the Court my above-quoted comments, which apply to the present settlement as well as to the legal fees requested therewith.

Christopher Callaci

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me this $\frac{19}{100}$ day of September, 2023.

Brinn NOTARY PUBLIC

My Commission Expires: <u>11-09-2015</u>



Case 1:18-cv-00328-WES

Document 263-5

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Filed 10/25/23 Page 1 of 3 PageID #:

Exhibit 5

Case 1:18-cv-00328-WES	Document 263-5 17631	Filed 10/25/23	Page 2 of 3 PageID #:	
STATE OF RHODE ISLAND PROVIDENCE, SC		SUPERIOR COURT		
ST. JOSEPH HEALTH SERVICES OF RHODE ISLAND, INC. v. ST. JOSEPH'S HEALTH SERVICES OF		C.A.	. No.: PC-2017-3856	
RHODE ISLAND RETIREME AS AMENDED	ENT PLAN, :			
In re:				
CHARTERCARE COMMUNIST. JOSEPH HEALTH SERV	ICES OF	C.A.	No.: PC-2019-11756	
RHODE ISLAND and ROGEF WILLIAMS HOSPITAL	: :			

DECLARATION OF JEFFREY W. KASLE

Jeffrey W. Kasle, being duly sworn, hereby deposes and says:

1. I am submitting this declaration in connection with the Petition for Settlement Instructions and Approval, which is presently scheduled for hearing on October 2, 2023.

2. I am a member in good standing on the Bar of Rhode Island since 1981.

3. On October 10, 2018, I informed this Court that the 247 participants in the St. Joseph Health Services of Rhode Island Retirement Plan that I represent (in connection with meetings with the Receiver), fully supported Settlement A (involving claims against CharterCARE Community Board, Roger Williams Hospital and St. Joseph Health Services of Rhode Island).

I also fully supported Settlement B (involving claims against CharterCARE 4. Foundation).

5. I also fully supported the third settlement, between and among Stephen Del Sesto (as Receiver and Administrator of the St. Joseph Health Services of Rhode Island Retirement Plan), and Gail J. Major, Nancy Zompa, Ralph Bryden, Dorothy Willner, Caroll Short, Donna Boutelle, and Eugenia Levesque, and Thomas Hemmendinger (then the Liquidating Receiver for CharterCARE Community Board), Prospect Medical Holdings, Inc., Prospect East Holdings, Inc., Prospect Chartercare, LLC, Prospect Chartercare SJHSRI, LLC, Prospect Chartercare RWMC, LLC, The Angell Pension Group, Inc., Sam Lee, and David Topper.

I am familiar with the terms of the Settlement Agreement between Stephen Del 6. Sesto and the seven individual putative class representatives, on the one hand, and Roman

Catholic Bishop of Providence, a corporation sole, Diocesan Administration Corporation, and Diocesan Service Corporation (the "Diocesan Defendants"), on the other hand. Under the agreement, the Diocese will make a \$2.5 million payment to the Plan Receivership, upon the occurrence of the following events:

- First, the Federal Court agrees to stay the pending litigation pending the action by PBGC;
- Second, as of an appropriate time (expected to be no sooner than the Spring of 2024) the Plan's Receiver will seek to have PBGC terminate the Plan and PBGC agrees to take over the Plan;
- Third, PBGC agrees, upon Plan termination and trusteeship, to release, or to not assert, any claims against any Diocesan-related entities;
- Fourth, PBGC agrees to provide the maximum statutory guaranteed benefits; and
- Fifth, this Court ant the federal court approve the settlement terms, including complete releases of all claims by the settlement class, with the federal court certifying a settlement class.

Should any of these conditions not be met, the settlement agreement will become void, no payments will be made, and all claims and defenses will remain outstanding.

7. On behalf of the nearly 250 participants in the St. Joseph Health Services of Rhode Island Retirement Plan whom I represent, I fully support the settlement. I understand that the Plan Receiver and his Special Counsel, Wistow, Sheehan & Loveley, PC, will be asking for approval to bring that settlement to the U.S. District Court, and, in connection therewith, for payment of the contingent legal fee agreed upon in the Engagement and Fee Agreement approved by this Court on October 17, 2017, i.e. 23 & 1/3%, and support that as well.

8. The settlement with the Diocesan Defendants is especially favorable inasmuch as it requires as a condition that Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation ("PBGC") take over the Plan and pay benefits up to the maximum statutory allowance. If that condition is satisfied, then the Plan participants will receive their benefits directly from PBGC. If that condition is not satisfied, the settlement with the Diocesan Defendants will be void, the stay in the Federal Court action will be lifted, and Plaintiffs will be entitled to seek to recover their full damages from the Diocesan Defendants.

