STATE OF RHODE ISLAND AND PROVIDENCE PLANTATIONS PROVIDENCE, SC. SUPERIOR COURT

ST. JOSEPH'S HEALTH SERVICES OF RHODE ISLAND	) ) )	
VS.	) ) C.A. )	PC-2017-3856
ST. JOSEPH'S HEALTH SERVICES OF RHODE ISLAND RETIREMENT PLAN	) ) )	

## HEARD BEFORE

# THE HONORABLE ASSOCIATE JUSTICE BRIAN P. STERN ON JANUARY 5, 2018

### APPEARANCES:

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GINA GIANFRANCESCO GOMES COURT REPORTER

## CERTIFICATION

I, Gina Gianfrancesco Gomes, hereby certify that the succeeding pages 1 through 70, inclusive, are a true and accurate transcript of my stenographic notes.

GINA GIANFRANCESCO GOMES

COURT REPORTER

## FRIDAY, JANUARY 5, 2018 1 MORNING SESSION 2 PC-2017-3856, St. Joseph's Health THE CLERK: 3 Services of Rhode Island vs. St. Joseph's Health Services 4 of Rhode Island Retirement Plan. Would counsel please 5 identify themselves for the record and the parties they 6 7 represent. MR. LIEBERMAN: Good morning. George Lieberman for 8 9 St. Joseph's. MR. FINE: Robert D. Fine of Chace, Ruttenberg, & 10 Freedman also for St. Joseph's. 11 MR. DEL SESTO: Stephen Del Sesto, court appointed 12 Receiver, your Honor. 13 MR. WISTOW: Max Wistow, special counsel to the 14 receivership estate. 15 MR. LEDSHAM: Benjamin Ledsham also special 16 counsel. 17 THE COURT: I just need to clarify one thing. 18 Attorney Fine, is Chace Ruttenberg still counsel because 19 I received an entry of appearance from Attorney 20 Lieberman? 21 MR. FINE: Yes, your Honor. He will be arguing. 22 hope to be more of a spectator here. I believe we are 23 still counsel. 24 THE COURT: I just wanted to make sure. You're both 25

#### co-counsel?

MR. FINE: We are both co-counsel and Mr. Lieberman

is lead counsel.

THE COURT: Okay. There is a motion to compel

before the Court on both the first and the second subpoena. The Court after reviewing the objection by St. Joseph's sent a request to St. Joseph's and Attorney Lieberman to help the Court understand what documents have been identified, gathered, reviewed, or withheld under a claim of privilege during the past now 78 days since the service of the subpoena. The Court did impose a very aggressive deadline. The Court did receive last evening, and late last evening had the opportunity to review the 126-page supplemental report by St. Joseph's. This hopefully will enable the Court to conduct a more efficient hearing this morning.

But before we get to the motion itself, I still have some questions about the objection and the supplement in terms of status. Attorney Lieberman, first is it correct that there has been approximately 37,000 paper pages of corporate records that have been identified?

MR. LIEBERMAN: Yes, and they have been scanned, your Honor.

THE COURT: I will get to that next. And there is approximately 7,000 of corporate records, electronic

corporate records, that have been identified? 1 MR. LIEBERMAN: Yes. THE COURT: Okay. And that there are 34 boxes of 3 documents, according to your papers, in the possession of 4 Prospect and they were turned over at one point to 5 Prospect and they were subsequently taken back after the 6 subpoena was issued. 7 MR. LIEBERMAN: Yes, your Honor. That was December 8 4th when special counsel served Prospect with a subpoena. 9 In terms of what has been reviewed for THE COURT: 10 privilege, would I be correct that all documents have 11 already been produced and the first, second, and third 12 response to the subpoena have been reviewed? 13 MR. LIEBERMAN: Yes, your Honor. 14 THE COURT: And it also appears that 5,575 out of 15 the 7,000 electronic records have been reviewed? 16 I believe that is correct. MR. LIEBERMAN: 17 THE COURT: And then I want to talk about what has 18 not been reviewed for privilege. So the 37,000 pages of 19 paper corporate records have not been reviewed for 20 21 privilege? MR. LIEBERMAN: They have not been reviewed, your 22 Honor. 23 Okay. And the 1,425 pages of electronic THE COURT: 24 records, I understand when you filed, it was in the 25

process, but they have not been reviewed and the review has not been completed?

MR. LIEBERMAN: The review has not been completed.

THE COURT: And there has been no review while you have the 34 boxes in your possession of the Prospect records?

MR. LIEBERMAN: That's correct.

THE COURT: So next when I read through the response on November 8th and when I read through your papers, I just want to clarify what has been produced. In your response to the Court's request you talk about a range of bate-stamped pages that have already been produced which is about 14,605 pages. When I go through your response by the bate stamp numbers, it appears there is about 7,000 pages. Do you know how many pages have been produced? Attorney Digou, if you can answer that question. You seem to be counsel for e-mail services.

MR. DIGOU: Good morning, your Honor. Could you ask that question again?

THE COURT: Sure. How many documents have been produced or how many pages have been produced? When I read though the 126-page response, there is a range of bate numbers that is a little over 14,000 pages. When I looked at the actual response, it appears to be about 7,000 pages.

MR. DIGOU: In response we produced, your Honor, I think that because of the bate numbers and referring to the documents that have been bate stamped but not yet produced may have been a bit confusing. In response to the November 8th subpoena we produced, I believe, it was approximately 4,700 pages and that was reviewed, stamped, and produced both in the initial response on November 8th, the first supplemental response on November 9th, and then a subsequent or second supplemental response at some point in December.

THE COURT: December 12th?

MR. DIGOU: Right.

THE COURT: So that helps. So we're talking about 4,700 or so pages that were produced on November 8th?

MR. DIGOU: In all of the supplemental responses, so between November 8th, November 9th, and December 12th.

THE COURT: It looks like there were 19 pages on November 9th and 19 pages on December 12th. So what the Receiver and the Special Investigator have at this point is approximately 4,700 pages that have been reviewed for privilege and confidentiality and have been sent out. And I see there was a reference to a privilege log.

MR. DIGOU: That's correct, your Honor.

THE COURT: So the next question is after November 8th, which seems to be the last production with 19 pages

on the other two dates, what has occurred over those 58 days?

MR. DIGOU: Your Honor, we have been reviewing the electronic documents, which in our response we identify them, which is I believe the 7,000 that you're referring to. So that is a partial review of the electronic documents that we have in our possession. When I say partial, there is about 1,425 documents remaining to be reviewed, so in total it's about 8,500 documents. So we are more than a majority of the way through the electronic documents and those have been reviewed and bate stamped and prepared for production, and, you know, that is the subject of the merits of the motion.

THE COURT: I'm just trying to understand. So, you know, the 58 days have gone by. What you're saying is that you have reviewed several thousand or a little more than that documents for privilege and confidentiality?

MR. DIGOU: We've also collected and prepared for production the over 37,000 pages of paper documents. So that's approximately 45 boxes and there are ten additional boxes of corporate records that have not yet been scanned, reviewed, or scanned for production. So a total, your Honor, 55 boxes have been collected.

THE COURT: I understand collected, but in terms of review, the only review that has been done is the 45 or

4,700 that have been produced and the electronic records 1 that you have gotten through at this point? That's just with respect to the first MR. DIGOU: 3 In that time period that you're referring to, 4 your Honor, we were served with a second subpoena and 5 we've began collecting documents and reviewing documents 6 in response to the second subpoena. So it was a multifaceted approach. 8 THE COURT: So what has been scanned at this point? 9 MR. DIGOU: 45 boxes of the corporate records have 10 been scanned, which is the reference to the 37,000 pages. 11 And so those have been scanned and bate THE COURT: 12 stamped? 13 They have been scanned and bate stamped. MR. DIGOU: 14 That's correct. 15 What remains to be scanned and bate THE COURT: 16 17 stamped? There are ten boxes retrieved by St. MR. DIGOU: 18 Joseph's that are corporate records that have not been 1.9 scanned, reviewed, or stamped. They are in queue with 2.0 the vendor to be scanned. 21 THE COURT: And it looks like from a letter from 22 Attorney Land it was sometime in November that those were 23 In his letter it said within a sent to the vendor. 24 couple of weeks it will be scanned. All boxes are not 25

completed at this point?

MR. DIGOU: That's correct.

THE COURT: And there has been no review of those boxes. I understand we're getting to that in terms of the subpoena.

MR. DIGOU: That's correct.

THE COURT: Okay. Thank you very much, counsel.

That helps. Why don't you proceed, counsel, with your motion.

MR. WISTOW: Before we begin, your Honor, I don't think I ever been so confused and frustrated as I have in this case and especially this morning. I just heard counsel say that because of the second subpoena they were diverted to go through the records regarding that second subpoena. They responded in the 126 pages by saying there are no such items, which I find very incredible and I'm going to address as we go on.

Your Honor, in the correspondence which has been submitted to your Honor, and I sympathize with your having to read all of this stuff. Mr. Land represented there were 79 boxes of materials between corporate records and Prospect's records. Nobody has ever defined what we're talking about. I believe, and maybe we can get this clarified today once and for all, I believe that what happened here was in the acquisition in 2014,

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Prospect, and I'm talking about the for-profit new hospital, acquired many records, the title to many records, and physically has those. I also believe that because St. Joseph's as a corporation, it was a wind down, that the records that St. Joseph's had but continue to maintain title on was not all of the records transferred. They're still physically at Prospect. I believe that's the case. And it would be very helpful if that point could be clarified once and for all. I am going to inquire of the Court if we could substantiate that through counsel because it's very relevant this issue about Prospect's obligation.

I furnished the Court and I furnished counsel months ago with the contract that gives them access to all of the records, even the ones that have title in Prospect for the purposes of investigations and audits expressly. So I am going to implore the Court if we could just find out am I correct that what we're talking about with corporate records means the records that St. Joseph's still owns but are physically at the hospital, and the other records are those that were sold to Prospect as part of the acquisition, but which under the contract St. Joseph's still has access to.

THE COURT: If counsel can answer, just this bundle of records, I understand some you had, some were taken

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1	back, why don't you clarify that.
2	MR. LIEBERMAN: Subject to Mr. Digou's
3	clarification, I will say the corporate records are not
4	St. Joseph's own corporate records are not with
5	Prospect. They are with the vendor.
6	THE COURT: They are with what?
7	MR. LIEBERMAN: The vendor.
8	MR. WISTOW: Where were they before they went to
9	the vendor?
10	THE COURT: Before you sent them to the vendor, did
11	st. Joseph's have possession of those records?
12	MR. LIEBERMAN: I think they may have been in the
13	hands of Prospect. We got them back from Prospect and
14	gave them to the vendor to scan.
15	THE COURT: Maybe Attorney Digou can answer better.
16	I want to know what you have. It looks like from
17	Attorney Land's correspondence there was meetings and
18	discussions with Prospect.
19	MR. DIGOU: Your Honor, you'll have to excuse me. I
20	wasn't prepared to answer a question that was posed in
21	open court.
22	THE COURT: I will tell you counsel that the
23	questions that I ask, it's clear that the Court is
24	wrestling with what is going on.
25	MR. DIGOU: Understood, your Honor. I'll try my

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best from my recollection without being able to have a precise document or refer to the contract.

THE COURT: I'm not talking about the contract. I just want to know the boxes of documents, did you have them all along or were some of them retrieved from Prospect?

MR. DIGOU: St. Joseph's the day after the transaction on June 20, 2014, had no employees, no physical plans, no boxes. The only thing it maintained title to were its corporate records and that was specifically referred to in the contract. So when we were served with a subpoena, we contacted Prospect to gain access to St. Joseph's corporate records. When I say corporate records, I mean meeting minutes, board resolutions, annual reports, committee meeting minutes, things of that nature. All of the other documents Prospect purchased and owned pursuant to that asset purchase agreement.

THE COURT: But the first set of documents, St. Joseph's didn't even have those at the beginning?

MR. DIGOU: St. Joseph's didn't exist. It was on paper at a board. It was incumbent upon us to go and obtain those from Prospect at the hospital.

THE COURT: So you're talking shortly after the transaction you obtained those records?

MR. DIGOU: No, your Honor. There was a transition service agreement. Those boxes were at the hospital until October of 2017, November of 2017, when we obtained those in response to the subpoena.

THE COURT: Until you got the subpoena, the petitioner had no corporate records?

MR. DIGOU: That's right.

THE COURT: Why don't you continue, counsel.

MR. WISTOW: So my supposition appears to be correct. When they say that St. Joseph's just existed on paper, that's not true. Chace Ruttenberg was their counsel. They were operating in wind down. They were getting reports from the actuaries, and I'm going to get into that, regarding the pension plan and they had records. The records were physically at the hospital. It's not they didn't have records. The title of the records were there. The other records, which were so old, were in the same place, the same hospital. I don't know if they were in the same room or not, and they had contractural rights to those, period.

Now, one of the things that has been said is there was efforts to get these records and that's what the second subpoena is asking about. What did you do, just make a phone call to somebody? Is there a time record? I suppose the implication of what I'm saying is I don't

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believe a lot of what is being said here. It's inexplicable to me that after all this time we are where we are.

Let me just go back, I don't want to burden the Court unduly here, but you can see from the 126-page response which was sent to the Court at around 4:30 last night how frustrating this thing is. We have no answers really for when we are going to get anything, and I would like to go through step by step because it's worse. 126-pages in itself is an indictment of the ones that prepared it, but it's worse than it appears. original subpoena is more than eleven weeks ago and there is no dispute that very, very, very few documents have been produced with regard to that first subpoena. The responses that your Honor has are like shovelling smoke. It's the same thing I'm experiencing for months. to go through some of the pain that I experienced with the correspondence of trying to get to the bottom of all this.

By the way, basically the response that your Honor got -- and, I know, if I forgot something for the Court, I would be shaking in my boots. The response your Honor got is we're still working on it. We'll let you know when we're ready. This started, your Honor -- forgive me. I really want to put this on to the record because I

think it clarifies the necessity of going forward.

Behind all of this there is over 2,700 people whose pensions are going to be affected once way or the other. We have right now, tentatively anyway, a February date for decision as to whether or not to cut the pension.

And, by the way, I'm going to take serious umbrage with something Mr. Lieberman said. He said I was being inflammatory when I accused St. Joseph's of demanding that there be a 40-percent cut in the pensions. I would suggest part of the problem here is maybe people aren't reading the papers in this case. That is exactly what the petition asked for. It asked for a 40-percent reduction. That's a big deal, Judge.

On November 6th, this is Exhibit 6 to my motion to compel. And at this point it's not even a motion to compel. It's a motion to implore the Court to help me. On November 6th, this is two days before the first subpoena was due, and it's Exhibit 6. I wrote to Mr. Land who had called and who had written to me about giving time and I wrote and I said:

"Of course, we intend to cooperate with you in terms of timing of compliance. Nevertheless, I would point out the following:

A. You are already in arrears on your promise of giving us:

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1. The accounting of the application of the assets subject to the Cy Pres. This was promised to us without regard to the subpoena. Because insuring the proper distribution of these assets was your responsibility from at least early 2015, we must insist you tell us when you intend to comply."

By the way, as I get into it, your Honor, not withstanding Mr. Lieberman's representation that they have complied, they have not. And I will hand up what they represent to be an accounting and it is not. And then I asked for an itemization currently in the hands of SJHSRI. Still nothing.

Then I said, "We expect at least partial compliance with the subpoena by November 8th, i.e. the date of its return."

This is critical, Judge. I'm not trying to keep their feet to the fire. Even though I think I would be justified considering the affect on the people here.

I said, "As to the additional time you may need, tell us what items require such and an estimate of when we can get full compliance as to each such item. I want to extend you every courtesy, but I need to remind you that there are over 2,700 people being adversely affected by the pension shortfall (some in potentially life changing ways). Please, let's try to work this out. But

I cannot accept general assurances."

So on November 9th and November 10th I got some papers. Really totally inadequate. On November 21st, this is a couple of weeks after those two productions, this is Exhibit 10, your Honor. I write to Mr. Land. Mr. Lieberman was not yet in the case. "Since your partial production of documents on November 9th and 10th we have not heard from you. Mr. Digou" -- am I pronouncing that correctly?

MR. DIGOU: Digou.

MR. WISTOW: "Mr. DiGou, counsel for SJHSRI, indicated in his e-mail of November 9th that forty boxes of documents were being scanned and bate stamped for production. When can we have them? When will your document production be complete? You are in arrears both as to the subpoena and the court order of November 27, 2017."

That's the order which actually is directed to the individuals, it doesn't name them, but to turn these documents over. Then I get a week later in response to when will your document production be complete? You are in arrears. November 28th, I get a letter, Exhibit 13, and I have to burden your Honor. I want to read this into the record. "SJHSRI continues to collect, review, and process potentially responsive documents. SJHSRI has

requested access to documents owned by Prospect that may be responsive. Prospect continues to provide access to physical files, subject to Prospect's review of the documents for attorney client privilege, work product, or other applicable privilege/objection. With respect to Prospect's electronic data, we have discussed with Prospect collection of electronic data, and while we anticipate some difficulty in retrieving and searching the electronic data due to the broad scope of the subpoena requests, Prospects intends to provide access consistent with SJHSRI'S access to physical files subject to Prospect's review of the documents for attorney client privilege," et cetera et cetera.