9. I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States of America that the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed on this 20^{-10} day of September, 2023. Kasle Aul

Case 1:18-cv-00328-WES

Document 263-6

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Exhibit 6

Document 263-6 Filed 10/25/23 17634

ENGAGEMENT AND FEE AGREEMENT

Stephen F. Del Sesto ("the Receiver"), as and only as Receiver of the St. Joseph Health Services of Rhode Island Retirement Plan (the "Plan"), hereby engages Wistow, Sheehan & Loveley, P.C. ("WSL") as special counsel to the Receiver and the Plan Receivership Estate as follows:

I. INVESTIGATION

The Receiver engages WSL to investigate potential liability or obligation of any persons or entities to pay damages or funds to the Plan (or to assume responsibility for such plan in the future), making use of discovery, records, research and consultations in its discretion. Under the provision concerning Hourly Fees set forth below, WSL will charge an hourly rate for these services. In addition, WSL will be reimbursed on a current basis (i.e. monthly) for any out-of-pocket expenses (such as costs of records, computer-assisted legal research, expert consultants, etc.) actually incurred and without mark-up by WSL during the investigative phase, whether claims are made or not.

11. MAKING CLAIMS

The Receiver further constitutes and appoints WSL to make claims against persons and/or entities who its investigation indicates may be liable for damages or to assume responsibility for the Plan. Said claim(s) may be made by demand letter or by lawsuit, if necessary. The Receiver agrees to pay as legal fees ten percent (10%) of the gross of any amounts recovered prior to the bringing of suit, by way of compromise or settlement. If suit is brought, the Receiver agrees to pay as legal fees twenty-three and one-third percent (23 1/3 %) of the gross of any amount thereafter recovered by way of suit, compromise, settlement or otherwise. In the event that a final resolution of such

claims by settlement or otherwise results in a third party assuming responsibility for the Plan, the fees to be paid to WSL shall be an obligation of the Receivership, the amount of which shall be determined by the Court using the standards of *quantum meruit* pursuant to the laws of Rhode Island, taking into account the benefit rendered to the Plan. In any event, no compromise of the Plan's claims may be made without the Receiver's express authorization and approval by the Court.

III. REIMBURSEMENT OF OUT-OF-POCKET EXPENSES

The Receiver is obligated to reimburse WSL within thirty (30) days of invoicing and in all events for any out-of-pocket expenses incurred by WSL (such as filing fees, costs of depositions, obtaining records, charges for computer-assisted legal research, costs of expert consultants and/or witnesses, etc.) in connection with Sections I or II above.

IV. HOURLY FEES

The Receiver shall pay WSL an hourly rate of \$375 per hour which is also the hourly rate presently being charged by the Receiver. In the event the Receiver's own hourly rate is increased, WSL will be entitled to charge such higher rate. Invoices for such hourly fees will be submitted to the Receiver every month for the Receiver's review. The Receiver shall seek Court approval of the fees submitted no less frequently than on a quarterly basis (or more frequently as the Receiver may in his discretion deem appropriate). The Receiver shall pay all Court-approved WSL invoices within three (3) business days of Court approval. The Receiver acknowledges that the attorneys performing services on behalf of WSL include Attorney Max Wistow, Attorney Stephen Sheehan, and Attorney Benjamin Ledsham, and that these services will be

2

performed during the investigation phase described by Section I as well as the phase, if applicable, described by Section II.

V. Miscellaneous

The Receiver hereby approves and acknowledges delivery of a duplicate copy of this Contingent Fee Agreement and acknowledges receipt of "A Client's Statement of Rights & Responsibilities."

Kacerver

Stephen F. Del Sesto, Esq., as Receiver of the St. Joseph Health Services of Rhode Island Retirement Plan

Date: 10/18/17

Wistow, Sheehan & Loveley, P.C., by

Max Wistow, Esq.

Date: 10/18/17

 Your attorney will discuss the negotiation process with you and will agree to a settlement offer only if you have approved it.

 Your attorney will explain to you, in advance, any major expenses anticipated in your legal matter. 10. Your attorney will tell you if other lawyers will be involved in your representation and how the cost to you for their involvement will be calculated.

 When your fee is not a single, set amount, your attorney will give you periodic billings detailing your fees, costs, and expenses. 12. If legal fees will be applied against a settlement, your attorney will provide you with a final statement after the matter is concluded detailing what costs and expenses are being applied against your settlement and the amount you will receive.

As your legal advisor, your attorney has the right to expect that: You will make a full and honest disclosure of all of the (acts — good and bad — that relate to your legal matter, and you will inform your attorney about any new facts or circumstances that may affect your case as they arise. 2. You will adhere to your fee agreement with your attorney, pay your bills for all work that has been performed, and pay for all costs that were advanced for you. If you have any questions about your bill, you will discuss them with your attorney.