I get that, and I sent an e-mail the same day. It's Exhibit 11. And it's telling them flat out. It's telling Land that Prospect has to give him access under the contract and I actually tell them look at page 62. By that time I read through the whole contract. Look at page 62. And what's very important is the access is for "investigative compliance, et cetera." What could be more applicable than what we're talking about?

I got to a point where I was so frustrated that I sent out the second subpoena saying, you know, instead of telling me you're trying, show me what the devil you've been doing.

Now, you heard Mr. Digou say that I interrupted their search for the first stuff while they were going through the records to show what they've been doing to comply with the first. And there is a written response saying there is no such record, I find that almost impossible to believe that that can be true. There has to be time records when somebody at least calls somebody. In a matter of this importance, is somebody going to suggest there is not an e-mail that somebody sent to Prospect saying look at page 62 of the contract. You know, we need this. We need that. It beggars belief that that could be true. There is a point that if this persists, I need to take somebody's deposition. I didn't want to do that. We've got enough things going on.

By the way, what is the second subpoena? How complicated is it? It says, "All documents in relation to the statements contained in the subject matter of the November 28th letter. That's the letter that says we're working, we're working, we're working. And it goes on and asks for three kinds of documents, communications with Prospect, Roger Williams, or CharterCare regarding compliance with the first subpoena. It looks for documents regarding the efforts of St. Joseph's Hospital to comply and it looks for documents they have regarding Prospect's efforts.

Then what I got is a late response to that subpoena with an unbelievable reply. I'm going to show you.

There is no way to describe what they're doing. It's just cavalier. Listen to this response. This is Exhibit 15, your Honor. "St. Joseph's Hospital, SJHSRI, is not in possession, custody, or control of any documents "relating to communications" with the identified entity. However, without waiving any of SJHSRI's objections, SJHSRI is in the process of undertaking a reasonable investigation to identify and produce non-published communications responsive to the request."

We don't have any but we're looking for them. That's what that says. Their objections, your Honor, on the subpoenas, both of the subpoenas, more importantly the first one, that we can't subpoena. We have to do a Rule 34 request for production. Your Honor expressly entered an order when the Receiver was appointed expressly saying we could subpoena anybody, any person or entity. And we point that out in our motion to compel, and in spite of that, when they responded to the motion to compel they made an issue again, just completely disregarded, not paying any attention to the fact your Honor ordered we can do subpoenas to anybody. Then we have the objections that were filed completely hypothetical, which we go through ad nauseam with the

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bishop and with the attorney general that to the extent, objection; to the extent it's called for; to the extent that maybe we object.

And, your Honor, I don't want to insult you by telling you something that I know you know. You can't do That's not a valid objection. Then they're talking about privilege. No log. No log on any kind of privilege. Then they object under common interest privilege between that and St. Joseph's Hospital and they cite a totally inapplicable case from Magistrate Almond. The reason I say it's inapplicable is because in that case there were privileged communications. There was a privilege log. And the court said that sharing those privileged documents under these circumstances was not necessarily a waiver if there was a common interest, but there has to be an underlying privilege. You can't just say I have a common interest. As a purchaser and a seller, we have a common interest to transaction, therefore, any communications we have are privileged. There is no common interest privilege. It's ridiculous. The common interest doctrine enables the privileges, if they exist, not to be waived.

I already indicated how helpful it would be if counsel would read some of the documents in this case. For example, and not say that I was being inflammatory

when I said the petitioner was demanding a 40-percent reduction. I was also startled, absolutely startled, that Mr. Lieberman could represent to the Court that St. Joseph's was sole solicitors of these petitions in spite of my accusations of delay that they pay \$650,000 to fund this inquiry. That is absolutely wrong. Exhibit 18 are the two checks from Roger Williams to fund this. That's as a result of my insisting that we not deplete further the assets of St. Joseph's. And, by the way, that payment will have other consequences as we go along.

So what is this all about, your Honor? We have in the context of this reduction that is supposed to come up in February. They waited to file the objection to the current motions under eleven days after we filed the motion and filed it on New Year's Eve, a typical delay tactic. Look at what we supplied the Court with so far about the delays of St. Joseph's Hospital, pre-conversion in 2014, pre-conversion. They knew, they knew, they knew, your Honor, that they would run out of money on this plan with, believe it or not, when they ran out of money on the actuarial projections, another 60 years of payouts to be made even after the \$14 million that we knew about went in. And that, your Honor, is Exhibit 19. I produced that.

And, by the way, what is interesting about that,

your Honor, is they knew they would run out of money with the \$14 million. But if you look at what I supplied, they were projecting paying the next year, 2015, \$1,391,000 and then a million and so forth. For the first several years over a million dollars and then, apparently, from the Cy Pres money -- I shouldn't say the Cy Pres money -- from charitable funds, the endowments. They were going to pay a minimum of \$600,000 a year after the first few years when they were paying over a million. None of that happened, none of that. So they knew at least -- I don't want to get into it. They knew way before that, but at least in 2014 before the closing they knew the plan was dead. It could not fulfill the promises that were made.

And, by the way, in what I've attached in Exhibit

19, the total after the \$14 million that they were saying were going into the plan is about \$19 million, not a penny of it has gone in. And, by the way, that document that I attached, I didn't get it from these guys. I got it from Andrew. Now, they knew, when I say they knew, I'm talking about Mr. Land personally knew Exhibit 20 that some of the "plan participants" were as young as 25 to 29 years old. And that they had designated beneficiaries who would get something after they died.

What we're talking about, your Honor, is a plan which on

its face would run out of money and there would be literally 60 years of unpaid benefits, not huge but a long period of unpaid benefits.

So what happened? December, 2014, Exhibit 21, I'm talking about the delay. Three years ago, December 14, 2014, CharterCare authorized the winding down and "negotiations with participants and their reps of the pension plan," and who was to do it, Exhibit 21, Dan Ryan and Land. February 2, 2017, a little more than two years later, they reiterated. This is Exhibit 22 that the corporation and Land was to wind this thing down. When do we hear about this? We hear about this six months after that and almost three years after the original authorization for winding down and to negotiate a petition. We hear about it in August of 2017, almost three years after they were told to wind it down. And this is beggars belief.

so after sitting on this for these years, they file a motion to put this thing into receivership and in the motion ask that on October 11th it be set down for hearing on what they want, the reduction of 40 percent. They have been diddling around. I don't know how else to say it. Forgive me for the vernacular. They have been diddling around with this thing for years. Now they say to these people we propose to and we're going to ask the

Court to reduce you and you have a couple of months to figure out what this is all about. Lot's of luck. I have been working on this for months. I can't figure out what they're up to. I can't get the documents. I can't get anything.

On December 12th of 2017, Exhibit 23, I get a letter now from Mr. Lieberman, and he affirms and offers that there are 79 boxes, 45 from St. Joseph's Hospital, 34 from Prospect that very same day. By the way, let me say, your Honor, that I would be surprised if we got any kind of communication in this case from anybody and didn't respond either that day or the next day or the next business day. We have really taken this thing seriously. Whether we have done a good job or not, I don't know but we tried to move this.

Here is what Sheehan said in response to this, we got 79 boxes. This is critical. This goes to the heart of where we are going. "We do not agree to your proposal to have Prospect turn over to us scores of boxes of documents on behalf of your client without your client making any attempt" -- this is Exhibit 24, your Honor -- "making any attempt to determine if it contained privileged and confidential material or even if the documents are responsive to the subpoena. And with your client having the right to make that determination and

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seek to have privileged documents returned and disclosure of confidential documents limited."

What I'm worried about, your Honor, and I believe what is going on here is I got a call a while back that precipitated the letter of 79 boxes from Mr. Lieberman, who was obviously going to do a document dump on me that was going to paralyze my office and I would get boxes and boxes of whatever the corporate documents were, whether they were responsive or not, and whatever Prospect's documents were responsive or not. And we said in that same letter, your Honor, and this becomes relevant especially of confidentiality. We said in the letter, "Finally we see no need for the protective order concerning allegedly "confidential documents" since we do not understand how a corporation wind down has any legitimate claims for or interest in confidentiality. Nevertheless, out of the spirit of corporation and accommodation we will agree to the entry of a protective order under the terms attached hereto."

A couple of things we want to do. We don't want just some blanket denomination of confidentiality. We asked them in the protective order -- we want them to say this document is confidential and why. It startles me that anything to do with this pension plan could possibly be confidential as to the thousands of people affected by

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wants to put on his website whatever documents are available. There is a great deal of public interest in this case and to claim confidentiality about something that affects these people, it's bizarre especially since the petitioner is saying we want to cut their benefits by 40 percent, but we got all this confidential stuff. We're saying fine, you want to make it confidential, we'll make it confidential, but you have to specify as to each document why it's confidential, why it's a serious problem for you and not just claim confidentiality.