 You will seek your attorney's advice before discussing any information relating to your legal matter with others. You will tell your attorney if you have any conce ns or reservations about the advice you are being given.

You will be on time for all court hearings and appointments with your attorney or let your attorney know in advance if you cannot be on time. If you cannot reach your attorney when you phone the office, you will leave your name and phone number and a brief message.

7. You will complete the tasks requested by your attorney in a timely fashion or let your attorney know when you cannot.

8. You will discuss your expectations about what you want to accomplish in your legal matter with your attorney. When your expectations are not being met, you will talk to your attorney about it. You have the right to change attorneys if you are dissatisfied with the representation you are receiving. However, in certain circumstances you will need the court's permission. It is also important for you to know that your attorney may decide to stop representing you. This may be due to your not meeting your obligations to your attorney or for some other reason. This too may require court permission.

This Client's Statement of Rights and Responsibilities is based on the Rhode Island Rules of Professional Conduct for attorneys. If you have any questions about this statement of your rights and obligations, you should contact the Rhode Island Bar Association at (401) 421-5740.

Rhode Island Bar Association 115 Cedar Street • Providence, Rhode Island 02903

A Client's Statement of Rights & Responsibilities*



Reviewer: Carol M.

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rights set forth in this statement are intended to be con-	sistent with the standards mandated by the Rules of	Professional Conduct. This statement does not super-	sede the obligations imposed by the Rules of Profes-	sional Conduct, and is intended as an explanation to the client of their rights under the Rules and their re-	and client of area rights and a rate rates and area to sponsibilities in the attorney-client relationship. The	text of the rules remains authoritative.						tain rights. A right that both parties have is to be treated at all times with courtesv and respect. This statement	first explains your rights as a client when you hire an	attorney, and immediately afterwards what your attor-	ney has the right to expect of you. This statement is	Intended to promote petter communication and pre-	vent misunacioanungs between you and your anor- nev.		As the c expect that		1. Yo petently.	1910	questions about the attorney's education, training, and experience and expect that vour attorney will remain	current with recent developments in the law that re-	late to your matter.		and explain how it will be computed and when pay-	D	 If you are not a regular client, your attorney will give you a written statement before, or as soon as the work begins indicating the basis or rate of the fee you will be charged. 	
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NOTIFICATION TO CLIENTS OF THEIR RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES

Preamble

Good communication is essential to an effective attorney-client relationship. A lawyer should be assured that a new or prospective client has a full understanding of the nature of the attorney-client reasonably expect from the client. If the client does not have such an understanding, the lawyer shall take reasonable steps to educate the client about the relationship, including what the client can reasonably expect from the lawyer and what the lawyer can elationship

the lawyer's expectations of the client and the client's expectations of the lawyer. The lawyer may use the in-form a new or prospective client of those expectations. The Client's Statement of Rights and Responsibilities is not, however, the exclusive method ties set out below is designed to provide an outline of Client's Statement of Rights and Responsibilities to The Client's Statements of Rights and Responsibiliby which a lawyer might so inform the client.

sanctions or penalties. The Client's Statement of Rights and Responsibilities does not supersede or detract from the Rules of Professional Conduct, nor does the Client's Statement of Rights and Responsibilities alter existing standards of conduct The Client's Statement of Rights and Responsibiliies shall not be used as a basis for litigation or for against which lawyer negligence may be determined.

Application

The lawyer shall give this information to the client prior to the signing of a written retainer agreement and shall ent, the lawyer shall provide the prospective client with When a lawyer has not regularly represented a clia statement of the client's rights and responsibilities. obtain a signed acknowledgment of its receipt. The Case 1:18-cv-00328-WES

Document 263-7 17639

Filed 10/25/23 Page 1 of 6 PageID #:

Exhibit 7

Document 263-7 Fi 17640

Filed 10/25/23

Page 2 of 6 PageID #:

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND PROVIDENCE, SC.

In re:

CharterCARE Community Board; St. Joseph Health Services of Rhode Island; and Roger Williams Hospital C.A. No. PC-2019-11756

<u>ORDER</u>

Stephen Del Sesto (the "Plan Receiver"), the permanent receiver of the St. Joseph Health Services of Rhode Island Retirement Plan (the "Plan") having filed a Petition to Apply Trust Income to Pension Plan (the "Petition"), and Thomas S. Hemmendinger (the "Liquidating Receiver"), the permanent liquidating receiver of CharterCARE Community Board, St. Joseph Health Services of Rhode Island ("SJHSRI"), and Roger Williams Hospital ("RWH") having filed a Response to the Petition (the "Response"), and all proper notice of the Petition having been given, and no one having objected to the Petition, and the Petition having come on for hearing on March 22, 2022, and for the reasons stated at the hearing, it is hereby

ORDERED, ADJUDGED, AND DECREED:

1. The Plan Receiver gave due and adequate notice of the Petition and of the date and time of this Court's consideration of the Petition to counsel of record in the liquidating receivership, including the Rhode Island Attorney General, counsel of record for all remaining parties in *Del Sesto et al. v. Prospect CharterCARE, LLC et al.*, C.A. No. 18-cv-00328-WES (D.R.I.) and *Del Sesto et al. v. Prospect CharterCARE, LLC et al.*, C.A. No. 18-cv-00328-WES (D.R.I.) and *Del Sesto et al. v. Prospect CharterCARE, LLC et al.*, C.A. No. PC-2018-4386 (R.I. Super.), Bank of America, N.A, all Plan participants

SUPERIOR COURT

Page 3 of 6 PageID #:

2. The Liquidating Receiver gave due and adequate notice of the Response and of the date and time of this Court's consideration of the Petition and the Response to counsel of record in the liquidating receivership, including the Rhode Island Attorney General, counsel of record for all remaining parties in *Del Sesto et al. v. Prospect CharterCARE, LLC et al.*, C.A. No. 18-cv-00328-WES (D.R.I.) and *Del Sesto et al. v. Prospect CharterCARE, LLC et al.*, C.A. No. PC-2018-4386 (R.I. Super.), Bank of America, N.A, and all parties who have filed proofs of claim in this liquidating receivership which remain open;

3. The Court finds that such notice as described in Paragraphs 1 and 2,

supra, constitutes sufficient notice to all parties whose interests may be affected by the Petition or the Response;

4. The Petition is granted as to the following trusts (hereinafter collectively the "Trusts"):

- a. The Trust under Will of Sarah S. Brown dated June 21, 1911;
- b. The Trust under Will of C. Prescott Knight dated November 14, 1932;
- c. The Trust under Will of George Luther Flint dated June 25, 1935;
- d. The Miriam C. Horton Trust dated August 9, 1948, as amended by its entirety and restated on June 12, 1963 and modified by a Memorandum of Understanding dated June 24, 2004 between Fleet National Bank (now Bank of America, N.A.), RWH and Brown University;
- e. The Trust under Will of Albert K. Steinert dated July 11, 1927;

- f. The Herbert G. Townsend Trust dated January 2, 1929, as restated on June 14, 1949, as amended on October 6, 1955, and as modified by agreement dated November 18, 1971; and
- g. The Trust under Will of Albert K. Steinert dated July 11, 1927;

5. Within ten (10) business days of the entry of this order, the Liquidating Receiver shall pay to the Plan Receiver the sum of \$1,005,776 which represents all of the accumulated income and distributions that the Liquidating Receiver has received as of March 28, 2022 from the Trusts named in paragraphs 4-a. through 4-g. above. If the Liquidating Receiver thereafter receives income or distributions from the Trusts, he shall remit same to the Plan Receiver without deduction;

6. The Court is aware that the funds remaining in the liquidating receivership after making the payment to the Plan Receiver may not be sufficient to pay in full the administrative expenses of the liquidating receivership (including such compensation and expenses of the Liquidating Receiver and his counsel as this Court may approve from time to time). Therefore, subject to the Court's approval of such administrative expenses to the extent of any shortfall; nothing in this Order obligates the Plan Receiver to pay any pre-receivership obligations of any Legacy Hospital Entity (as defined in the Petition) including any part of the open proofs of claim in the Liquidating Receivership;

7. Bank of America, N.A. or any successor trustee shall pay to the Plan Receiver any and all future income and distributions from the Trusts named in paragraphs 4-a. through 4-g. above that would (but for this order) have been payable to SJHSRI, RWH, or the Liquidating Receiver.

8. Upon receipt of the funds identified in Paragraphs 5 and 7, *supra*, the Plan Receiver shall cause the same to be deposited into the Plan for the benefit of the Plan

> participants, less any amount(s) for fees that Special Counsel may seek to be approved and that are actually approved by this Court; and

> 9. Except as modified herein, the Order entered on April 20, 2015 (the "2015 Cy Pres Order") in the matter captioned *In re: CHARTERCARE HEALTH PARTNERS FOUNDATION, et al. v. STEPHEN DEL SESTO, et al.*, KM-2015-0035 (the "2015 Cy Pres Action"), as previously modified by the Order and the Final Judgment that were both entered on December 3, 2019 in the 2015 Cy Pres Action, is hereby affirmed.

ORDERED:

Stern, J.