The other thing is we want to be able if we get a subpoena, for example, or we get a request from the A.G. or some agent, to be able to turn the documents over to any governmental agency and not have to come back here and say we just got subpoenaed. Will you please quash the subpoena? What we're happy to do is notify them if we get something like that but they're going to have to get the request to quash, not us.

Now, this business about the document dump, I am 99 percent sure that is what we got looking at us. There is case law on this. This isn't the first time this has come up. I refer your Honor to Govas vs. Chalmers, which is at 965 F.2d 298, which is a '97 Circuit case. In that case the plaintiff produced approximately 9,000

documents, without attempting to categorize them or relate the documents to discovery requests. Because of prior dilatory conduct the District Court dismissed the Plaintiff's claim as a sanction under the Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 37C. The court of appeals held a dismissal was an appropriate sanction because the plaintiff had demonstrated a dilatory evasive discovery act. Now that's 9,000 documents. They're talking about -- I don't know how many thousand when you get to 79 boxes. And we would like them to respond to the subpoena and not just say here is a wall of boxes.

Rothman vs. Emory University, which is at 123 Fed.3d 446 where, and I'll quote from, "During arduous discovery process in this case the District Court ordered Rothman to produce certain documents that are required by federal rules. In response, Rothman produced three large banker's boxes of college papers and numerous other unrelated nonresponsive materials. Accordingly, the District Court sanctioned Rothman for violation. Now, that's three boxes. They're talking about 79 boxes.

Finally, your Honor, one other from the Northern

District of Illinois, <u>In Re: Thomas Consolidated</u>

<u>Industries</u>, 2005 Westlaw 3776322. And in that case the federal rules allowed the trustee to produce the

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documents as they are kept in the ordinary course of business. He remained obligated to sort through the documents himself and then produced only those responsive to the document request. And they cited an earlier case the Rothman vs. Emory that I had previously cited.

Counsel, I'm well aware of under Rule 45 THE COURT: as well the option in terms of how things can be produced. The reason I said I'll deal with Attorney Lieberman is they made their election. They sent three supplemental responses.

I am finishing up, your Honor. MR. WISTOW: Okay. I thank your Honor for your patience. My excuse for this is it gives me an opportunity to vent and I really need that. The response to the Court's inquiry, 126 pages really logs nothing. The statement that they gave us, an accounting of the Cy Pres, I would like to hand up to your Honor what they didn't give to us.

THE COURT: You can hand it to the clerk. She'll If you can mark it Court's Exhibit One.

(Exhibit so marked.)

MR. WISTOW: This is what we were given which is allegedly the accounting. If your Honor will take a look at this, you will see that there is only two entries that relate to Rogers William, and that's the last two on the page and the reason I say that is because if you look at

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is Rogers Williams. There is two items. They total about a million four. There were millions and millions of dollars and that were involved in the Cy Pres from St. Joseph's. This only addresses about \$1.4 million and, by the way, it's incomprehensible. If you look at what I gave you, it doesn't tell you anything about where it came from. I had to go through further investigation. They have records about this. They have to have records about this.

And, by the way, one of the reasons that this Cy Pres is so important is we think that not only were there representations made that money would come from endowments and we showed your Honor that.. but even if there wasn't such representations, we think that creditors of which we believe we can prove that these plan participants or creditors have rights to unrestricted charitable gifts and we think that a lot of this applies. When I say unrestricted, what I mean is it says use the income only. That's not a restriction that keeps creditors. If it says use it only to have an x-ray lab somewhere, that may be a different story. But there is still millions and millions of dollars that need to be accounted for that while we may be able to go after CharterCare Foundation, another one that is mentioned

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here is the Rhode Island Community Foundation account got a lot of money, but this is only a partial list. These are all important things.

I am not asking for these things because I enjoy reading these complex documents or researching the law on when can charitable payments be applied to satisfy creditors. In the 126-page document -- and by the way, on the Cy Pres, Exhibit 10 is a letter from me to Rick Land after I get this so-called accounting. By the way, these numbers, these bate stamp numbers indicate that they are within the first two productions, November 9th and 10th.

On Exhibit 10 we say, "Dear Rick, since your partial production of documents on November 9th and 10th we have not heard from you. Mr. Digou indicated in his e-mail of November 9th that 40 boxes of documents were being scanned and bate stamped for production. When can we have them? When will the document production be complete? You still have not provided the accounting from Cy Pres that you promised to get us." Now, they tell the court in 126 pages that our subpoena requests are so vague that they really can't figure out what we're talking about. They nevertheless attempt to figure it out in response.

Let me tell your Honor about this vagueness issue,

and I would like to hand up to the court -- I thought I had extra copies. What this is, your Honor, is a letter that -- I do have one other copy. This is a letter that I wrote to Mr. Land on November 8th and this is on the issue of what does my subpoena ask for and is it clear or is it vague? And if I might --

THE COURT: Court's 2.

(Exhibit so marked.)

MR. WISTOW: So rather than read it into the record, I just ask your Honor to read it to save time.

THE COURT: Okay. Go ahead, counsel. I had the opportunity to review it.

MR. WISTOW: Whenever we were asked what does this mean, we responded in writing. Nobody came back and said we still don't understand what you're talking about. We were satisfied we had answered the question. We're a little surprised to hear now about vagueness. Now, another thing that is very disturbing, very disturbing, in 126 pages, which is a essentially boiler plate. It's probably four or five pages, if that, of real responses. Everything is just repeated over and over.

One of the things they say is why am I asking them for these documents. Mr. Del Sesto has them as the Receiver, because of Mercer and Angell and so forth. A couple of things, we have gotten production from Mercer

and Angell and some of the things that we wanted we got from them. I pointed one out and actually used it this morning. I'm not satisfied that they have everything necessarily and I don't know that there is a justification that a party can say somebody else has it. Go get it from them. I want to make sure that people are not withholding stuff and I may subpoen the same thing from ten people. And by the way, Angell and Mercer are new to this. They haven't been involved for that many years so they don't have all of this stuff. If you would bear with me for one moment, your Honor.

THE COURT: It looks like you're heading toward the end.

MR. WISTOW: I can verify that I'm on my very last page. I picked out a couple of things within 126 pages. I don't want to go through the whole thing.

THE COURT: I've read it.

MR. WISTOW: I know, your Honor, as patient as you are is not going to let me. Take a look at page 71, there is a disc on the application of Cy Pres. They have it, but, you know what, Prospect doesn't agree on its release. So what. What does Prospect have to do with this in the first place on the merits of what happened to the charitable assets of Roger Williams and St. Joseph's? And even if they have something about it, how do you get

them to resist the subpoena by saying the other guy doesn't want me to give you the disc that I have? The response that they have given us actuarial reports for 2014 and 2016. It's on page seven.

What are we talking about? We're talking about a plan that goes back to 1965. I can understand if they said, hey, we don't have any of the documents from '65. They probably should, but I can understand if they don't. To say we're giving you reports from 2014 forward. What is that? They don't have any of the records regarding the actuarial reports before 2014, and then they say Prospect is in possession. Why is Prospect in possession of the actuarial reports? Prospect didn't pick up the pension. They expressly said we don't want any part of it. Why are these guys saying it, not to me now, but to the Court that Prospect has all of these documents?

Then on page 101, this is just random, we ask them for any records they have relating to the allegation they made in paragraph seven of the complaint that they have been informed and believe that this plan will cease to be a church plan on or before December 31, 2018. And indeed, that is given as one of the reasons, if not the reason, for the petition. That says we won't have the money to pay the premium. We don't have the money to satisfy ARISA. I said give me the records related to

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that. You know what the answer is? There are no records. If that is not a staggering statement -- especially, by the way, when they have admitted that there is boxes and boxes and boxes they haven't reviewed. And, yet, they have no problem saying to your Honor there are no records relating to that.

So where do we end up? Here is what I would like to I throw myself on the mercy of the court. Help us I'm not going to ask for sanctions this morning do this. because I don't want sanctions against St. Joseph's I want St. Joseph's Hospital to have as much assets as possible at the end of the day. I will ask that the issue of sanctions be put over until we know what we are going to get and that those sanctions -- I am reluctant to say this because they have gentlemen on the other side, and I ordinarily do not make personal attacks on the lawyers, but I don't feel we have been played with in an honorable way considering, not me, don't be nice to me, but the people who are looking at this plan, 2,800 of I ask that the issue of sanctions be put over.

THE COURT: Thank you, counsel. You may approach the lectern. You may be heard.

MR. LIEBERMAN: Good morning, your Honor. I appreciate the opportunity. Number one, I will only address the issues before the Court. Two, I'll try not

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to vent. If I do, I apologize. Three, everything we told the Court is to the best of our knowledge the truth and it's complete and only the truth. And we are as interested in protecting the beneficiaries as anyone in this courtroom.

THE COURT: I would think so. Because you were the one who came to the court and said you need to take this over.

MR. LIEBERMAN: That's correct, your Honor.

THE COURT: Part of your corporation.

MR. LIEBERMAN: We made no demand that there be a 40 percent reduction. Your Honor will recall at the conference it was discussed between and Mr. Land and others that the Court would appoint the Receiver and the Receiver would recommend what should be done.

THE COURT: I don't want to get into that because that is not my recollection, but please proceed.

MR. LIEBERMAN: Okay. Your Honor, Mr. Wistow suggested somehow we are withholding documents from the Cy Pres. This is Exhibit Number 35, page 73, "All documents, including accounting records relating to transfers or dispositions of assets that are or were the subject of any Cy Pres petition." We advised the Court what documents we had. We bate stamped them. Mr. Wistow is disappointed that we don't have more documents. I am

sorry, Mr. Wistow --

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THE COURT: Reading the papers, they may be in the 37 boxes. We don't know.

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MR. LIEBERMAN: We doubt that very much, but we don't know. What we know, we gave them. We can't create documents. If he's disappointed there are no more,

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7 that's something that can't be helped. As to the no

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records comment about the second subpoena, Mr. Wistow

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referred to our submission to the Court just recently

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absolutely no reference to the second subpoena. For Mr.

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Wistow to say that we said there is no documents

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memorandum we just recently received is in there.

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Number two is we didn't say there is no documents responsive to the second subpoena. There are three

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categories. We only said there are no documents in

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responsive to paragraph number one, and what we said was

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there were no documents relating to communications. We

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didn't said there were no documents comprising communications and that's what we're looking for.

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As to the funds, your Honor, I believe you will

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recall there was discussions how the funds, the \$14

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million, would be paid by Roger Williams with St.

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Joseph's approval. All the funds that Roger Williams had

would eventually be given to St. Joseph's.

THE COURT: You would admit there was an error in your papers. It should have said Roger Williams. Okay. Let move on.

MR. LIEBERMAN: It's not like we were misrepresenting something.

THE COURT: Like I said, let's get to the motion.

MR. LIEBERMAN: Even as much as my request for the Court for delay for this hearing, I have come in very recently in this matter. I will try and get up to speed. With the Christmas holiday, that's why I am requesting the delay and that's the only reason.

THE COURT: You know what, what I heard from today is the attorneys from the beginning that are still the attorneys. Chace Ruttenberg has been involved in the beginning.

MR. LIEBERMAN: And they have, your Honor. There is no document dump, your Honor. We have a vast number of documents.

THE COURT: Help me understand that. We're talking about 37,000 plus pages of documents that what you're saying is we haven't reviewed them yet. We don't want to review them now. We will review them in -- I guess in my request when and I didn't get an answer to that, but, okay. And we haven't reviewed to see what they're

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responsive to. We haven't reviewed for privilege. just want to deliver all the boxes subject to something in the future. Why is that not a document dump?

That's not a document dump. MR. LIEBERMAN: cases talk about document dumps. I have been involved in those types of cases where you invite opposing parties to come to a warehouse with thousands of documents. days are over. We have a thumb drive. We told Mr. Wistow we'll give them a thumb drive with all the documents. He can do a search on that thumb drive. put in the relevant word and he can identify quite readily what documents he wants. You would think with Mr. Wistow's concern about how acting in good faith, withholding documents, delaying, that he would want all the documents and not trust us to identify the responsive documents.

THE COURT: So you're saying it's relatively easy with a thumb drive?

MR. LIEBERMAN: Yes.

So you can do it in what, 48 hours? THE COURT: I'm not sure he can do it that MR. LIEBERMAN: quickly, your Honor, but what I'm suggesting to the Court is he will have all the documents.

I understand that. Fine. So you can THE COURT: give him a thumb drive, but you've got a couple or a few

days, since it's so easy to do, to break it down to the 1 61 categories and tell me what's privileged and what is 2 not. 3 What we suggest is we will give him MR. LIEBERMAN: 4 the thumb drive and within 25 days we will designate 5 documents that are privileged and confidential. 6 I saw a letter from yourself or THE COURT: Attorney Land that talked about that and it's more than 8 the 20 or 25 days right now. Why I was asking Attorney 9 Digou the question, what have you been doing? 10 MR. LIEBERMAN: We have been doing a lot, your 11 We have been doing a great deal. 12 With respect to the first subpoena? THE COURT: 13 MR. LIEBERMAN: With respect to the first subpoena 14 and with respect to the second subpoena. 15 The first subpoena, I understand your THE COURT: 16 position was we should have 40 days. Fine. My concern 17 is what has happened now is 50 some odd days since your 18 production, you need 20, 25 days to review the documents. 19 Why didn't you review them? 2.0 We are constantly, almost on a daily MR. LIEBERMAN: 21 basis, in the process of reviewing documents. 22 THE COURT: When you represented before all you 23 reviewed is what you produced plus not even all the 24 electronic documents. 25

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MR. LIEBERMAN: That review has been going on, your Honor. We didn't have the -- I am uncertain of the dates. I don't want to misrepresent to the Court. We didn't have all the documents scanned until much later than it would appear because it was up with the vendor. When they got finished scanning it, then we turned it over on the thumb drive. It's not like we had them in early November.

I don't believe you were here, but I had THE COURT: a representative from the Attorney General's Office. They expedited the scanning. They got it know what? They have gone through tens of thousands of They have identified privileged. They have documents. identified confidential. I'm just trying to understand, looking at it through your lens, why you have not gone through anything other than those very few documents? You have been through privileged reviews before. that your co-counsel has been through them before. don't have employees so you hire a couple of document review attorneys and you go through it. They have 14 You have four lawyers at your firm. Explain.

MR. LIEBERMAN: First of all, St. Joseph's has no employees, your Honor.

THE COURT: Wait a second. I read that the papers. They have Attorney Land, who is a partner in a firm with

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14 lawyers.

MR. LIEBERMAN: Yes, they have attorneys, but they really don't. It's essentially a paper corporation at this time.

THE COURT: If it's a paper corporation, the easiest thing for me to do is just to take the St. Joseph's Corporation, the paper corporation, merge it into and I'll appoint Del Sesto and give him authority over it.

MR. LIEBERMAN: If your Honor wishes, we can hire a contract lawyer to go through the materials to identify the privilege and confidential. What we were hoping is we would get them in this thumb drive and special counsel would have all the documents. That's what he's seeking, all the documents. He would have them immediately.

THE COURT: What about the fact that Attorney Land on November 8th, November 9th did exactly what he should have done. He made an election and said, I'm going to respond to each of the 61 requests. I'm going to tell them the bate numbers of those requests. Your client put this thing into receivership. Isn't that the most efficient way to do it? Aren't you in a better position to determine based on the categories where these documents belong?

MR. LIEBERMAN: That's what we proposed. After we gave the documents to special counsel --

THE COURT: I guess my question is different. Why isn't it done now?

MR. LIEBERMAN: Because we have been working constantly on reviewing documents and identifying privileged documents, confidential documents.

THE COURT: So you have been doing it?

MR. LIEBERMAN: The documents that we have reviewed, absolutely. We haven't ignored it.

THE COURT: But you haven't touched the 37 boxes because there was the hope the Court would approve your protective order and say just give them all the documents.

MR. LIEBERMAN: No. We would give special counsel all the documents. In view of the cynicism about our conduct, he would be more comfortable getting all the documents rather than relying on us.

THE COURT: I'm talking about what is the normal process as far as the document production, which is you identify and gather the documents, just what I asked, then you have them scanned and bate stamped and then you go through the privilege and confidential review and you turn over what is not privileged or have it stamped confidential. You give them a privilege log and everything other than attorney client, maybe even that at some point. You give a bench copy of all of the

documents in the log to the Court so I can make a decision whether it was done in good faith or not and whether was there is an exception especially on work product of whether there is a need to turn it over. It's not that complicated.

MR. LIEBERMAN: I'm not suggesting it's that complicated. I'm telling you we have been working diligently. We have been operating in good faith.

THE COURT: If I was to say to you today I want you to go through all of the documents, do a review, do a privilege log, mark what you believe in good faith is confidential, and turn it over and I'm saying if you need to hire a document review attorney, you hire them to do it. Because, quite frankly, it's probably going to be an hourly rate that is much less than the partners and associates charge in the firm. How long will it take?