Brian P. Stern Associate Justice

ENTERED:

/s/ Carin Miley

Page 5 of 6 PageID #:

Deputy Clerk I Dep. Clerk April 7, 2022 Dated:

Presented by:

Dated: April 7, 2022

/s/ Max Wistow Max Wistow, Esq. (#0330) Stephen P. Sheehan, Esq. (#4030) Benjamin Ledsham, Esq. (#7956) Wistow, Sheehan & Loveley, PC 61 Weybosset Street Providence, RI 02903 (401) 831-2700; (401) 272-9752 (fax) mwistow@wistbar.com

March 30, 2022

Case Number: PC-2019-11756 Filed in Providence/Bristol County Superior Courts-WES Submitted: 3/30/2022 3:56 PM Envelope: 3558608 Reviewer: Carol M.

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that, on the 30th day of March, 2022, I filed and served the foregoing document through the electronic filing system on the following users of record:

Thomas S. Hemmendinger, Esq. Sean J. Clough, Esq. Lisa M. Kresge, Esq. Ronald F. Cascione, Esq. Brennan, Recupero, Cascione, Scungio & McAllister, LLP 362 Broadway Providence, RI 02909 themmendinger@brscm.com sclough@brcsm.com lkresge@brcsm.com rcascione@brcsm.com

Jessica Rider, Esq. Special Assistant Attorney General 150 South Main Street Providence, RI 02903 jrider@riag.ri.gov

John A. Tarantino, Esq. Patricia K. Rocha, Esq. Joseph Avanzato, Esq. Leslie D. Parker, Esq. Adler Pollock & Sheehan PC One Citizens Plaza, 8th Floor Providence, RI 02903 jtarantino@apslaw.com procha@apslaw.com javanzato@apslaw.com Iparker@apslaw.com Steven J. Boyajian, Esq. Robinson & Cole LLP One Financial Plaza, Suite 1430 Providence, RI 02903 <u>sboyajian@rc.com</u>

Giovanna La Terra Bellina, Esq. 144 Wayland Square Providence, RI 02906 <u>jlaterra@orsonandbrusini.com</u>

Preston Halperin, Esq. Christopher J. Fragomeni, Esq. Douglas Giron, Esq. Savage Law Partners 564 South Water Street Providence, RI 02903 phalperin@shslawfirm.com chris@savagelawpartners.com dgiron@savagelawpartners.com

Patricia Antonelli, Esq. Salter McGowan Sylvia & Leonard, Inc 56 Exchange Street, Suite 500 Providence, RI 02903 pantonelli@smsllaw.com

Stacey Nakasian, Esq. Duffy & Sweeney, LTD 321 South Main Street, 4th Floor Providence, RI 02903 <u>snakasian@duffysweeney.com</u>

The document electronically filed and served is available for viewing and/or downloading from the Rhode Island Judiciary's Electronic Filing System.

/s/ Max Wistow

Case 1:18-cv-00328-WES

Document 263-8 17645

Filed 10/25/23 Page 1 of 2 PageID #:

Exhibit 8

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND PROVIDENCE, SC.

SUPERIOR COURT

Filed 10/25/23

Page 2 of 2 PageID #:

In re:

CharterCARE Community Board; St. Joseph Health Services of Rhode Island; and Roger Williams Hospital

C.A. No. PC-2019-11756

AFFIDAVIT OF RECEIPT OF TRUST INCOME

Document 263-8

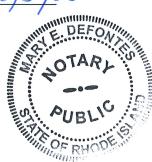
17646

I, Stephen F. Del Sesto, Esq., in my capacity as Permanent Receiver of the St. Joseph Health Services of Rhode Island Retirement Plan, on oath depose and say that on the 15th day of April, 2022, I received two checks totaling \$1,005,776.00, from the Liquidating Receiver, Thomas Hemmendinger, Esq. Said funds represent the trust income, pursuant to paragraph 5 of the Order, dated April 7, 2022, granting the Petition to Apply Trust Income to Pension Plan.

Stephen F. Del Sesto, Esq. (#6336) Pierce Atwood, LLP One Financial Plaza, 26th Floor Providence, RI 02903 401-490-3415 Telephone sdelsesto@pierceatwood.com

Subscribed and sworn to me this 22nd day of April, 2022.