MR. LIEBERMAN: May I just confer?

THE COURT: I want to know is it two days, four days?

MR. LIEBERMAN: Your Honor, I've been educated somewhat. I am told although documents are scanned, apparently, if there are handwritten notations it doesn't show up in the scan. So, therefore, I am advised by my fellow counsel, someone would have to look at each and every page in the boxes to make sure that all the

documents were reviewed and identified. 1 So you need to do a paper review? THE COURT: 2 MR. LIEBERMAN: And I am told it would be about four 3 weeks. 4 THE COURT: Counsel, I will hear from you 5 afterwards. 6 MR. LIEBERMAN: I am told even if we start 7 immediately to retain contractors it's going to take some 8 I am told about three or four weeks to do that. time. 9 I am further educated. The handwritten Excuse me. 10 documents are not text searchable so you couldn't take 11 the thumb drive and be certain that you got or identified 12 documents which had handwritten notations. 13 THE COURT: And it would have been so easy for him 14 to do it. You told me it was on a thumb drive and 15 searchable and now it's not. 16 MR. LIEBERMAN: Right. 17 THE COURT: Okay. You're learning. So you're 18 saying three to four weeks and we're talking about 37 or 19 so boxes. Have they been scanned? 20 MR. LIEBERMAN: Of the boxes, I think, most are 21 scanned. We were advised there were ten more boxes just 22 a few days ago, maybe two or three days ago we were 23 advised there were ten more boxes that are going to be 24 scanned so. 25

THE COURT: I don't know who your vendor is but when the Court said come back in three days to the attorney general with their boxes, miraculously they got them scanned. I would implore you to contact your vendor when you leave and say the Court wants it done.

MR. LIEBERMAN: Absolutely, your Honor, certainly.

THE COURT: So you're saying it's going to take three or four weeks to do a document review, identify privilege, confidential documents, and do a privilege log so it can be served on counsel?

MR. LIEBERMAN: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: Okay. Help me understand these other documents. It sounds like you have them, you don't have them anymore, the Prospect?

MR. LIEBERMAN: The Prospect documents we had pursuant to a contract the right to ask for access to them. When we got the subpoena, we did ask and Prospect agreed and then when the subpoena on Prospect was served on December 4th, Prospect realized it was going to have to produce documents so it took back its documents so it could review those documents to respond to the subpoena. So we no longer have access to Prospect's documents. It seems wasteful and counterproductive --

THE COURT: I looked at least at the paragraph of the asset purchase agreement, you wouldn't dispute that

you still have a right to seek them. You're saying they gave them to you and then they said we want to take them back.

MR. LIEBERMAN: We did ask for them.

THE COURT: I know that, and you took them. And then they said we want them back and somehow you're saying, therefore, they are not under your custody or control anymore. That A.P.A. section goes away because they said they want them back.

MR. LIEBERMAN: They are not in our possession. They are in the control and possession of Prospect.

THE COURT: You have a contractural right to those.

MR. LIEBERMAN: I would suggest to the Court not an unfettered, unlimited right to demand access to documents. When Prospect was served with a subpoena, we would be interfering with their obligation to respond to the subpoena.

THE COURT: You know, Attorney Cavanagh is not here today but he was before the Court and maybe you can talk to him about the process. They did a miraculous job of reviewing 17,000 pages of documents within a very, very short period of time. And what they had done is they scanned them in and they reviewed them. Have you contacted Prospect and how they took boxes and scanned and bate stamped?

MR. LIEBERMAN: I am unaware they scanned them, your Honor. I understood they were going to scan them. That was the last communication I had with them about that. They had taken the boxes and they told us they were going to get them scanned.

THE COURT: When was that?

MR. LIEBERMAN: Excuse me?

THE COURT: When was that?

MR. LIEBERMAN: I don't want to misrepresent to the Court.

THE COURT: Was it November?

MR. LIEBERMAN: No, no. It was after December 15th. It was fairly recently.

THE COURT: Okay. Go ahead. What else?

MR. LIEBERMAN: If I might, your Honor, with the Court's permission, I would like to address the issues before the Court, the motion, and not talk about a claim against St. Joseph's. We're not here to discuss that. And with respect to the procedure and the merits, number one, under our Superior Court rules there is a duty to confer and try to resolve things. When I asked Mr. Wistow's permission to discuss the first subpoena, he said absolutely not. We are only going to discuss the second subpoena. So we didn't have a meet and confer. In addition to that, there is a requirement for the Rule

37 certification, which was not filed with the court, perhaps because Mr. Wistow refuses to talk to me about the first subpoena. So from a procedural matter, the motion is defective and for that reason alone it should be denied.

THE COURT: I understand this was a request for production but under Rule 45 for a subpoena.

MR. LIEBERMAN: This is a Rule 37 requirement, your Honor, not a Rule 45.

THE COURT: I understand that but does that apply to a subpoena?

MR. LIEBERMAN: Absolutely, your Honor. As we mentioned in our brief, this is Professor Kent's treatise and --

THE COURT: Not the Professor Kent. Your reference about you believe they should have done it through a request for production of documents.

MR. LIEBERMAN: I didn't say they should have done it but the way they did it. As Professor Kent and Supreme Court Justice Flanders explained in 45.3 of their treatise, if a party is served with only a subpoena and not a notice of deposition, there wasn't a notice here, then under those circumstances, the procedures set forth in Rule 34 control, not the procedures in Rule 45. The procedure under Rule 34 is a written response has to be

served. We did that. It has to be served within 40 days.

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THE COURT: I understand that, it's your position now after at least the first subpoena responses given in two supplemental responses, and I think you did raise in the second subpoena that this should have been a Rule 34 and there shouldn't have been a subpoena because you, as a petitioner, are a party. Correct?

MR. LIEBERMAN: No, I didn't say that. I said if special counsel wants to avail himself of Rule 45, he can and he can serve a subpoena. If he does that and he doesn't serve a notice of deposition, then the requirements of Rule 34 control.

THE COURT: I guess you were not here for my colloquy on the record when I issued the expanded power to the Receiver in terms of a subpoena; correct?

MR. LIEBERMAN: I read your Honor's order.

THE COURT: I saw that you -- I think this is what the judge meant.

MR. LIEBERMAN: The language of the order is clear. It says that special counsel can serve a subpoena and he did. But your Honor didn't say and I don't understand your Honor to say that you were amending or redoing the Rule 45 and 34 so he exercised his right. He had that power to serve a subpoena without your Honor's order.

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THE COURT: I heard enough. When I issue my decision, I will address that issue.

MR. LIEBERMAN: Okay. So we did respond. In addition, under Rule 34 a party is not required to produce documents within 40 days. The party only has to produce or serve a written response, which we did. So we complied with Rule 34. We did more than comply with Rule 34. We also provided documents. It's not like we tried to evade our responsibility. We went over and beyond the requirements of controlled Rule 34 and provided the documents.

I must say because in the papers of Mr. Wistow I represented to the Court that on December 18th and I was sitting here Mr. Wistow admitted to the Court that he had not read our papers. That was over a month after we produced the documents, he still had not read our papers and told the Court that.

As to the second subpoena, your Honor, and we responded timely to the second subpoena.

THE COURT: Without a privilege log.

MR. LIEBERMAN: We hadn't yet reviewed all the documents. So we were in the process of reviewing those documents and upon completion of the review of those documents to the extent there were any, we would provide them. To the extent there were documents that were

privileged, we are going to withhold those documents and provide a privilege log, your Honor. And Mr. Wistow said that we represented that we didn't have any such documents in the recent submission. We didn't address the second subpoena in the recent submission so we couldn't say and didn't say we didn't have such documents. There were three paragraphs in the second subpoena. The only reference to not having documents was to the first request. The first request has all documents relating to communications.

THE COURT: Where are you at in gathering and reviewing responses for the second subpoena?

MR. LIEBERMAN: May I? Mr. Digou.

THE COURT: I will tell you that I read the responses and I misunderstood because I didn't pick up when you talked about relaying that you weren't talking about all of the documents being requested, so I put it aside and I said, okay, they don't have that. Counsel.

MR. DIGOU: Thank you, your Honor. In that regard that's a very distinctive point to make here relating to communications. It's not, as far as I have been involved, it's not my practice to make a memo of sending an e-mail. So there is not a document relating to an e-mail.

THE COURT: You understand in some circumstances

there are. 1 MR. DIGOU: Right. 2 I understand just that piece you don't THE COURT: 3 have, but what about the others? 4 MR. DIGOU: So we use Outlook as our e-mail server. 5 We have searched, based on dates and parties' names for 6 all e-mails on our Outlook server that relate to the 7 efforts of the first subpoena and there are a number of 8 parties involved in our office internally. efforts have been focused on searching the Outlook 10 e-mails, identifying the e-mails, and reviewing the 11 e-mails. 12 So have you gathered them at this THE COURT: 13 14 point? We have gathered -- I'm still waiting 15 MR. DIGOU: for one custodian. I believe that many of those e-mails 16 have been gathered and reviewed. 17 They have been reviewed as well? THE COURT: 18 That is correct. MR. DIGOU: 19 I understand that there may be THE COURT: 20 privileged and other issues and we can talk about timing. 21 How long do you anticipate until you're ready to respond 22 to the subpoena? The privilege log, that could be done? 23 Well, your Honor, I think that, as the MR. DIGOU: 24 Court just indicated, that depends on the decision on the 25

objections on the merits before a response would need to be made, but, you know, perhaps ten days would be sufficient to produce, you know, assuming that a decision on the merits and the objections and things of that nature.

THE COURT: I'm not talking about the merits. I'm just trying to understand from a timing point of view.

MR. DIGOU: I think ten days would be sufficient.

THE COURT: Thank you. Please continue.

MR. LIEBERMAN: I would like to clarify some points.

Mr. Wistow mentioned in his papers at least and we
discussed briefly today about communications between me
and him and Steve Sheehan. On December 21st it was
suggested, I believe, in Mr. Wistow's papers that I
didn't respond to Mr. Sheehan's protective order. On
December 21st I wrote to Mr. Wistow and copied Mr.
Sheehan. I said Max -- if I may read this part?

THE COURT: Please.

MR. LIEBERMAN: I will read part of it. I would like to ask your cooperation in agreeing to a protective order will provide the confidentiality and preservation of privilege of produced documents. As I mentioned to you and told the Court today, we are prepared to produce very shortly all corporate records and all records to which St. Joseph's has access. We ask only to have

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agreement to such a protective order so we can go forward and produce the documents."

And then Mr. Wistow is absolutely correct. Sheehan then wrote to me on the 22nd and he provided a proposed protective order and I did get back to him that very same day. I try to get back to communications as quickly as I can. And I wrote to Mr. Sheehan copying Mr. "Steve, Our proposal is intended to Wistow on the 22nd. get you the corporate documents reasonably quickly. to St. Joseph's own records, corporate records, we will give you a hard drive. We will not review before giving See below as to protective order." And I go on to say, "As to the protective order, which would apply to all produced documents, but would have a provision dealing with the St. Joseph's corporate records, since we would not have reviewed any before producing these provisions state that the produced non-reviewed corporate The production has not waived St. Joseph's records. right to designate documents as confidential and/or That right could be exercised after privileged. production and the designation made about 25 days after production." So I did respond immediately and explained why.

THE COURT: Actually, when I read your objection until I got your reply, I said, boy, he sent out a

protective order and he didn't even respond. You didn't 1 mention that. 2 I didn't mention that but I did MR. LIEBERMAN: 3 respond. 4 I understand that. I read your THE COURT: 5 I said, boy, we have a problem here. You 6 objection. sent him a protective order and he never responded to 7 You didn't tell me that. MR. LIEBERMAN: I tend not to fill my papers that I 9 submit to the Court with all my communications, but I did 10 respond. 11 THE COURT: I will keep that in mind in future 12 filings. 13 MR. WISTOW: That is also in the reply. 14 THE COURT: That's when I found about it. Okay. 15 Continue. 16 As to the merits of the second MR. LIEBERMAN: 17 subpoena, your Honor, that subpoena delves into work 18 product, attorney client privilege. He wants to know how 19 we will defend the case, what advice I'm giving or 20 counsel has given to the client as to what to do in 21 response to the subpoena. Your Honor, it not only deals 22 with work product and attorney client privilege, but it 23 deals with common interest. The Steward case, despite 24 Mr. Wistow trying to push it aside, and I can understand 25

why he wants to hide from it, but it deals and controls this case. It deals with a very similar transaction, very similar defense with a production of documents, two opinions from the United States District Court of Rhode Island refusing and upholding the objection based upon the common-interest doctrine.

Not only that, Mr. Wistow told the Court, and willfully so, that he's doing an investigation to determine who he may possibly sue to recover funds, and he even told the Court that Prospect as successor to St. Joseph's might be liable for the misdeeds of St. Joseph's. So the common interest is absolutely clear and certain.

THE COURT: I saw in your papers that you won't give them to him, but you said you would bring them to court for an in-camera review. It's the 2013 agreement, I believe?

MR. LIEBERMAN: It's effective as of 2013. With the Court's permission, I will hand it up.

THE COURT: Hand it to the clerk.

THE COURT: You have would to agree that the common-interest privilege has to work its way up basically to a --

MR. LIEBERMAN: Because it's confidential, but when you read it, you'll see that I believe your Honor will

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conclude that it refers to transactions and events that might flow from the transaction. I don't want to in public.

THE COURT: I'm not saying that. What I'm saying is that the common interest alone is not what you're saying. What you're saying is because of the common interest it falls under one of the privileges?

MR. LIEBERMAN: Yes. Absolutely. I'm saying, of course, in communicating with someone we didn't lose the attorney client privilege or the work product doctrine and that's one of the reasons. I don't want to belabor and burden the Court, Your Honor. I won't discuss sanctions, although as we explained in our papers, we don't believe they are justified. I appreciate the Court's time and courtesy. Thank you, your Honor.

THE COURT: Thank you very much.

MR. WISTOW: May I be very brief, your Honor?

THE COURT: Yes, you may.

MR. WISTOW: My failure to "meet and confer" I believe is satisfied by the multitude of correspondence back and forth trying to work this thing out. Now, this business about they have the records from the hospital. They had it physically. They're entitled under the contract. Then they said we subpoenaed Prospect and that everything was off at that point. The simple solution

from Prospect was to simply say make two sets, make two sets and we'll respond. Why would that delay anything? And, by the way, how did this communication back and forth take place. Did Prospect call somebody up? Who called who, by the way? All they have is these vague things, Prospect, St. Joseph's. There are human beings involved here and communications. The second subpoena was intended to ferret out did somebody at Prospect really say give me these things back and when. I think this is all relevant, your Honor.

enormous a quiver as I heard this morning that our subpoena they didn't produce communications because we asked for things relating to communications. So much if there was an e-mail, that was a communication and they are not going to produce it. They are only going to produce stuff that talks about the e-mail. I submit, your Honor, that no lawyer, no matter how much he wants to thread a needle or would ever argue that a request or anything relating to communications doesn't include the communications.

And we also asked, we only picked one thing, we also asked anything that reflects the efforts that were made, which would be the so-called e-mails if they exist. I do submit, your Honor, I'm not interested in his theory of

the case and how he wants to defend it. I'm saying, and I hope your Honor can see, there is not a grounds for being imminently satisfied with their compliance with the first subpoena. When they tell me we're trying, we're trying. We're doing this and doing that. Show me Show me what you did. Why are we so late and we still have nothing? Thank you, your Honor.

THE COURT: Before the Court is the motion to compel by the Special Investigator retained by the Receiver, who was appointed by this Court. St. Joseph's filed objections to the subpoenas themselves and under the rules the Special Investigator filed motions to compel both on subpoena one and subpoena two. I think it's important to start with why we're here in the first place. We are here because St. Joseph's Health Services of Rhode Island, Inc., came to this Court under its powers of equity and asked the Court to take not the whole corporation into a receivership proceeding, but asked the Court to take the retirement, the plan, into a receivership proceeding as far as, in their words, a wind down of the plan itself.

So without getting into the issues today in terms of based on that pattern of the corporation taking an asset of its own and placing it into receivership, whether issues such as privilege or confidentiality even apply

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with respect to the Receiver, the Court will address what's before it. And what's before it is, from what I read and what I have seen, quite disturbing.

First, I want to address the issue raised by St.

Joseph's just in the objection to the first and the second subpoena that the Special Investigator when he issued his subpoenas did not have the ability to issue a subpoena unless it was under a subsection of Rule 45 that St. Joseph's because they were the ones who put this entity into receivership are a party and, therefore, the rules with respect to the production of documents apply.

First, with respect to subpoena one, that has not been raised prior to the objection. St. Joseph's Health Care, Inc., responded to on three occasions the subpoena. There is ample correspondence back and forth about complying with the subpoena, gathering documents, and making copies. Once there was an issue in terms of the speed in which documents were being produced and how they were going to be produced, low and behold St. Joseph's raises a theory that we need to start from the beginning because it wasn't done under the proper rule.