Mary E. DeFontes Notary Public My Commission Expires: $\frac{10}{5}$



Case 1:18-cv-00328-WES

Document 263-9 17647

Filed 10/25/23 Page 1 of 4 PageID #:

Exhibit 9

Case Number: PC- Filed in Providence Submitted: 12/15/2 Envelope: 3908944 Reviewer: Maureer	/Bristol County Superior 28-WES Document	263-9 17648	Filed 10/25/23	Page 2 of 4 PageID #:
	STATE OF RHODE ISLAND PROVIDENCE, SC		SUF	PERIOR COURT
	ST. JOSEPH HEALTH SERVICES OF RHODE ISLAND, INC.	:		
	٧.		C.A	. No.: PC-2017-3856
	ST. JOSEPH'S HEALTH SERVICES OF RHODE ISLAND RETIREMENT PLAN, AS AMENDED	=		
	In re:	:		
	CharterCARE Community Board,			
	St. Joseph Health Services of Rhode Island,		C.A	. No.: PC-2019-11756
	And			
	Roger Williams Hospital			

ORDER APPOINTING PERMANENT LIQUIDATING RECEIVER

Stephen F. Del Sesto (the "Plan Receiver"), the permanent receiver of the St. Joseph Health Services of Rhode Island Retirement Plan, and Thomas S. Hemmendinger, the heretofore permanent liquidating receiver of CharterCARE Community Board ("CCCB"), St. Joseph Health Services of Rhode Island ("SJHSRI"), and Roger Williams Hospital ("RWH"), having filed a Joint Petition to Appoint Plan Receiver as Liquidating Receiver of CCCB, SJHSRI, and RWH, and all proper notice of the Joint Petition having been given, and no one having objected to the Petition, and the Petition having come on for hearing on December 13, 2022, and for the reasons stated at the hearing, it is hereby

ORDERED, ADJUDGED, AND DECREED:

1. That pursuant to R.I. Gen. Laws § 7-6-61, Stephen Del Sesto, Esq. of Riverside, Rhode Island, be and is hereby appointed Permanent Liquidating Receiver (the "Liquidating Receiver") of CharterCARE Community Board, St. Joseph Health Services of Rhode Island, and Roger Williams Hospital, and of all of the real property and tangible and intangible personal property of each of them, with all of the powers and duties set forth in the Court's prior Order Appointing Permanent Liquidating Receiver dated January 17, 2020 in C.A. No. PC-2019-11756, which may be modified or supplemental by further order of this Court.

2. That Thomas S. Hemmendinger, Esq. be and hereby is discharged as the Permanent Liquidating Receiver of CCCB, SJHSRI, and RWH;

3. That Thomas S. Hemmendinger, Esq. shall within a reasonable time submit his final report and accounting as of the date hereof, together with his request for fees and expenses; and

4. That, except as modified herein, the prior Order Appointing Permanent Liquidating Receiver dated January 17, 2020 in C.A. No. PC-2019-11756, including but not limited to the injunction recited in paragraph 9 thereof, shall continue in all respects.

ORDERED:

Brian P. Stern Associate Justice

ENTERED:

/s/ Carin Miley Deputy Clerk I Dep. Clerk December 16, 2022 Dated:

Stern, J. Dated: December 16, 2022

Presented by:

/s/ Max Wistow Max Wistow, Esq. (#0330) Stephen P. Sheehan, Esq. (#4030) Benjamin Ledsham, Esq. (#7956) Wistow, Sheehan & Loveley, PC 61 Weybosset Street Providence, RI 02903 (401) 831-2700; (401) 272-9752 (fax) mwistow@wistbar.com

December 15, 2022

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that, on the 15th day of December, 2022, I filed and served the foregoing document through the electronic filing system on the following users of record:

Thomas S. Hemmendinger, Esq. Sean J. Clough, Esq. Lisa M. Kresge, Esq. Ronald F. Cascione, Esq. Brennan, Recupero, Cascione, Scungio & McAllister, LLP 362 Broadway Providence, RI 02909 themmendinger@brscm.com sclough@brcsm.com Ikresge@brcsm.com rcascione@brcsm.com

Jessica Rider, Esq. Special Assistant Attorney General 150 South Main Street Providence, RI 02903 jrider@riag.ri.gov

John A. Tarantino, Esq. Patricia K. Rocha, Esq. Joseph Avanzato, Esq. Leslie D. Parker, Esq. Adler Pollock & Sheehan PC One Citizens Plaza, 8th Floor Providence, RI 02903 jtarantino@apslaw.com procha@apslaw.com javanzato@apslaw.com lparker@apslaw.com Steven J. Boyajian, Esq. Robinson & Cole LLP One Financial Plaza, Suite 1430 Providence, RI 02903 <u>sboyajian@rc.com</u>

Giovanna La Terra Bellina, Esq. 144 Wayland Square Providence, RI 02906 jlaterra@orsonandbrusini.com

Preston Halperin, Esq. Christopher J. Fragomeni, Esq. Douglas Giron, Esq. Savage Law Partners 564 South Water Street Providence, RI 02903 phalperin@shslawfirm.com chris@savagelawpartners.com dgiron@savagelawpartners.com

Patricia Antonelli, Esq. Salter McGowan Sylvia & Leonard, Inc 56 Exchange Street, Suite 500 Providence, RI 02903 pantonelli@smsllaw.com

Stacey Nakasian, Esq. Duffy & Sweeney, LTD 321 South Main Street, 4th Floor Providence, RI 02903 <u>snakasian@duffysweeney.com</u>

The document electronically filed and served is available for viewing and/or downloading from the Rhode Island Judiciary's Electronic Filing System.