So, first of all, this Court finds that even if it was an issue, St. Joseph's with respect to the first subpoena has waived that argument through it's partial compliance. Number two, and more importantly, this Court

issued an order giving the Receiver and the Special Investigator very broad power to subpoen documents to aid in its investigation in this matter. Certainly, St. Joseph's Health Services of Rhode Island, Inc., probably more than anyone else, because they put in to receivership, understands that it is the duty of the Receiver to investigate claims that they're making against third parties to bring additional assets into the estate. Based upon the filing by the petitioner in this case, St. Joseph's, they have suggested to the Court that it may be appropriate for the Court to make a decision in terms of a reduction of benefits.

expanded subpoena power to the Receiver and the Special Investigator. It was meant as an expedited discovery device to allow very quickly for information to come in. The Court has the authority to do this. The Court rejects any argument that this was not intended to apply to the petitioner, St. Joseph's, who asked the Court for its own equitable jurisdiction to put this plan into receivership. In fact, in this Court's opinion, St. Joseph's should have been the first one that along with the petition would have handed over thumb drives or documents to the Receiver about St. Joseph's, anything that had anything to do with the retirement plan, no

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matter how far back it goes that they had in their possession, their custody, or their control.

So what do we have at this point? Because now it's not 14 days in the original subpoena, it's not a month, it's not two months. We are getting very close to three months at this point, or, actually, about 80 days since the subpoena has been served. And what the Court has been told today is that there are a certain number of documents that were reviewed for privilege that were produced in production on November 8th, November 9th, and I believe it was December 12th. The only substantive number in terms of production was on the 8th of November. I think we had 19 pages on each of the other days. the Court asked the question and the Court did not get a real understanding or a good response which is what have you been doing for 50 some odd days. You have the 37 or so boxes of documents, According to Attorney Land's letters that are exhibits, they were sent over for scanning. Many of them, except for ten boxes, have been scanned at this point and absolutely no effort has been made to review those documents for privilege, confidentiality, and determination in terms of which of the 61 categories they are responsive to. As far as the electronic records, about 7,000 pages, some review has There is about 1,400 pages that have not occurred.

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occurred and the petitioner is in the process of going through those records.

Let's put aside the Prospect records for a second. The Court, through looking at the correspondence in this case and the arguments by counsel, is that counsel for the petitioner was counting on the fact that this Court would require a protective order be entered that would allow them to hand over 44,000 pages of documents, both the corporate records as well as the electronic, to the Special Investigator and say, here you go. You figure out what is responsive. You go ahead and look at it even if it's privileged, even if it's attorney client privilege, but we have a right to come to you at some point in the future and say we claim a privilege. not talking about inadvertent disclosure here, which the rules cover. We're talking about a conscious decision not to make the review, not to put things into categories and especially from the petitioner would ask this Court's equitable jurisdiction. That is completely unacceptable.

As I heard yesterday during the snow, as I watched television in Foxborough, there is the old quote, "Do your job," and do your job is you have a subpoena, you have the petitioner who put these people into receivership, go through the documents, identify what is responsive, identify what you're going to assert

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privilege on, be that attorney client, be that work product or other, produce the documents to the Special Investigator, produce a privilege log to the Special Investigator, and produce to this Court a privilege log with a binder of the documents that are not attorney client privileged that relate to other privileges so the Court can review them and make a decision if asked to by the Special Investigator. Do your job.

The Attorney General is sending me a weekly status report, is doing what they need to do. Prospect has reviewed 17,000 pages of documents and after that came to the Court with a request for confidentiality of 300 and some of. They have done it. The Diocese, after a motion practice has come to an agreement with the Special Investigator is giving weekly status reports and has gone through tens of thousands of pages of documents. You've got to understand my frustration. The only one who hasn't done so is the petitioner. You are going to do it and you have two weeks.

With respect to the other documents, which is the Prospect records, if St. Joseph's as the petitioner believes because they were granted access and they were taken back by Prospect, they still have these documents under their control under the asset purchase agreement. If Prospect will not provide you with a copy of the

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documents within a very short period of time - I am going to ask for an update one week from today - St. Joseph's, the petitioner, shall bring a motion before this Court on an emergency basis with notice to Prospect and this Court after hearing may be inclined to compel Prospect to turn over full copies of the documents if they have them.

Now, you can work with the Special Investigator when you get them, how the certification is working, and how they are going to be produced, but it just doesn't end with they have all the documents and they said we want them back. That is not an answer.

There were a lot of things in the papers in terms of the objection. "There wasn't enough time." Well, I understand that after 14 days. I don't understand that after almost 80 days. "The subpoena was overbroad in some areas." I read the documents that the Special Investigator produced. There has been some discussion in terms of scope, but I also understand that the Receiver and the Special Investigator are tasked with finding out what happened to this plan and what potential claims can be brought against third parties. And it is relevant and appropriate in this case that if St. Joseph's Health Services of Rhode Island, Inc., has records, even if they go back to the 1960s, that those be produced to the Special Investigator. "St. Joseph's, the petitioner,

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does not have employees and, therefore, they were not able to get the documents together and do a production in the past 80 days." As we talked about before, this is about marshaling documents, reviewing them, and producing them by category. It is true that for almost three and a half years St. Joseph's, at least the papers that are before the Court, even in the papers filed by St. Joseph's with the petition have known that this was an orphaned plan with no funds coming in after a \$14 million contribution and that there was absolutely no way that it was going to meet its obligations to the plan participants under the new plan.

So I understand that there are no employees of St.

Joseph's, but there is an agent that is documented in the agreement, Attorney Land, there is at least a board member who is authorized to take action. Between the two firms representing St. Joseph's at this point there is a total of approximately 17 attorneys, not including support staff. And like I mentioned before, what is commonly in these cases because of costs and expense is to hire document review attorneys to go through the documents to assist in large-scale production. In fact, there is another case before this Court now dealing with well over a hundred thousand documents that deal with some of the same firms I have before me today and it was

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done in a much shorter period of time than the 80 days that have gone past so far.

So as a result the Court grants the motion to compel by the Special Master. The Court reserves on the application for sanctions. And if the Special Investigator does want to put that on before the Court, the Court will hear argument from the parties. And, also, it may very well be necessary under the guidance from our Supreme Court to have an evidentiary hearing to make a determination. Right now we have a lot of allegations and some documents and certainly we will go to the next step. I hesitate to do so because based on the Cy Pres and some of the other issues, some of the assets, if not, more may eventually be making it to the pensioners as part of the plan. I don't know. last thing I want to do is go through a process where the Court issues sanctions and it's coming out of the pocket of the pensioners. What that leaves the Court to do is to possibly assess sanctions that are extremely serious in terms of which party. So the Court is going to hold off.

With respect to the second subpoena, and when I read that, this is my words, not Attorney Wistow or Attorney Lieberman, this is about frustration in terms of compliance, this is what are you doing, let's move the

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football. And the Court wants St. Joseph's, the petitioner, to spend all their time and effort at this point over the next two weeks in completing the production. What this Court is going to do is schedule a conference for 15 -- actually, it will be a Friday, so that following Monday, to hear from both sides and then we will have an on-the-record conference whether compliance has been completed with the first subpoena, whether there are any issues and the Court will also address at that point the motion to compel with respect to the subpoena. So the Court is reserving on the second subpoena motion to compel and it is not issuing a decision at this point and that is specifically so we can get compliance with the first subpoena.

In terms of advising the Court, the Court over the next two weeks, so we're talking about four or so updates, and this can be by e-mail, every 72 hours this Courts want an e-mail from the parties advising in terms of where we are on the document review and production. The Court is available to the parties at any point during the next two weeks should there be issues that either party needs more clarification.

Attorney Lieberman, I am fully aware that you have only been in this case for two weeks. I am also fully aware of your reputation in cases you've handled with the

firm you've been with. I am fully confident that you will be able to pull the resources together to get this done so we can move this case on to the next stage. I am going to ask Attorney Wistow today to prepare an order to enter. I am going to ask him to e-mail it to the co-counsel or the petitioner and the Court is prepared to enter the order as early as the end of today. If counsel for the petitioner does not agree with the language of the order, counsel should also submit to the Court a competing order. This way if not tonight certainly over the weekend the Court can determine the appropriate order to enter in this case. Thank you very much.

MR. LIEBERMAN: If you would just clarify for me what day is the conference date? I apologize.

THE COURT: No problem. Madam Clerk, we are the 5th today?

THE CLERK: Yes, Judge.

THE COURT: So the Monday after the 19th.

THE CLERK: January 22nd.

THE COURT: January 22nd at 9:30 a.m.

MR. LIEBERMAN: Thank you very much, your Honor.

MR. WISTOW: At the risk of overreaching, I understand about the privilege log. We will take the position that it's too late to claim a privilege.

THE COURT: I absolutely understand. Let me deal

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