/s/ Benjamin Ledsham

Case 1:18-cv-00328-WES Document 263-10

cument 263-10 17651 Filed 10/25/23 Page 1 of 4 PageID #:

Exhibit 10

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND PROVIDENCE.

In re:

CharterCARE Community Board; St. Joseph Health Services of Rhode Island; and Roger Williams Hospital

St. Joseph Health Services of Rhode Island, Inc

vs

St. Joseph Health Services of Rhode Island Retirement Plan, as amended

SUPERIOR COURT

C.A. No. PC-2019-11756

C.A. No. PC-2017-3856

AFFIDAVIT OF NOTICE

Document 263-10

17652

I, Stephen F. Del Sesto, Esq., on oath depose and say that I forwarded notice of hearing and the <u>Petition of Stephen Del Sesto as Plan Receiver and Liquidating Receiver for Settlement Instructions and Approval</u> ("Petition"), presently scheduled for hearing on the 2nd day of October, 2023, to all parties identified on the attached Schedule A, by first class mail, postage prepaid on the 27th day of September, 2023. The <u>Notice of Hearing</u> and the <u>Petition</u> were posted to the Receiver's dedicated website on the 30th day of August, 2023, and the 26th day of September, 2023, respectively. I advised all pension holders who attended the town-hall style meeting on September 14, 2023 of the hearing on the Petition. In addition, I forwarded the <u>Notice of Hearing</u> to all Plan participants, creditors and other interested parties known to me, via first class mail, postage prepaid on the 27th day of September, 2023.

Stephen F. Del Sesto, Esq. (#6336) Pierce Atwood, LLP One Citizens Plaza, 10th Floor Providence, RI 02903 401-490-3415 Telephone sdelsesto@pierceatwood.com

Subscribed and sworn to me this 28th day of September, 2023.

Mary E. DeFontes Notary Public My Commission Expires: <u>//</u>



Reviewer: Randie M.

Filed 10/25/23 Page 3 of 4 PageID #:

SCHEDULE A

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9/1/2017	Moshe Berman, Esq.	CharterCare He
9/1/2017	Max Wistow, Esq.	Wistow, Sheeh
9/1/2017	Stephen Sheehan, Esq.	Wistow, Sheeh
9/1/2017	Benjamin Ledsham, Esq.	Wistow, Sheeh
9/1/2017	Kimberiy McCarthy, Esq.	Partridge Snow
9/1/2017 04/2017	Elizabeth Wiens, Esq.	Gursky Wiens
1107110		Jert bauer
9/25/2017	eugene bernardo, II, Esq. Ri Denartment of Lahor & Training	Partridge Snow
9/25/2017	RI Department of Revenue	Division of Tax:
9/25/2017	Ariene Violet, Esq.	Arlene Violet &
10/6/2017	James Cole II, Esq.	Groom Law Gr
11/17/2017	Derek MacKenzie, Esq. Senior Litigation Counsel AON Consultion Inc.	Marsh & McLer
11/17/2017		
11/17/2017	State Street Global Advisors	
11/17/2017	Ernst & Young LLP KPMG ILP	Atta: Donald E
11/17/2017	Martha Brassil, VP	Bank of Americ
12/4/2017	Howard Merten, Esq.	Partridge Snow
12/12/2017	George Lieberman, Esq.	Gianfrancesco.
1/5/2018	Sean Lynes, Esq.	Assistant Attorn
2/9/2018	William Dolan, III, Esq.	Adler Pollock &
2/28/2018	David A. Wollin, Esq.	Hinckley Allen 8
3/16/2018	Jeffrey Kasle, Esq.	Olenn & Penza,
3/30/2018	Christopher Sweeney, Esq.	Conn Kavanaug
4/20/2018	Dean Wagner, Esq.	Savage Law Pa
4/20/2018	Preston Halperin, Esq.	Savage Law Pa
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10/22/2018	W. Mark Russo, Esq.	Ferrucci Russo
1/3/2020	Thomas S. Hemmendinger, Special Master	Brennan, Recup
1/3/2020	Ronald F. Cascione	Brennan, Recup
1/3/2020	Lisa M. Kresge	Brennan, Recup
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12/14/2022	Utilia Harvey Fer	Spacial Assistan
1/26/2023	Ryan Gainor, Esq.	Hinckley Allen 8

Chace Rutenberg & Freedman, LLP United Nurses & Attied Professionals CharterCare Health Partners Wistow, Sheehan & Loveley, PC Wistow, Sheehan & Loveley, PC Wistow, Sheehan & Loveley, PC Partridge Snow & Hahm Gursky Wiens Jeff Bauer
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Attr: Donald F, Anderson Bank of America, N.A. Bank of America, N.A. Glanfrancesco & Hedmann Assistant Attorney General Adler Pollock & Sheehan, PC Minckley Attine & Sheehan, PC
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Reviewer: Randie M.

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Exhibit 11

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STATE OF RHODE ISLAND PROVIDENCE, SC.	SUPERIOR COURT	
ST. JOSEPH HEALTH SERVIO RHODE ISLAND, INC.	OF :	
VS.	C.A. No: PC-2017-3856	
ST. JOSEPH HEALTH SERVIO RHODE ISLAND RETIREMEN as amended		
In re:		
CHARTERCARE COMMUNIT ST. JOSEPH HEALTH SERVIO RHODE ISLAND and ROGER WILLIAMS HOSPITAL	-	

<u>ORDER</u>

Stephen F. Del Sesto, Esq. ("Receiver"), solely in his capacities (a) as the Permanent Receiver of the St. Joseph Health Services of Rhode Island Retirement Plan (the "Plan") and (b) as the Permanent Liquidating Receiver ("Liquidating Receiver") of CharterCARE Community Board ("CCCB"), St. Joseph Health Services of Rhode Island ("SJHSRI") and Roger Williams Hospital ("RWH"), having filed the Petition of Stephen Del Sesto as Plan Receiver and Liquidating Receiver for Settlement Instructions and Approval ("Petition for Settlement Instructions and Approval") relating to the proposed settlement ("Proposed Settlement") of claims among the Receiver, seven individuals, Roman Catholic Bishop of Providence, a corporation sole, Diocesan Administration Corporation, and Diocesan Service Corporation, and the Court having conducted a hearing on October 2, 2023, and no objection having been filed or made, and for the reasons stated at the hearing, it is hereby:

ORDERED, ADJUDGED, AND DECREED:

1. That the Petition for Settlement Instructions and Approval is granted;

2. That notice of the Petition for Settlement Instructions and Approval and of the hearing thereon was given to all parties in interest, including all of the Plan's participants and beneficiaries;

3. That all of the *Jeffrey* Factors favor approval of the Proposed Settlement;

4. That the Proposed Settlement including specifically the Settlement Agreement is fair and reasonable, was made in good faith, and is in the best interests of the Receivership estate and the Plan's participants and beneficiaries, and that all actions of the Receiver in connection with the negotiation, execution, and implementation of the Proposed Settlement are approved and ratified;

5. That the Receiver may seek approval of the Proposed Settlement by the United States District Court in <u>Stephen Del Sesto et al. v. Prospect Chartercare, LLC et al.</u> (C.A. No: 1:18-CV-00328-WES-LDA) (the "Federal Court Action") and is directed to take all necessary and appropriate actions in connection therewith;

6. That Special Counsel's contingent fee for representing the Receiver of 23 1/3% (as set forth in the Petition for Settlement Instructions and Approval and which the Court has previously approved) is fair, reasonable, and a benefit to the Receivership estate and, subject to the approval of the Proposed Settlement and the fee by the court in the Federal Court Action, the Receiver is authorized to pay said fee to Special Counsel

from the proceeds of the Proposed Settlement and to pay the entire remaining proceeds

to the Plan; and

6. That the Settlement Agreement constitutes a good-faith settlement under

R.I. Gen. Laws § 23-17.14-35.

SO ORDERED: Brian P. Stern

Associate Justice

Stern, J.

Dated: October 18, 2023

ENTERED:

/s/ Carin Miley
Dep. Clerk Deputy Clerk I
October 18, 2023
Dated:

Presented by:

/s/ Benjamin Ledsham Max Wistow, Esq. (#0330) Stephen P. Sheehan, Esq. (#4030) Benjamin Ledsham, Esq. (#7956) Wistow, Sheehan & Loveley, PC 61 Weybosset Street Providence, RI 02903 (401) 831-2700 (401) 272-9752 (fax) mwistow@wistbar.com

Dated: October 10, 2023

Case Number: PC-2017-3856 Filed in Providence/Bristol County Superior 6945-WES Submitted: 10/10/2023 11:08 AM Envelope: 4316310 Reviewer: Dianna J.

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that, on the 10th day of October, 2023, I filed and served the foregoing document through the electronic filing system on the following users of record:

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The document electronically filed and served is available for viewing and/or downloading from the Rhode Island Judiciary's Electronic Filing System.

/s/ Benjamin Ledsham